City of Wilsonville, Oregon

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024



Cover Photo Taken by Amanda Harmon, winner of the Let's Talk, Wilsonville! 2023 Best of Wilsonville photo contest.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON

ANNUAL

COMPREHENSIVE

FINANCIAL

REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Prepared by the Finance Department of the City of Wilsonville This page intentionally left blank.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2024

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal	9
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	
List of Officials	
Organizational Chart	

FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report	19
Management's Discussion and Analysis	23
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	42
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
to the Statement of Net Position	45
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	46
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	48
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	52
Statement of Cash Flows	53
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	57
Required Supplementary Information:	
Required Supplementary Other Postemployment Benefit Plans Information	87
Required Supplementary Pension Information	88
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	89
Transit Fund	
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	91
Other Supplementary Information:	
Combining Statements - Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheets:	
Governmental Funds	-
Special Revenue Funds	
Capital Project Funds	
Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances:	
Governmental Funds	
Special Revenue Funds	
Capital Project Funds	

Other Supplementary Information (continued)	
Budgetary Comparisons:	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	
Governmental Funds:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Building Inspection	109
Community Development	110
Road Operating	111
Road Maintenance Regulatory	112
Urban Renewal Wilsonville Investment Now Program Income	
Debt Service Funds:	
Urban Renewal Debt Service:	
West Side Plan Debt Service	114
Coffee Creek Plan Debt Service	115
Capital Project Funds:	
Facilities Capital Projects	116
Streets Capital Projects	
Parks Capital Projects	
Streets Development Charges	
Washington County Transportation Development Tax	
Frog Pond West	
Parks Development Charges	
Urban Renewal – Year 2000 Plan:	
Capital Projects	
Program Income	
Urban Renewal – West Side Plan:	
Capital Projects	125
Program Income	
Urban Renewal – Coffee Creek Plan:	
Capital Projects	127
Proprietary Funds:	
Water Operating	131
Water Capital Projects	
Water Development Charges	
Water Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP	
Sewer Operating	
Course Consisted Durate at a	
Sewer Capital Projects Sewer Development Charges	
Sewer Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP	
Stormwater Operating	
Stormwater Operating Stormwater Capital Projects	
Stormwater Development Charges	
Stormwater Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP	
Street Lighting	
Street Lighting Street Lighting Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP	
Reconciliation of Budgetary Fund Balances to GAAP Basis - Net Position	145
	110
Fleet Fund	146

STATISTICAL SECTION

Net Position by Component	
Changes in Net Position	
Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
Program Revenues by Function	
General Governmental Revenues – Taxes, Licenses and Permits Breakdown	
Assessed Value of Property	
Consolidated Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments	
Principal Taxpayers	
Property Tax Levies and Collections	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net	
General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita	
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt	
to Total General Governmental Expenditures	
Computation of Legal Debt Margin	
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt – Governmental Activities	
Revenue Bond Coverage	
Sewer Fund	
Water Fund	
Demographic Statistics	
Top Fifteen Water System Customers	
Principal Employers	
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	
Operating Indicators by Function	
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulation	s 185
--	-------

This page intentionally left blank.

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- Letter of Transmittal
- Certificate of Achievement
- List of Officials
- City of Wilsonville Organizational Chart



December 23, 2024

Mayor Julie Fitzgerald, City Councilors and Citizens of the City of Wilsonville, Oregon

In accordance with ORS 297.425, we are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Wilsonville, Oregon (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

This report presents the financial position of the City as of June 30, 2024, and the results of its operations and cash flows for its proprietary fund types for the year then ended. The financial statements and supporting schedules have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) in the United States of America and meet the requirements of the standards as prescribed by the Secretary of State. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City.

The accuracy of the City's financial statements and the completeness and fairness of their presentation is the responsibility of City management. The City maintains a system of internal accounting controls designed to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss or unauthorized use and that the financial records can be relied upon to produce financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of maintaining the system of internal accounting controls should not exceed benefits likely to be derived.

The City's annual financial statements are a culmination of on-going monitoring of revenues and expenditures to ensure the City's financial policies are met, including those policies that state monthly and quarterly financial reports will be provided to management, any operating deficits will be immediately corrected, and that investments are managed according to the stated objectives set forth. Monthly financial reports are provided internally, while quarterly reports are posted to the City's website for review by the City Council, Budget Committee members and the public. The City did not experience any operating deficits during the fiscal year.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A is located immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

For financial reporting purposes, the City is a primary government. Its governing Council is elected by the citizens in a general election. This report includes all organizations and activities for which the elected officials exercise financial control. The City has one blended component unit governmental entity, the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of Wilsonville. The financial statements of that entity are included in this report. The City interacts or contracts with various other governmental entities, but is not financially accountable for those entities.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of a Mayor and four Council members. The City Council is responsible for passing ordinances, resolutions, adopting the budget, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney among other things. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Council, managing the day-to-day government operations, and appointing department heads. The Mayor and Council members are non-partisan and serve a four-year term. These terms are staggered with a new Mayor and two new Councilor elected in November 2024 and beginning their terms in January 2025.

The City prepares an annual budget in accordance with the policies and priorities set forth in the City's Comprehensive Plan, City Council Goals, the needs of the community, and federal and state laws. Oregon local budget law is set out in Oregon Revised Statutes 294.305 to 294.565. The City's budget is presented by fund. Budgetary control is at the department level or at the major object category if only one department exists in a fund. Ongoing review and monitoring of revenues and expenditures is performed by the Finance Department and the appropriate operating departments.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City of Wilsonville is located along Interstate 5, approximately mid-way between the State's largest city, Portland, and the State capital, Salem. The City is located in two counties – on the western edge of Clackamas County and southeastern edge of Washington County. Under Oregon law, each of the state's cities and metropolitan areas has created an urban growth boundary around its perimeter. The City of Wilsonville is included as part of the Portland metropolitan area's urban growth boundary. The region, while diverse in nature, is particularly strong in the high-tech industry. Timber production and agriculture dominate economic activities outside of the urban area. The Portland area has an international airport and port facilities for ocean going vessels. The major economic activity of Salem is government, being the State capital and the county seat for Marion County.

In general, as the national economy goes so too does it go locally. In 2024, the U.S. economy experienced moderate growth, with GDP expanding at a slower pace due to higher interest rates and ongoing inflationary pressures. In Oregon, the economy benefits from strong sectors like technology, renewable energy, and agriculture, with the state seeing growth in green jobs and tech startups. However, rising housing costs throughout all Oregon and particularly in the Portland metro area, put a strain the economy.

In the year ahead, Oregon's economy is expected to continue grow at a moderate pace, facing challenges like higher interest rates, inflation, and ongoing labor shortages in sectors such as tech, healthcare, and construction. Housing costs, particularly in Portland, will remain high, putting pressure on affordability. However, the state is well-positioned to benefit from growth in green energy and tech industries, as well as strong agricultural exports. Consumer spending may moderate due to higher living costs, but sectors like tourism and hospitality should see continued demand. Overall, Oregon's economy will experience slower growth, balancing opportunities in innovation with challenges in housing and workforce availability.

Politically, the Wilsonville City Council has a long continuity of vision promoting strategic economic development, investing in infrastructure, promoting affordable housing, and planning for long-term growth. This effective leadership should continue to bolster the City's economic resiliency. Geographically, the City has outstanding transportation accessibility and networks linking its citizens to the greater Portland area and to Salem. The City itself is home to its own dynamic, growing, and diversified economy. It has a diversified mix of businesses includes established international and large regional employers. In addition, the City has a large base of small businesses, in a wide range of industries and economic sectors.

For example, Wilsonville is home to a number of high-tech businesses and is perfectly situated for warehouse and distribution centers as the southern gateway into the Portland metropolitan area along the Interstate 5 (I-5) corridor. High-tech companies such as Siemens, Collins Aerospace, and Flir Surveillance maintain a large presence in the City. Three other large companies, SYSCO, Coca-Cola Bottling Co. of the Northwest, and Columbia Distributing, have selected Wilsonville for regional warehouse, bottling, and distribution centers, respectively.

As can be seen in the table below that lists the top ten employers in the City, it is not dependent upon any one company for economic vitality. Currently, an estimated 17,102 people are employed at locations throughout the City. Table 1 on the next page presents the top ten employers in the City.

TABLE 1 TEN LARGEST EMPLOYERS

		20	023-24		
Employer	Type of Business	Number of Employees	Percentage of total City employment*		
Siemens Mentor Graphics Corporation	CAD software systems	1,014	5.9%		
Coca Cola Bottling Company	Bottling & distribution center	613	3.6%		
Collins Aerospace	Aerospace technology	527	3.1%		
Sysco Food Services of Portland Inc.	Warehouse & distribution center	499	2.9%		
Columbia Distributing	Warehouse & distribution center	400	2.3%		
Costco Wholesale	Wholesale retail	329	1.9%		
TE Connectivity	Consumer electronics company	299	1.7%		
Twist Bioscience Corporation	Synthetic biology company	282	1.6%		
Fred Meyer	Grocer	247	1.4%		
Energy Storage Systems Inc.	Energy storage technology	247	1.4%		
		4,457	26.1%		

*Total employment for FY 2023-24 was 17,102 Source: City of Wilsonville, Business Licenses

Another factor of Wilsonville's economic vitality is that of population growth. Over the past ten years, Wilsonville's population growth rate has generally been greater than the State of Oregon's growth rates. The City's population has increased approximately 23% in that time frame, compared to the population growth state-wide, at approximately 7%. Table 2 presents population growth for the City, Clackamas County, and the State.

TABLE 2 POPULATION ESTIMATES (at July 1)

	City of	Percent	Clackamas	Percent	State of	Percent
Year	Wilsonville	Change	County	Change	Oregon	Change
2014-15	21,980	2.00%	391,525	1.41%	3,962,710	1.11%
2015-16	22,870	4.05%	397,385	1.50%	4,013,845	1.29%
2016-17	23,740	3.80%	404,980	1.91%	4,076,350	1.56%
2017-18	24,315	2.42%	413,000	1.98%	4,141,000	1.59%
2018-19	25,250	3.85%	419,425	1.56%	4,195,300	1.31%
2019-20	26,684	5.68%	421,542	0.50%	4,236,615	0.98%
2020-21	26,793	0.41%	419,673	-0.44%	4,216,137	-0.48%
2021-22	26,828	0.13%	421,641	0.47%	4,230,711	0.35%
2022-23	26,822	-0.02%	424,245	0.62%	4,246,688	0.38%
2023-24	27,048	0.84%	426,500	0.53%	4,259,132	0.29%

Source: Population Research Center at Portland State University. Percent change is relative to the preceding year.

As a reflection of its desirability as a place to live and work, Wilsonville continues to experience a healthy degree of real estate development. The City anticipates continued expansion in residential, commercial, and industrial developments. This optimism is based on numerous factors: First, the City is strategically located along the south metro I-5 corridor and has in its boundaries some of the last major tracts of vacant land within the southern portion of the urban growth boundary. Second, the City has a sustainable long-term water supply and a multi-barrier water treatment plant. Third, the City has completed a major upgrade and expansion of its wastewater treatment plant. Fourth, the City places an emphasis on long range planning and preparing for growth. For example, a concept plan encompassing land use, transportation, parks, open space and infrastructure for three new neighborhoods in East Wilsonville (Frog Pond) was completed and development has begun. When Frog Pond's planned 1,932 homes are added to today's housing inventory, the City's housing mix will change from its current 55% multifamily/townhouse

and 45% single family to 47% multi-family/townhouse and 53% single family (not including other development or redevelopment that is likely to occur).

In fact long range planning is also underway in other areas of the City including in the northwest part for the Basalt Creek and Coffee Creek areas. The Basalt Creek Planning Area consists of 847 acres located in Washington County between the Cities of Tualatin and Wilsonville. The Basalt Creek Planning Area is expected to accommodate about 1,200 new housing units and 2,300 new jobs (mostly industrial, with some service jobs and few retail jobs). The Coffee Creek Urban Renewal area consists of 258.35 acres also in North Wilsonville. The Coffee Creek Urban Renewal plan was adopted in 2016 and seeks development of a new employment center for approximately 1,800 jobs at build-out. New development is expected to serve general industrial, warehouse, flex, and research and development (R&D) functions.

The City is expected to maintain a healthy growth rate for the foreseeable future, as home construction continues in many areas of the City. However, any growth in real market value not does not affect the amount of property taxes the City receives; instead, property tax revenue is based on assessed value. Measure 50, passed in the 1990s, separated real market value from assessed value, and limited the growth of a property's assessed value to 3% unless development occurs or other improvements are made. The assessed valuation within City limits has grown each year over the last ten years by an average of 6.4%. Therefore, even though real market values declined during the recession, total assessed valuation within the city did not. In recent years, new construction has added to the assessed valuation. These factors point to a relatively stable base of valuation within Wilsonville's city limits.

The table below compares the real market value of Clackamas County to the City, and compares the real market value of the City to the assessed value. It is important to note that the majority of the City is within Clackamas County, but a small piece of the City is within Washington County.

	Clackama	s County	City of Wi	City of Wilsonville				
	Real	Percent	Real	Percent	Assessed	Percent		
Year	Market	Change	Market	Change	Value	Change		
2014-15	51,015	11.1%	3,488	13.2%	2,972	7.8%		
2015-16	56,348	10.5%	3,887	11.4%	3,173	6.7%		
2016-17	63,521	12.7%	4,393	13.0%	3,403	7.3%		
2017-18	69,873	10.0%	4,942	12.5%	3,623	6.5%		
2018-19	76,424	9.4%	5,432	9.9%	3,789	4.6%		
2019-20	81,908	7.2%	5,859	7.9%	4,002	5.6%		
2020-21	86,018	5.0%	6,148	4.9%	4,167	4.1%		
2021-22	94,267	9.6%	6,629	7.8%	4,398	5.5%		
2022-23	110,650	17.4%	7,659	15.5%	4,556	3.6%		
2023-24	117,356	6.1%	8,196	7.0%	5,119	12.4%		

TABLE 3 REAL MARKET AND ASSESSED VALUES

(in millions)

The City of Wilsonville expects to continue on a sound financial path by staying on course with its strategic planning, community partnerships, and solid financial stewardship. The City Council adopted an Economic Development Strategy in April of 2013 that continues to provide the framework and vision for future economic growth in the City. The plan was developed and vetted by an ad hoc Economic Development Strategy Task Force comprised of the business community, residents, City boards, Wilsonville Chamber of Commerce, West-Linn Wilsonville School District, Oregon Institute of Technology, Clackamas County Community College, and The Tualatin Valley Fire District. These proactive, strategic actions, along with continued financial stewardship, will position the City for future growth and development.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

As with any growing community, the City will continue to have an ongoing need for new or expanded streets, sewer systems, transportation alternatives, public safety measures, and cultural and recreation opportunities. Service levels are set and planned for in a manner in which costs are not allowed to exceed revenue. The City actively engages in

financial planning through an annual five-year forecast process, its yearly budgetary process, and the creation of master plans for infrastructure improvements and expansions to transportation, water, sewer, stormwater and parks.

Major financial decisions are made in the context of the five-year forecast. The financial planning tool has two components; a five-year financial forecast for each operating fund and five year forecast of capital project needs. The goal of the operating fund forecast is to assess the City's ability over the next five years to continue to effectively provide current service levels based on projected growth, meet goals set by Council, preserve the City's long-term fiscal health, and to ensure financial reserve levels specified in the financial policies are maintained. Capital project needs are based upon master plans, development agreements, input from applicable Commissions and Committees and Council directed improvements. The forecast serves as a tool to identify financial trends, potential shortfalls, and emerging issues so the City can proactively address them.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Wilsonville for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a state and local government financial report. This was the 27th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conform to program standards. The ACFR must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was a combined effort of the dedicated staff in the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. We also acknowledge the efforts of other departments who provided information that helped to make the report far more than a presentation of financial statements.

In closing, we acknowledge the City Council of the City of Wilsonville for their continued support and leadership.

Sincerely,

Buck how

Bryan Cosgrove City Manager

Kin Kitk

Keith Katko Finance Director

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Wilsonville Oregon

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON

List of Officials June 30, 2024

<u>Name</u>	Position	Term Expires
Julie Fitzgerald	Mayor	December 31, 2024
Kristin Akervall	Council President	December 31, 2024
Joann Linville	Councilor	December 31, 2024
Caroline Berry	Councilor	December 31, 2026
Katie Dunwell	Councilor	December 31, 2026

The above officials may receive mail at the address below

Principal Officials

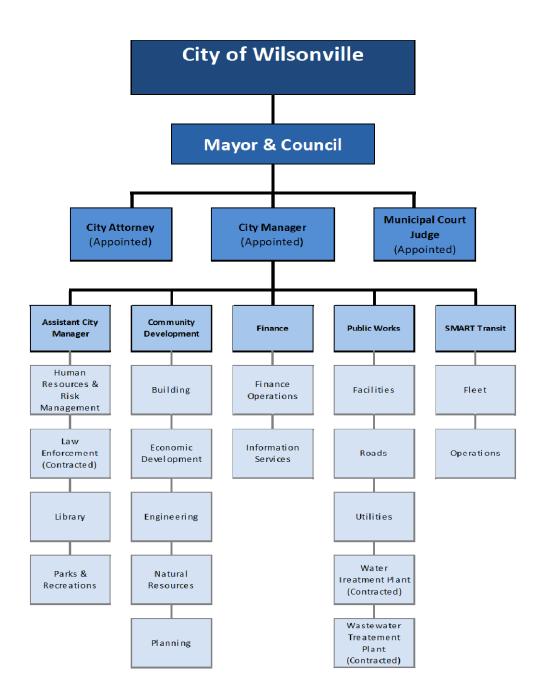
Bryan Cosgrove	City Manager
Amanda Guile-Hinman	City Attorney
Keith Katko	Finance Director
Kimberly Veliz	City Recorder

Mailing Address

29799 SW Town Center Loop, East Wilsonville, OR 97070-0220

www.ci.wilsonville.or.us

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Organizational Chart



FINANCIAL SECTION

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information
- Budgetary Comparisons
- Other Financial Schedules



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and the City Manager City of Wilsonville Wilsonville, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wilsonville, Oregon (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wilsonville, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information (except as mentioned in the following paragraph) because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget and actual as required supplementary information, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information Included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

Management is responsible for the other information included in the ACFR. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated December 23, 2024, on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Ryan T. Pasquarella, Principal For REDW LLC Salem, Oregon December 23, 2024

This page intentionally left blank.

As management of the City of Wilsonville, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Wilsonville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the letter of transmittal at the front of this report and with the City's basic financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$607.6 million (net position). Of this amount, \$96.5 million represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the City's obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's net position increased \$15.8 million in governmental activities and \$5.9 million in business type activities for a total increase of \$21.7 million.
- The City's total debt outstanding decreased \$7.9 million during the current fiscal year. This decrease is due to a combination of annual principal payments, plus additional prepayments.
- For its governmental activities, the City received \$24.2 million in tax revenue, an decrease of approximately \$4.4 million over the prior year. General purpose property taxes comprised of \$11.4 million. Property taxes collected for debt, exclusively for urban renewal in the current year, was comprised of \$2.1 million. Other tax revenue was approximately \$10.7 million.
- For its business-type activities, the City recognized \$32.7 million in program revenue including \$22.8 million in charges for services and \$9.9 million in capital grants and contributions.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds report a combined fund balance of \$88.9 million, an decrease of \$17.0 million over the prior fiscal year. Of the total fund balance reported, \$74.2 million is considered nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The remaining \$14.7 million is available for spending at the government's discretion. Within the business-type activities, \$14.1 million is set aside for future construction and equipment replacement programs.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Wilsonville's basic financial statements. The City of Wilsonville's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, combining statements and budgetary schedules which follow the financial section. Additionally, there are a variety of statistical tables and special reports as required by Oregon law.

Government-wide Financial Statements (full accrual). The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Wilsonville's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Wilsonville's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Wilsonville is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City of Wilsonville's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Wilsonville that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Wilsonville include general government, public safety, transportation, public works, culture and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City of Wilsonville include sewer, water, stormwater, and street lighting.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Wilsonville itself (known as the primary government), but also a legal separate urban renewal agency. The urban renewal agency, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City of Wilsonville, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 37-39 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Wilsonville, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Wilsonville can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

• **Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual, which focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. The government funds statements provide a detailed short-term view to cash, the governmental fund operations and the basic services it provides. These statements may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and that which is reported in the governmental funds.

The City maintains 20 individual governmental funds as of June 30, 2024, including those of the urban renewal component unit. Six of these funds (General Fund, Transit Fund, Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan Capital Projects Fund, Urban Renewal Year West Side Plan Debt Service Fund, Facilities Capital Projects Fund, and Street Capital Projects Fund) are considered to be major funds and reported separately in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The remaining governmental funds are aggregated into a single column presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major funds is provided in the combining statements elsewhere in this report. The City adopts an annual budget for all its funds. Budgetary comparisons schedules are provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

• **Proprietary funds**. The City of Wilsonville maintains two different types of business activity funds – enterprise funds and an internal service fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City's enterprise funds charge fees to customers to help cover the costs of certain services provided. The City's water, sewer, stormwater and street lighting systems are reported as enterprise funds. The City's Fleet Fund is reported as an internal service fund, in which the principal operating revenues are from other organizational units within the City.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the City's financial statements. The notes begin on page 57.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

Net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position especially when viewed over multiple periods of time. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$607.6 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This is a \$21.7 million increase (3.7%) in net position over prior year's \$585.9 million. The following table reflects a summary of Net Position compared to the prior fiscal year.

	Governmental Activities					Business-ty	pe Acti	vities	To	tal Primary	Gove	nment
	2024			2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
Assets												
Current and other assets	\$	105.7	\$	115.9	\$	73.9	\$	78.4	\$	179.7	\$	194.3
Capital assets		318.7		289.7		196.0		188.9		514.6		478.6
Total assets		424.4		405.6		269.9		267.3		694.3		672.9
Deferred Outflows of Resources												
Pension outflow		6.9		8.2		0.4		0.5		7.3		8.7
OPEB outflow		0.1		0.2		-		-		0.1		0.2
Total deferred outflow of resources		7.0		8.4		0.4		0.5		7.4		8.9
Liabilities												
Current liabilities		16.6		10.2		7.7		7.7		24.3		17.9
Noncurrent liabilities		23.3		25.5		32.0		35.2		55.3		60.7
Total liabilities		39.9		35.7		39.7		42.9		79.6		78.6
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Pension inflow		2.4		4.9		0.1		0.3		2.5		5.2
OPEB inflow		0.1		0.2		-		-		0.1		0.2
Deferred charge on refunding		-		-		0.2		0.3		0.2		0.3
Lease inflow		-		-		11.6		11.7		11.6		11.7
Total deferred inflow of resources		2.5		5.1		12.0		12.3		14.5		17.4
Net position												
Net investment in												
capital assets		302.7		269.6		169.1		166.5		471.8		436.1
Restricted		25.1		32.2		14.2		17.0		39.3		49.2
Unrestricted		61.2		71.4		35.3		29.2		96.5		100.6
Total net position	\$	389.0	\$	373.2	\$	218.6	\$	212.7	\$	607.6	\$	585.9

TABLE 1 - NET POSITION - AS OF JUNE 30, 2024 (in millions)

The City's \$607.6 million net position consists of three parts. The largest portion of the City's net position, at \$471.8 million (77.6% of the total), is invested in capital assets (e.g. land, building, equipment and streets) and reported net of related outstanding debt. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; thus, they do not represent resources available for future spending.

Restricted net position totals \$39.3 million (or 6.5% of total net position) and represents cash and investments that are legally restricted for capital expansion or debt service.

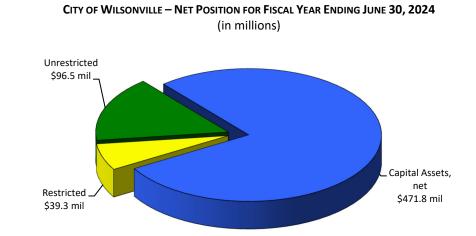
The remaining \$96.5 million (or 15.9%) is unrestricted and is available for meeting the City's ongoing obligations. The City's net pension liability increased to \$17.2 million. The overall change in unrestricted net position is a decrease of \$4.1 million.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

CHART 1



The following chart displays the three components of net position at fiscal year-end.

Statement of Activities

As indicated in Table 2 below, total net position of the City increased by \$21.7 million, which is a decrease of \$28.9 million from the prior year change in net position of \$50.6 million. Descriptions of significant activities follow the table below.

TABLE 2 - STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2024 (in millions)

			(monsj									
			overnmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total Primary G				
	2024		2023			2024		2023		2024		2023	
Revenues													
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	6.6	\$	6.6	\$	22.8	\$	20.5	\$	29.4	\$	27.1	
Operating grants and contributions		10.2		10.6		-		-		10.2		10.6	
Capital grants and contributions		9.8		13.8		9.9		19.9		19.7		33.7	
General revenues:													
Property taxes		13.5		17.8		-		-		13.5		17.8	
Franchise, transit, hotel tax		10.7		10.8		-		-		10.7		10.8	
Interest		5.2		3.0		3.2		1.9		8.4		4.9	
Other		0.9		0.9		0.3		0.3		1.2		1.2	
Total revenues		56.9	_	63.4		36.2	_	42.6	_	93.1		106.0	
Expenses													
Governmental activities:													
General government		8.1		6.2		-		-		8.1		6.2	
Public safety		6.3		6.0		-		-		6.3		6.0	
Transportation		9.6		7.6		-		-		9.6		7.6	
Public works		7.7		6.5		-		-		7.7		6.5	
Culture and recreation		7.9		6.6		-		-		7.9		6.6	
Community development		3.4		3.7		-		-		3.4		3.7	
Interest on long-term debt		0.3		0.4		-		-		0.3		0.4	
Business-type activities:													
Water		-		-		9.0		7.7		9.0		7.7	
Sewer		-		-		8.8		7.3		8.8		7.3	
Stormwater		-		-		9.9		3.0		9.9		3.0	
Street lighting		-		-		0.5		0.4		0.5		0.4	
Total expenses		43.2		37.0		28.2		18.4		71.4		55.4	
Increase in net position before transfers		13.7		26.4		8.0		24.2		21.7		50.6	
Transfers		2.1		10.5		(2.1)		(10.5)		-		-	
Change in net position		15.8		36.9		5.9		13.7		21.7		50.6	
Beginning net position		373.2		336.3		212.7		199.0		585.9		535.3	
Ending net position	\$	389.0	\$	373.2	\$	218.6	\$	212.7	\$	607.6	\$	585.9	

Governmental activities – The total increase in net position for governmental activities is \$15.8 million, which is a decrease of \$21.1 million over the prior year change in net position. The change is comprised of the following variances:

- Charges for services remained consistent over prior year, with the activity made up of a decrease in community development by \$0.2 million offset by an increase in public works activities of \$0.2 million. General government activities also decreased \$0.1 million while offset by proportionate increases in public safety, and culture and recreation.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased 3.8% (\$0.4 million), which included a \$1.4 million increase in public works, an \$0.8 million increase in Transportation, and a \$0.2 million increase in culture and recreation, offset by a \$2.8 million decrease in general government.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased 29% (\$4.0 million) over prior year consisting primarily of decreased developer contributions of \$1.4 million, decreased grants of \$4.0 million which were partially offset by an increase in construction permits of \$1.4 million, and increased system development charges of \$0.2 million.
- General revenues decreased 6.8% (\$2.2 million) over prior year with property tax revenue down \$4.3 million due to the closure of the West Side district, franchise, transit, and hotel taxes down \$0.1 million, investment revenue up \$2.2 million, and other revenues remaining consistent.
- Total governmental activity expense increased 16.8% in the current year (\$6.2 million), the activities with the largest increases were transportation of \$2.0 million, general government of \$1.9 million, culture and recreation of \$1.3 million and public works of \$1.2 million. Public safety also increased \$0.3 million. These were partially offset by decreases in community development down \$0.3 million, and interest on long-term debt down \$0.1 million.

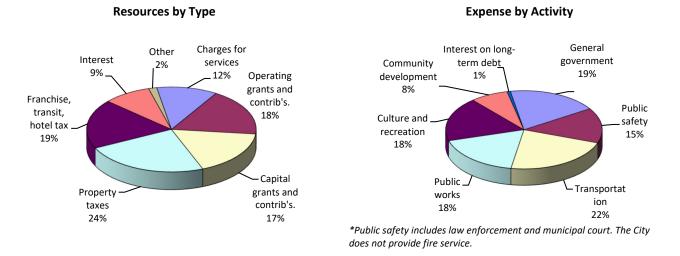


CHART 2 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REVENUES AND EXPENSES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2024

Business-type activities – Business-type activities generated a \$5.9 million increase to the City's total net position, which is \$7.8 million less than prior year's change. Financial highlights include:

- Total revenue across all funds decreased \$6.4 million. While charges for services observed a \$2.3 million increase, there was a \$10.0 million decrease in capital grants and contributions from developers, and investment revenue also increased \$1.3 million.
- Total expenses across all funds increased \$9.8 million, consisting of an increase of \$1.3 million from water fund activities, an increase of \$1.5 million from sewer fund activities, and an increase of \$6.9 million in stormwater activities, and street lighting activities increased \$0.1 million.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

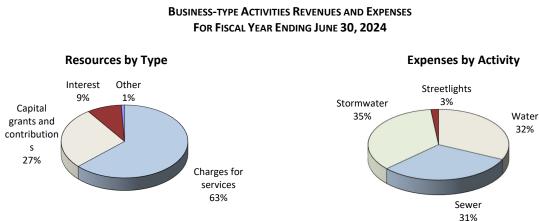


CHART 3

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City financing requirements. Fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$88.9 million, a decrease of \$17.0 million over the prior year. Approximately, 16.6% (\$14.7 million) of the ending fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, with remaining amounts either assigned (\$42.6 million), committed (\$6.7 million), restricted (\$24.8 million), or in a non-spendable form (\$0.1 million). Assigned amounts are intended for specific purposes as expressed by the City. Restricted amounts are constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), while committed amounts are constrained to specific purposes by the City itself. The City's six major government funds are analyzed below.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund for the City. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$14.7 million, while total fund balance reached \$22.8 million. Total fund expenditures exceeded fund revenues and interfund transfers by \$0.1 million. Intergovernmental revenues decreased \$2.9 million with \$1.9 million of this decrease earmarked for Transit Oriented Development in the prior year, an increase in property tax revenues of \$1.4 million due to increased property valuations also contributed to this change. Fund revenues were down 3.1% over prior year while expenditures increased 13.6%. Net other financing sources (uses) was responsible for a decrease of \$5.2 million of the total change in fund balance, which is tied to overhead for departments as well as capital improvement projects. These variances in the General Fund's performance are discussed in detail on the following pages.

The Transit Fund records the activity of the City's bus system and transportation alternatives programs. The primary resource is a payroll tax on local businesses which provided revenues of \$6.0 million which is down \$0.2 million from the prior year. This payroll tax is based on two variables; wages or self-employment earnings, and the number of employees working within the City. Both have increased year after year with significant growth in local area wages, reflected in the CPI as a regional average and magnified in the context of tech oriented multi-national companies which pay a significant portion of the transit tax. Intergovernmental revenues decreased by \$0.9 million to \$4.7 million, with the total consisting primarily of State Transportation Improvement Fund (STIF) revenue. Fund expenditures were up \$1.2 million, of which \$0.9 million was an increase in capital outlay. The capital outlay was for the purchase of buses as well as bus stop upgrades, and are both tied to the usage of grant revenues. The ending fund balance closed the year at \$21.1 million, an increase of \$3.4 million over the prior year.

The Year 2000 Capital Projects Fund accounts for the construction or reconstruction of capital projects related to the Year 2000's Urban Renewal District. Capital expenditures totaled \$13.4 million in the current year, an \$8.7 million increase from the prior year. The ending fund balance closed the year at \$1.5 million, versus the prior year ending fund balance amount of \$14.2 million, which is restricted for the remainder of the Boeckman Bridge Project.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

The West Side Debt Service Fund accounts for the debt service of the Westside's Urban Renewal District. The primary revenue source is from the property revenue generated from incremental assessed value within the district and provided \$0.5 million dollars in revenue which was \$4.6 million less than the prior year. These revenues combined with beginning fund balance were utilized to pay off all remaining debt outstanding of \$4.1 million. The ending fund balance was zero at year end.

The Facilities Capital Projects Fund accounts for the construction or reconstruction of capital projects related to city facilities. Capital expenditures totaled \$10.0 million in the current year, an decrease of \$5.2 million over prior year. This increase is primarily due to the end of construction on the Public Works Complex project in the prior year. The ending fund balance closed the year at \$0.2 million, versus the prior year ending fund balance amount of \$5.8 million which is restricted for future capital projects.

The Streets Capital Projects Fund accounts for the construction or reconstruction of capital projects related to transportation. Capital expenditures totaled \$9.1 million in the current year, an increase of \$2.3 million over prior year. This increase is primarily due to construction on Boeckman Road in the current year. The ending fund balance closed the year at \$2.8 million, which is \$1.3 million more than the prior year ending fund balance amount of \$1.5 million.

Proprietary Funds

The Water Fund ended the year with a \$9.2 million increase in net position. Operating revenues exceeded operating expenses by \$7.7 million which is \$5.6 million higher than the prior year. This change consists of an increase of \$1.2 million in operating revenues and an increase of \$0.4 million in operating expenditures. Capital contributions totaling \$6.9 million in addition to net non-operating expense of \$0.7 million, offset by transfers out of \$1.2 million, was responsible for the other activity. The fund ended the fiscal year with a \$101.4 million net position, with \$21.3 million of that amount unrestricted and the remaining balance restricted for, or invested (net) in, capital assets.

The Sewer Fund ended the year with a \$1.4 million increase in net position. Operating revenues exceeded operating expenses by \$1.0 million. Capital contributions totaling \$1.4 million, net transfers in of \$0.4 million and net transfers out of \$0.6 million, were responsible for the remaining portion. Non-operating expenses include interest expense of \$0.3 million, offset by an increase in investment revenue of \$0.8 million. The fund ended the fiscal year with a \$64.0 million net position, with \$10.4 million of that amount unrestricted and the remaining balance restricted for, or invested (net) in, capital assets.

The Stormwater Fund ended the year with a \$4.9 million decrease in net position. Operating revenues exceeded operating expenses by \$0.4 million. Capital contributions totaling \$1.7 million were offset by transfers out of \$0.7 million. Non-operating expenses include interest expense of \$0.1 million, and the disposition of capital assets of \$6.6 million mostly comprised of construction in progress balances that did not qualify for capitalization. The fund ended the fiscal year with a \$45.9 million net position, with \$2.8 million of that amount unrestricted and the remaining balance restricted for, or invested (net) in, capital assets.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original budget compared to final budget:

The original budget of the General Fund was amended three times during fiscal year 2023-2024. Final budgeted expenditure amounts across all General Fund programs differ from the original budget by supplemental appropriations of \$139,000 or 0.5%, with amounts funded through contingency. The major changes in these appropriations are as follows:

- Materials & services increased a total of \$101,823 which was primarily for increases to Information Services, Public Works Administration for utilities related to the PW Complex, and Parks Maintenance for remediation of a sinkhole in Villebois.
- Transfers out to other funds was increased by \$3,364,889 to reflect funding contributions for the following capital improvement projects; Frog Pond/Advance Road Master Planning, Tree Mitigation, Boones Ferry Master Plan, Urban Forest Climate Resilience, and other miscellaneous projects.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Final budget compared to actual results:

General Fund actual revenues, excluding other financing sources, totaled \$22.9 million and exceeded budgeted revenue amounts by \$2.3 million, or 11.0%. Property taxes comprise 49.0% of revenues and are generated from a permanent tax rate of \$2.5206 per \$1,000 of assessed value. Year-to-year property tax increases reflect annual increases from assessed values (subject to limitations) as well as new residential and commercial properties added to the tax rolls. Transfers in from other funds into the General Fund underperformed budgeted expectations by \$0.2 million.

General Fund actual expenditures, excluding other financing uses and budgeted contingency, came in under budget by \$7.1 million. Personnel related expenditures incurred a positive budgetary variance of \$0.6 million resulting from benefit savings and unfilled positions. Materials and service related expenditures incurred a positive budgetary variance of \$1.6 million, with notable budget savings generated in the Law Enforcement program of \$0.5 million, as well as the Administration, Information Systems, and Public Works Admin programs of \$0.2 million each. Transfers out to other funds incurred a positive budget variance of \$4.8 million. Capital improvement projects that are funded by the General Fund through these transfers came in under budget or were not completed as scheduled.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At year-end, the City had \$514.6 million in capital assets compared to \$478.6 million in the prior year. Of that total, infrastructure is the largest component of both governmental and business-type activities. Infrastructure includes road improvements, sidewalks, stormwater systems, sewer lines, and water lines. Within governmental activities, the second largest component is land for buildings, parks, and roadways. Within business-type activities, the second largest component is for water and wastewater treatment plants. Additional information about the City's capital assets and depreciation can be found in the Notes beginning on page 67.

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023	
Land	\$	94.2	\$	94.2	\$	1.8	\$	1.8	\$	96.0	\$	96.0
Artwork		0.6		0.6		-		-		0.6		0.6
Easements		14.2		13.7		18.9		18.7		33.1		32.4
Construction in progress		79.4		53.4		43.0		37.8		122.4		91.2
Buildings and improvements		14.4		14.7		21.3		22.4		35.7		37.1
Land improvements		6.3		6.9		21.3		21.8		27.6		28.7
Machinery and equipment		7.0		7.3		8.3		7.0		15.3		14.3
Infrastructure		102.5		98.9		81.3		79.4		183.8		178.3
Total	\$	318.7	\$	289.7	\$	196.0	\$	188.9	\$	514.6	\$	478.6

TABLE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS NET OF DEPRECIATION, AT FISCAL YEAR END JUNE 30, 2024 (in millions)

Significant capital asset activity for governmental and business-type activities for the current fiscal year includes:

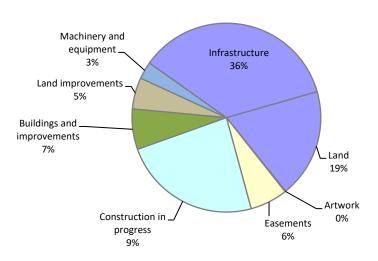
Governmental activities

• Various contributed land, easements, sidewalks and road improvements \$1.7 million

Business-type activities

• Various contributed land, easements, sewer, water, and stormwater lines \$2.7 million





DEBT OUTSTANDING

During the current fiscal year all scheduled debt payments were met. At year-end, the City had \$41.4 million in debt outstanding compared to \$49.2 million in the prior year. Of this balance, \$3.8 million is due on amortizing debt within one year. The table below reflects the outstanding debt at June 30, 2024. Additional information can be found in the Notes beginning on page 70.

TABLE 4 - OUTSTANDING DEBT AT FISCAL YEAR-END JUNE 30, 2024							
(in millions)							

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	2024 2023		2023	2024		2023		2024		2023		
Full faith and credit bonds: Revenue backed Tax increment bonds	\$	4.0 3.0	\$	4.2 7.3	\$	34.4 -	\$	37.7 -	\$	38.4 3.0	\$	41.9 7.3
Total	\$	7.0	\$	11.5	\$	34.4	\$	37.7	\$	41.4	\$	49.2

Governmental activities outstanding debt decreased \$7.8 million during the current fiscal year in combination due to making annual principal payments, and paying off the balance of two loans. Of the total governmental activity debt, \$4.0 million is backed by the full faith and credit of the City related to the new Public Works Complex project, and \$3.0 million is tax increment debt related to the City's urban renewal districts. All of the City's debt is privately placed and has not been rated.

Business-type activities outstanding debt decreased \$3.3 million during the current fiscal year due to making annual principal payments. Outstanding business-type debt of \$34.4 million includes \$17.4 million related to the City's Waste Water Treatment Plant rehabilitation project, \$6.5 million related to the Water Treatment Plant expansion project, and \$10.6 million related to the Public Works Complex project.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City of Wilsonville is in a strong financial position and continues to grow and expand its infrastructure. The fiscal year 2024-25 budget was approved by the City Council on May 15, 2024 in the total amount of \$257.8 million, including \$61.3 million in ending fund balances, \$57.6 million in interfund transfers, and \$4.9 million in debt service. Also included is the City's operating budget of \$62.4 million and a capital budget of \$64.8 million. The City's Urban Renewal Agency (a blended component unit) was approved for a total amount of \$9.6 million, including \$5.4 million in ending fund balances, \$2.1 million of capital projects budget and \$0.8 million in debt service. The combined budgets reflect that the City is growing and is dedicated to investing in its infrastructure while ensuring that it is able to maintain high quality services to the public. The following economic factors were considered in developing the fiscal year 2024-25 budget.

Property taxes are a prime resource for the General Fund. The City's permanent tax rate is \$2.5206 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. Taxes from the permanent rate are recorded in the General Fund as discretionary revenues to support General Fund programs such as Law Enforcement, Municipal Court, Library, and Parks and Recreation. Fire service is provided by Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue, which is a separate special district. The State of Oregon does not have a sales tax; thus the City is not subject to swings in revenue during periods of economic volatility related to consumer spending. Nor is the City's General Fund dependent upon income taxes as a resource, thus it is not directly affected by the volatility in employment rates.

Property taxes are derived by applying property tax rates to assessed value. Both property tax rates and growth in assessed valuations are limited by two important state-wide, voter approved measures that passed in the 1990s. The first is referred to as Measure 5 and introduced a limit on property tax rates. For the General Government category of tax rates, the limit is \$10 per \$1,000 of real market value. The second is referred to as Measure 50 and resulted in limiting the growth of assessed valuation to 3% per year, and fixed property tax rates permanently. One consequence of Measure 50 is separating a property's assessed value from its market value for taxing purposes. While the market value of a property can be volatile, the assessed value is limited by the state constitution to a 3% growth rate. Because market values within the City of Wilsonville have largely remained above assessed values, property tax revenue has remained stable.

Franchise fees and privilege taxes are the second largest revenue source for the General Fund and have proven to be largely stable. These fees are charged to various utility companies for use of public right-of-way based upon a percentage of net sales within city limits. Over the past few years, a positive trend has been noticed in franchise tax revenue. The increase in franchise taxes is due primarily to continued growth in the economy and population within the City.

Intergovernmental revenues originate from state and county shared revenues. The state shared revenues include alcoholic beverage and cigarette excise taxes, and others. The revenues are allocated by various formulas but utilize a per capita rate. Increases in next year's budget reflect the continued growth in population.

Compared to the prior year, the City has seen a more moderate level of growth with regards to commercial and residential development. Revenues earned by the inspection and permit fees for the Building Fund are restricted by state statute; however, activity reflects growth in the community that will eventually be reflected in the assessed value of the tax rolls and increased utility revenues.

The City's public transit system is funded by a payroll tax paid by Wilsonville businesses and is based on total payroll or self-employment income. Payroll taxes continue to increase as the local economy grows with new businesses relocating to the City. Transit taxes are anticipated at approximately \$6.2 million in the next budget year.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Utility rates are reviewed regularly and adjusted by the City Council when necessary to ensure charges are sufficient to finance all related operating, capital outlay, debt service expenses, and operating reserves, as such:

- Water rates will remain constant for fiscal year 2024-25, with no additional increases scheduled.
- Sewer rates will remain constant for fiscal year 2024-25. There is a sewer system rate update underway, with a sewer collection system master plan scheduled for 2025-26.
- Stormwater rates will remain constant for fiscal year 2024-25, with no additional increases scheduled.
- Street lighting rates have been held steady for many years, last adjusted in July 1998, and have provided a stable financing source adequate to cover related operating and capital needs.
- Road maintenance fees are subject to increase November 1st of each year based on the Engineering News-Record Seattle Construction Cost Index.

Uncertainties about future economic changes and financial impacts are common to all cities. To deal with the swings in the economy and to plan for future capital expansion, the City routinely puts aside resources. The General Fund has secured \$2.3 million in assigned balances with a designated purpose in the next budget year.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the City's Finance Director at 29799 SW Town Center Loop E, Wilsonville, Oregon 97070, or via email to <u>katko@ci.wilsonville.or.us</u>. Financial information for current and prior years is also available at <u>www.ci.wilsonville.or.us</u>.

This page intentionally left blank.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page intentionally left blank.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:	÷ 70,700,440	4 42 050 200	6 447 CF2 420
Cash and investments	\$ 73,702,140	\$ 43,950,280	\$ 117,652,420
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles) Internal balances	3,971,645 510,000	3,545,273	7,516,918
Inventories	510,000	(510,000) 41,354	41,354
Prepaids	- 100,447	41,554	100,447
Total current assets	78,284,232	47,026,907	125,311,139
Noncurrent assets:	70,204,232	47,020,507	123,311,133
Restricted cash and investments	27,158,326	14,171,990	41,330,316
Notes receivable	-	386	386
Lease receivable	-	11,598,260	11,598,260
Investment in joint ventures	-	1,098,421	1,098,421
Net OPEB asset	297,653	17,874	315,527
Capital assets:			,
Land, non-depreciable assets, and construction in progress Buildings, improvements, and other capital assets	188,496,447	63,762,000	252,258,447
(net of accumulated depreciation)	130,192,391	132,191,263	262,383,654
Total noncurrent assets	346,144,817	222,840,194	568,985,011
Total assets	424,429,049	269,867,101	694,296,150
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension outflow	6,891,798	413,854	7,305,652
OPEB outflow	139,094	8,353	147,447
Total deferred outflow of resources	7,030,892	422,207	7,453,099
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	11,339,536	3,730,381	15,069,917
Other accrued liabilities	2,715,344	196,750	2,912,094
Deposits	679,797	29,720	709,517
Unearned revenue	153,351	201,873	355,224
Interest payable	22,803	113,465	136,268
Compensated absences	1,277,963	52,585	1,330,548
Long-term debt due or payable within one year	450,255	3,371,720	3,821,975
Total current liabilities	16,639,049	7,696,494	24,335,543
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Net pension liability	16,183,620	971,832	17,155,452
Total OPEB liability	569,266	34,185	603,451
Long-term debt due or payable after one year	6,517,478	31,016,150	37,533,628
Total noncurrent liabilities	23,270,364	32,022,167	55,292,531
Total liabilities	39,909,413	39,718,661	79,628,074
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension inflow	2 200 772	1/2 507	2 522 270
OPEB inflow	2,389,772 126,723	143,507 7,610	2,533,279 134,333
Deferred charge on refunding	120,723	236,494	236,494
Lease inflow	-	11,598,260	11,598,260
Total deferred inflow of resources	2,516,495	11,985,871	14,502,366
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	302,739,355	169,093,163	471,832,518
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	22,233,988	14,142,270	36,376,258
Debt service	243,953	-	243,953
STIF	1,847,650	-	1,847,650
Cable television equipment	434,015	-	434,015
OPEB	297,653	17,874	315,527
Unrestricted	61,237,419	35,331,469	96,568,888
Total net position	\$ 389,034,033	\$ 218,584,776	\$ 607,618,809

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Program Revenues									
				Charges		Operating		Capital			
				for	C	Grants and	Grants and				
Functions/Programs	Expenses		_	Services	Co	ontributions	Contributions				
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	8,095,352	\$	849,602	\$	125,237	\$	-			
Public safety		6,290,469		262,660		-		-			
Transportation		9,567,272		15,876		4,038,415		994,603			
Public works		7,718,512		2,703,028		4,057,208		8,221,777			
Culture and recreation		7,884,560		337,806		1,991,712		596,609			
Community development		3,412,990		2,415,501		-		-			
Interest on long-term debt		261,996		-		-		-			
Total governmental activities		43,231,151		6,584,473		10,212,572		9,812,989			
Business-type activities:											
Water		9,038,519		10,560,506		-		6,852,635			
Sewer		8,753,480		8,098,815		-		1,358,988			
Stormwater		9,864,042		3,556,427		-		1,655,590			
Street lighting		490,759		565,714		-		74,000			
Total business-type activities		28,146,800		22,781,462		-		9,941,213			
Total government	\$	71,377,951	\$	29,365,935	\$	10,212,572	\$	19,754,202			

General revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service Franchise, transit and hotel taxes Investment revenue Other revenues Subtotal general revenues Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position Net position - beginning Net position - ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Continued on next page

Statement of Activities (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	N	let (Exj	pense) Revenue and	d	
		Chan	ges in Net Position		
G	overnmental	B	usiness-Type		
	Activities		Activities		Total
\$	(7,120,513)	\$	-	\$	(7,120,513)
	(6,027,809)		-		(6,027,809)
	(4,518,378)		-		(4,518,378)
	7,263,501		-		7,263,501
	(4,958,433)		-		(4,958,433)
	(997,489)		-		(997,489)
	(261,996)		-		(261,996)
	(16,621,117)		-		(16,621,117)
	-		8,374,622		8,374,622
	-		704,323		704,323
	-		(4,652,025)		(4,652,025)
	-		148,955		148,955
	-		4,575,875		4,575,875
	(16,621,117)		4,575,875		(12,045,242)
	11,357,678		-		11,357,678
	2,119,370		-		2,119,370
	10,650,984		-		10,650,984
	5,242,194		3,173,638		8,415,832
	943,224		285,001		1,228,225
	30,313,450		3,458,639		33,772,089
	2,120,821		(2,120,821)		-
	32,434,271		1,337,818		33,772,089
	15,813,154		5,913,693		21,726,847
	373,220,879		212,671,083		585,891,962
\$	389,034,033	\$	218,584,776	\$	607,618,809

39

This page intentionally left blank.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major Governmental Funds

Funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets, or liabilities (excluding extraordinary items) are at least 10 percent of corresponding totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least 5 percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds for the same item. Additional funds may be reported as a major fund if the City's officials believe that fund is particularly important to financial statement users.

General Fund

Accounts for the financial operations of the City not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, licenses and permits, state and county shared revenue, and charges for administrative services from other funds. Primarv expenditures are for culture and recreation. general government. and police protection.

Transit Fund

Accounts for payroll taxes collected from the local business community and used to fund the City's mass transit program.

Urban Renewal - Year 2000 Plan Capital Projects

Accounts for acquisition, construction, and improvements within the district that are financed from the issuance of debt and interest earnings.

Urban Renewal - West Side Plan Debt Service Fund

Accounts for the collection of tax increment (property tax) revenues and the payment of principal and interest on outstanding debt associated with the West Side Urban Renewal District.

Facilities Capital Projects Fund

Accounts for acquisition and development and redevelopment of public facilities. Improvements are paid from grants, interfund transfers, and issuance of debt.

Streets Capital Projects Fund

Accounts for the construction or reconstruction of streets, sidewalks, and bike-paths, that are paid from issuance of debt, system development charges, grants, and interest earnings.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2024

					-	ital Projects
		C		-		oan Renewal
ASSETS		General		Transit	Yea	ar 2000 Plan
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	23,254,496	\$	17,730,126	Ś	7,009,068
Restricted cash and investments	Ş	23,234,496 544,206	Ş	1,847,650	Ş	7,009,008
Receivables:		544,200		1,647,050		-
Interest receivable		165,221		151 074		47 561
Accounts receivable		870,396		151,074 1,602,913		47,561
Taxes receivable		332,067		1,002,913		
Prepaids		100,447		_		
Advances to other funds		510,000		_		_
Total assets	Ś	25,776,833	\$	21,331,763	\$	7,056,629
	<u> </u>	23,770,000	Ŷ	21,001,700	<u> </u>	7,000,020
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	1,618,381	\$	126,231	\$	5,040,199
Other accrued liabilities		971,672		68,853		562,311
Deposits		6,545		-		-
Unearned revenue		136,667		-		-
Total liabilities		2,733,265		195,084		5,602,510
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		253,980		-		-
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		100,447		-		-
Restricted		537,661		1,847,650		-
Committed		3,642,200		1,650,000		-
Assigned		3,800,000		17,639,029		1,454,119
Unassigned		14,709,280		-		-
Total fund balances		22,789,588		21,136,679		1,454,119
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	Ş	25,776,833	Ş	21,331,763	Ş	7,056,629

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Continued on next page

Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet (continued)

June 30, 2024

Urk	Debt ServiceFacilitiesUrban RenewalCapitalWest Side PlanProjects		 Streets Capital Projects	G	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental		
\$	-	\$	1,022,547	\$ 2,193,977	\$	21,033,772	\$	72,243,986
	1,003,520		228,463	2,774,504		20,759,983		27,158,326
	8,060		8,489	33,699		277,421		691,525
	-		-	82,265		338,671		2,894,245
	10,980		-	-	-			376,111
	-		-	-		-		100,447
	-		-	-		-		510,000
\$	1,022,560	\$	1,259,499	\$ 5,084,445	\$	42,442,911	\$	103,974,640
\$	1,022,560 - - 1,022,560 -	\$	475,973 555,063 - - 1,031,036	\$ 1,981,480 330,780 - - 2,312,260 -	\$	1,037,058 209,592 673,252 16,684 1,936,586 27,132	\$	11,301,882 2,698,271 679,797 153,351 14,833,301 281,112
	- - - - - -		228,463 - - - 228,463	 2,772,185 - - 2,772,185		- 19,373,647 1,392,700 19,712,846 - 40,479,193		100,447 24,759,606 6,684,900 42,605,994 14,709,280 88,860,227
\$	1,022,560	\$	1,259,499	\$ 5,084,445	\$	42,442,911	\$	103,974,640

This page intentionally left blank.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 88,860,227
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore	
are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation.	317,902,584
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:	
Net other post employment benefits (OPEB) asset	284,161
Property taxes earned but unavailable	281,112
Deferred outflows of resources	6,712,190
Accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period	
and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(1,192,763)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management	
to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included	
in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	1,572,980
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore	
are not reported in the funds:	
Net pension liability	(15,450,035)
Net other post employment benefits (OPEB) liability	(543,462)
Notes and bonds	(6,967,733)
Interest on long-term debt	(22,803)
Deferred inflows of resources	(2,402,425)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 389,034,033

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the year ended June 30, 2024

				oital Projects Dan Renewal
	 General	Transit	Yea	ar 2000 Plan
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 15,871,543	\$ 5,989,921	\$	-
Intergovernmental	4,421,599	4,697,197		-
Licenses and permits	146,467	-		-
Charges for services	483,165	15,876		-
System development charges	-	-		-
Fines and forfeitures	164,038	-		-
Investment revenue	1,271,807	886,776		602,006
Other revenues	 508,236	 19,568		-
Total revenues	 22,866,855	11,609,338		602,006
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
General government	3,347,665	541,152		-
Public safety	6,259,210	-		-
Transportation	-	6,531,548		-
Public works	1,207,901	131,100		-
Culture and recreation	6,734,741	-		-
Community development	-	-		216,218
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-		-
Interest	1,551	-		-
Capital outlay	 213,207	 921,804		13,162,214
Total expenditures	 17,764,275	8,125,604		13,378,432
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	 5,102,580	3,483,734		(12,776,426)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Interagency loan proceeds	-	-		-
Interagency transfers in	-	-		-
Interagency transfers out	-	-		-
Transfers in	418,220	-		-
Transfers out	(5,636,780)	(61,422)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (5,218,560)	 (61,422)		-
Net change in fund balance	(115,980)	3,422,312		(12,776,426)
Fund balances - beginning	 22,905,568	 17,714,367		14,230,545
Fund balances - ending	\$ 22,789,588	\$ 21,136,679	\$	1,454,119

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Continued on next page

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Urba	bt Service an Renewal st Side Plan		Facilities Capital Projects		Streets Capital Projects	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	534,438	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,623,809	\$	24,019,711
•	, -	·	-	·	504,429	•	2,164,256		11,787,481
	-		-		-		5,589,285		5,735,752
	-		-		-		3,292,703		3,791,744
	-		-		-		3,714,883		3,714,883
	-		-		-		-		164,038
	109,354		123,903		122,228		2,060,593		5,176,667
	-		2,832		70,000		19,991		620,627
	643,792		126,735		696,657		18,465,520		55,010,903
	-		12,262		297,580		1,846,549		6,045,208
	-		-		-		-		6,259,210
	-		-		-		-		6,531,548
	-		-	-			1,534,033		2,873,034
	-		-		-		-		6,734,741
	-		38,262		709,673		3,298,490		4,262,643
	4,110,000		-		-		938,704		5,048,704
	77,519		-		-		196,361		275,431
	-		10,025,100		9,147,662		3,171,726		36,641,713
	4,187,519		10,075,624		10,154,915		10,985,863		74,672,232
	(3,543,727)		(9,948,889)		(9,458,258)		7,479,657		(19,661,329)
	-		-		-		500,000		500,000
	-		-		25,000		-		25,000
	-		-		-		(25,000)		(25,000)
	-		4,379,318		10,692,258		4,027,680		19,517,476
	-		-		-		(11,696,053)		(17,394,255)
	-		4,379,318		10,717,258		(7,193,373)		2,623,221
	(3,543,727)		(5,569,571)		1,259,000		286,284		(17,038,108)
	3,543,727		5,798,034		1,513,185		40,192,909		105,898,335
\$	-	\$	228,463	\$	2,772,185	\$	40,479,193	\$	88,860,227

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ (17,038,108)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,		
in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over		
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in		
the current period.		
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 36,641,713	
Less current year depreciation	 (5,942,387)	30,699,326
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital		
assets is to increase (decrease) net position as follows:		
Contributions from outside parties	1,675,865	
Capitalized overhead costs	1,400,402	
Cost of capital assets sold, disposed or adjusted	 (4,818,001)	(1,741,734)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Change in unavailable revenue - property taxes		108,321
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental		
funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the		
Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an		
expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces		
long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. This is the		
amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds.		
Principal payments		4,548,704
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require		
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported		
as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Interest		13,435
Compensated absences		(143,524)
OPEB expense		19,498
Pension expense		(661,218)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs		
of fleet management to individual funds. The net revenue of certain		
activities of the internal service fund is reported with governmental		
activities.		8,453
		 15 012 454
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 15,813,154

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Proprietary Funds

The City of Wilsonville utilizes five Proprietary Funds made up of four Enterprise Funds and one Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are entirely or predominantly self-supported through user charges to external customers. City funds are used to account for acquisition, operation, and maintenance of water, sewer, stormwater facilities, and streetlights. Funds included are:

- Water
- Sewer
- Stormwater
- Street Lighting

For budgetary purposes (see budget schedules in the Other Supplemental Information section), the Water, Sewer, and Stormwater funds are accounted for in the following separate funds:

• Water

Water Operating Water Capital Projects Water Development Charges

• Sewer

Sewer Operating Sewer Capital Projects Sewer Development Charges

• Stormwater

Stormwater Operating Stormwater Capital Projects Stormwater Development Charges

For generally accepted accounting principles purposes, these aforementioned funds and the Street Lighting Fund are consolidated and included as four separate Enterprise Funds.

Internal Service Fund - This fund accounts for those activities and services furnished internally to other organizational units within the City on a cost reimbursement basis. Charges are made to the various departments to support these activities. The City's sole internal service fund is:

• Fleet

This page intentionally left blank.

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

		Business-ty	pe Activities - Ente	erprise Funds		Governmental Activities	
						Fleet Internal	
	Water	Sewer	Stormwater	Street Lighting	Totals	Service Fund	
ASSETS							
Current assets:	¢ 22.052.050	ć 12 250 710	ć C 450 417	ć 1 202 107	ć 42.050.200	ć 1 450 154	
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 22,852,950	\$ 13,250,716	\$ 6,453,417	\$ 1,393,197	\$ 43,950,280	\$ 1,458,154	
Interest receivable	221,074	99,306	69,087	9,454	398,921	9,764	
Utility customers	167,766	251,431	129,070	22,405	570,672	-	
Other receivables	2,483,780	91,900	-	-	2,575,680	-	
Inventories	41,354	-	-	-	41,354	-	
Total current assets	25,766,924	13,693,353	6,651,574	1,425,056	47,536,907	1,467,918	
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted cash and investments	9,045,186	1,391,179	3,735,625	-	14,171,990	-	
Notes receivable	386	-	-	-	386	-	
Lease receivable	11,598,260	-	-	-	11,598,260	-	
Investment in joint ventures	1,098,421	-	-	-	1,098,421	-	
Net OPEB Asset - RHIA	6,816	6,015	5,043	-	17,874	13,492	
Capital assets, net	78,867,465	71,153,959	40,149,420	5,782,419	195,953,263	786,254	
Total noncurrent assets	100,616,534	72,551,153	43,890,088	5,782,419	222,840,194	799,746	
Total assets	126,383,458	86,244,506	50,541,662	7,207,475	270,377,101	2,267,664	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension outflow	157,820	139,270	116,764	-	413,854	312,397	
OPEB outflow	3,186	2,811	2,356	-	8,353	6,305	
Total deferred outflows	161,006	142,081	119,120		422,207	318,702	
	101,000	142,001	113,120		422,207	510,702	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	2,103,837	1,398,368	199,340	28,836	3,730,381	37,654	
Accrued compensated absences	27,270	8,351	16,964	-	52,585	85,200	
Other accrued liabilities	24,373	116,221	56,156	-	196,750	17,073	
Unearned revenue	190,964	99	5	10,805	201,873	-	
Advances from other funds	- 29,720	-	510,000	-	510,000	-	
Deposits Interest payable	68,862	- 31,202	- 13,401	-	29,720 113,465	-	
Bonded debt - current	568,480	2,562,320	240,920	-		-	
Total current liabilities	3,013,506	4,116,561	1,036,786	39,641	3,371,720 8,206,494	139,927	
Noncurrent liabilities:	3,013,300	4,110,301	1,030,780	55,041	8,200,494	135,527	
Total OPEB liability - CIS	13,036	11,504	9,645	-	34,185	25,804	
Net pension liability	370,601	327,041	274,190	-	971,832	733,585	
Bonded debt - noncurrent	10,059,000	17,608,620	3,348,530	-	31,016,150	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,442,637	17,947,165	3,632,365	-	32,022,167	759,389	
Total liabilities	13,456,143	22,063,726	4,669,151	39,641	40,228,661	899,316	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension inflow	54,725	48,293	40,489	-	143,507	108,326	
OPEB inflow	2,902	2,561	2,147	-	7,610	5,744	
Deferred charge on refunding	_,;;;=	236,494	_)	-	236,494	-	
Lease inflow	11,598,260		-	-	11,598,260	-	
Total deferred inflows	11,655,887	287,348	42,636	-	11,985,871	114,070	
NET POSITION	71 066 962	ED 24E 204	20 020 507	E 703 440	160 002 162	706 254	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for capital projects	71,066,863 9,015,466	52,315,294 1,391,179	39,928,587 3,735,625	5,782,419	169,093,163 14,142,270	786,254	
Restricted for OPEB	9,015,466 6,816	6,015	5,043	-	14,142,270	- 13,492	
Unrestricted	21,343,289	10,323,025	2,279,740	- 1,385,415	35,331,469	773,234	
Total net position	\$ 101,432,434	\$ 64,035,513	\$ 45,948,995	\$ 7,167,834	\$ 218,584,776	\$ 1,572,980	
	,,,,,,,			,,,	,,	, _,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Business-ty	pe Activities - Ente	erprise Funds		Governmental Activities
		_	_			Fleet Internal
OPERATING REVENUES:	Water	Sewer	Stormwater	Street Lighting	Totals	Service Fund
Charges for services	\$ 10,560,506	\$ 8,098,815	\$ 3,556,427	\$ 565,714	\$ 22,781,462	\$ 1,722,180
Other revenues	67,028	44,396		5 505,714	3 22,781,402 111,424	Ş 1,722,100 -
Total operating revenues	10,627,534	8,143,211	3,556,427	565,714	22,892,886	1,722,180
Total operating revenues	10,027,334	0,143,211	3,330,427	505,714	22,892,880	1,722,180
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Personnel services	505,622	413,850	437,692	-	1,357,164	990,689
Support services	1,041,355	773,387	784,919	-	2,599,661	-
Contractual services	2,091,067	2,692,440	14,857	-	4,798,364	-
Utilities	684,349	384,873	3,464	240,219	1,312,905	88,864
Repairs and maintenance	341,915	32,054	386,049	-	760,018	6,034
Other operating expenses	1,080,573	479,581	213,301	63,087	1,836,542	555,356
Depreciation expense	2,000,624	2,372,478	1,292,859	187,453	5,853,414	148,983
Total operating expenses	7,745,505	7,148,663	3,133,141	490,759	18,518,068	1,789,926
Operating income (loss)	2,882,029	994,548	423,286	74,955	4,374,818	(67,746)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Lease revenue	173,577	-	-	-	173,577	-
Investment revenue	1,785,066	818,967	504,234	65,371	3,173,638	65,527
Equity loss in joint venture	(62,954)	-	-	-	(62,954)	-
Interest expense	(262,502)	(311,730)	(95,027)	-	(669,259)	-
Disposition of capital assets	(967 <i>,</i> 558)	(1,293,087)	(6,635,874)	-	(8,896,519)	13,072
Total nonoperating						
revenues (expenses)	665,629	(785,850)	(6,226,667)	65,371	(6,281,517)	78,599
Net income (loss) before						
contributions and transfers	3,547,658	208,698	(5,803,381)	140,326	(1,906,699)	10,853
Capital contributions - infrastructure	921,163	552,345	1,206,999	74,000	2,754,507	-
Capital contributions - grants and fees	5,931,472	806,643	448,591	-	7,186,706	-
Transfers in	-	446,175	-	-	446,175	-
Transfers out	(1,203,906)	(582,908)	(718,251)	(61,931)	(2,566,996)	(2,400)
Change in net position	9,196,387	1,430,953	(4,866,042)	152,395	5,913,693	8,453
Net position - beginning	92,236,047	62,604,560	50,815,037	7,015,439	212,671,083	1,564,527
Net position - ending	\$ 101,432,434	\$ 64,035,513	\$ 45,948,995	\$ 7,167,834	\$ 218,584,776	\$ 1,572,980

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									Governmental Activities		
	Wate	r		ewer		tormwater		et Lighting		Totals	Fle	et Internal rvice Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES												
Receipts from customers	\$ 9,311	,900	\$8,	,072,045		3,534,228	\$	567,377	\$	21,485,550	\$	1,722,180
Payments to suppliers	(4,753	,975)	(3,	,161,294)		(517,159)		(292,818)		(8,725,246)		(639,046)
Payments to employees	(483	,875)	((416,697)		(365,225)		-		(1,265,797)		(918,263)
Internal activity - payments for services	(1,041	,355)	((773,387)		(784,919)		-		(2,599,661)		-
Other receipts	67	,028		44,396		-		-		111,424		-
Net cash provided by												
operating activities	3,099	,723	3,	,765,063		1,866,925		274,559		9,006,270		164,871
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES												
Transfers from other funds		-		446,175		-		-		446,175		-
Transfers to other funds	(1,203	,906)	(582,908)		(718,251)		(61,931)		(2,566,996)		(2,400)
Cash received from leasing activities		,577		-		-		-		173,577		-
Net cash (used for) non-capital						ı						
financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	(1,030	,329)	((136,733)		(718,251)		(61,931)		(1,947,244)		(2,400)
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		-		_		_		-		_		13,072
Interfund Ioan activity	1,128	080		_		(504,950)		-		623,130		-
Capital contributions - grants and fees	5,931			806,643		448,591		-		7,186,706		-
Purchases of capital assets	(13,370			,042,645)		(1,622,929)		-		(19,036,303)		(189,146)
Principal paid on capital debt		,390)		,528,780)		(235,640)		-		(3,319,810)		(105),1 10)
Interest paid on capital debt	-	,852)		(348,999)		(95,907)		-		(710,758)		-
Net cash used by capital and		<u> </u>		<u>, , ,</u>								
related financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(7,132	,419)	(6,	,113,781)	1	(2,010,835)		-		(15,257,035)		(176,074)
Interest received	1,716	.250		790,238		480,812		60,755		3,048,055		61,854
Net increase in cash and investments	(3,346			,695,213)		(381,349)		273,383		(5,149,954)		48,251
Balances - beginning of the year	35,244		-	,337,108		10,570,391		1,119,814		63,272,224		1,409,903
Balances - end of the year	\$ 31,898	,136	\$ 14,	,641,895	\$	10,189,042	\$	1,393,197	\$	58,122,270	\$	1,458,154
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	\$ 2,882	,029	\$	994,548	\$	423,286	\$	74,955	\$	4,374,818	\$	(67,746)
net cash provided by operating activities:												
Depreciation expense Change in assets and liabilities:	2,000	,624	2,	,372,478		1,292,859		187,453		5,853,414		148,983
Receivables, net	(1,246	,782)		(26,770)		(22,199)		1,663		(1,294,088)		-
Inventories	(1	,824)		-		-		-		(1,824)		-
Net OPEB asset	(1	<i>,</i> 539)		(971)		(2,188)		-		(4,698)		(3,354)
Deferred outflows for OPEB		906		1,099		(142)		-		1,863		1,556
Deferred outlfows for pension		,365		35,805		(17,665)		-		43,505		39,516
Accounts payable		,742		476,614		56,163		10,076		734,595		24,669
Accrued compensated absences		(725)		(4,291)		5,927		-		911		13,294
Other accrued liabilities	-	,010)		(49,007)		44,356		-		(727,661)		(13,461)
Deferred revenue		,050)		47		(7)		412		(20,598)		-
Deposits	(3	,753)		-		-		-		(3,753)		-
Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	53	791 ,871		(199) 23,378		3,020 102,306		-		3,612 178,555		2,279 123,202
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		,871 (450)		(643)		334		-		(759)		(696)
Deferred inflows related to pension		,472)		(57,025)		(19,125)		_		(131,622)		(103,371)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 3,099		\$3,	,765,063	\$	1,866,925	\$	274,559	\$	9,006,270	\$	164,871
Schedule of non-cash capital activities:												
Capital assets disposals/transfers				,293,087)	\$	(6,635,874)	\$	-	\$	(8,896,519)	\$	13,072
Capital contributions Equity in net loss of joint venture		,163 ,954)	1,	,845,432 -		7,842,873 -		74,000		10,683,468 (62,954)		-

This page intentionally left blank.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page intentionally left blank.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Wilsonville, Oregon (the City) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP statements include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements.

Reporting Entity

The City of Wilsonville, Oregon is a municipal corporation, incorporated in 1968. The City operates under a Council-City Manager form of government. The governing body consists of four elected council members and a mayor. The mayor and council members are each elected to serve a four-year term. The City Manager administers policies and coordinates the activities of the City. The heads of the various departments, formed to provide various services, are under the direct supervision of the City Manager.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component unit (Urban Renewal Agency), an entity for which the City is considered to be financially responsible.

Blended Component Unit

The City has included the financial operations of its Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency) as a blended component unit in the basic financial statements. The Agency is a legally separate entity which is governed by a board comprised of the members of the City Council as stipulated by the Agency's bylaws. The City Council has the ability to impose its will on the Agency as determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, and funding for the Agency. Complete financial statements for the Agency can be obtained from the Finance Director of the City, 29799 SW Town Center Loop E., Wilsonville, OR 97070-0220, or can be viewed at the City's web page: http://www.ci.wilsonville.or.us.

Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents all the assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of the City with the difference reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or program is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary. Currently, the City has governmental and proprietary type funds. Major individual governmental funds, major individual enterprise funds, and the internal service fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are consolidated into a single column within each fund type in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule include charges between the City's business-type activities/proprietary funds, as well as some special revenue funds, and the General Fund. The City allocates charges as reimbursement for services provided by the General Fund in support of those functions based on levels of service provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. These charges are included in direct program expenses.

June 30, 2024

Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

There are stated minimum criteria for the determination of major funds: percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category, or the governmental and proprietary funds combined. The City electively added funds as major funds, those funds which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus. Non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

• General Fund

Accounts for all the financial operations of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, state and county shared revenues, and charges for administrative services from other funds. Primary expenditures are for general government, police protection, and culture and recreation.

• Transit Fund

Accounts for payroll taxes collected from the local business community, federal transit grants, and use of these resources to operate the City's mass transit program.

- Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan Capital Projects Fund Accounts for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects for the Year 2000 plan area. Resources are provided from bond proceeds and interest earnings.
- Urban Renewal West Side Plan Debt Service Fund Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on Urban Renewal West Side Plan Bonds. Resources are provided from tax increment proceeds and interest earnings.

• Facilities Capital Projects Fund

Accounts for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects for the Facilities Capital Projects Fund. Resources are provided from bond proceeds and interest earnings.

• Streets Capital Projects Fund

Accounts for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects for the Streets Capital Projects Fund. Resources are provided from bond proceeds and interest earnings.

Additionally, the City reports non-major funds within the governmental fund type.

• Special Revenue Funds

Used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

• Debt Service Funds

Used to account for debt service appropriations for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds.

• Capital Projects Funds

Accounts for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

The City reports each of its five proprietary funds as major funds. The proprietary funds include four enterprise funds and one internal service fund. The enterprise funds are used to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of water, sewer, stormwater and street lighting facilities. The City reports its Fleet Fund as an Internal Service Fund. Internal service funds account for those activities and services furnished internally to other organizational units within the City on a cost reimbursement basis. Charges are made to the various departments to support these activities. The City's sole internal service fund is for fleet services.

June 30, 2024

The City reports the following proprietary funds:

• Water Fund

Water Operating Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only) Water Capital Projects Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only) Water Development Charges Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

• Sewer Fund

Sewer Operating Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only) Sewer Capital Projects Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only) Sewer Development Charges Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

• Stormwater Fund

Stormwater Operating Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only) Stormwater Capital Projects Water Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only) Stormwater Development Charges Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

- Street Lighting Fund
- Fleet Fund

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus.

Government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements are presented on a full accrual basis of accounting with an economic resource measurement focus. An economic resource focus concentrates on an entity or fund's net position. All transactions and events that affect the total economic resources (net position) during the period are reported. An economic resources measurement focus is inextricably connected with full accrual accounting. Under the full accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred regardless of the timing of related cash inflows and outflows.

Governmental funds financial statements are presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting with a current financial resource measurement focus. This focus concentrates on the fund's resources available for spending currently or in the near future. Only transactions and events affecting the fund's current financial resources during the period are reported. Similar to the connection between an economic resource measurement focus and full accrual accounting, a current financial resource measurement focus is inseparable from a modified accrual basis of accounting. Under modified accrual accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period is considered susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

An accrual arises in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet when potential revenue does not meet the earned and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unavailable deferred revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes and assessments not deemed available to finance operation of the current period. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the deferred inflow created on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet for unavailable deferred revenue is eliminated. Unearned revenues arise outside the scope of measurement focus and basis of accounting, such as when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them. An example of this would be when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

Similar to the way its revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities only when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year.

June 30, 2024

Vested compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only to the extent that they are expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources, such as, any unused reimbursable leave outstanding at the time of an employee's resignation or retirement. However, in the government-wide financial statements, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenditures affecting the economic resource status of the government are recognized. Thus, the expense and related accrued liability for long-term portions of debt and compensated absences are included.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, reconciliation is provided to explain the differences between the governmental fund statements and the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's Water, Sewer, Stormwater, and Street Lighting Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water, Sewer, and Stormwater Funds also recognize fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the City's utility systems as operating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and overheads and depreciation on capital assets including the amortization of intangible assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Internal Service funds also distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services to other organizational units within the City. The principal operating revenues of the City's Fleet Fund are payment for services rendered to maintain both vehicles and motorized equipment. Operating expenses for the Fleet Fund include the cost of fuel, supplies and parts to maintain the City's assets, and the administrative expenses, overhead, and depreciation on capital assets including the amortization of intangible assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, short-term investments with original or remaining maturities of three months or less when purchased, and cash and investments in the City-wide investment pool. Investments, including equity in pooled cash and investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that represent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Recorded property taxes receivable that are collected within 60 days after year-end are considered measurable and available and, therefore, are recognized as revenue. The remaining balance is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources because it is not deemed available to finance operations of the current period. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not deemed necessary, as uncollectible taxes become a lien on the property. Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Receivables of the enterprise funds are recognized as revenue when earned, including services provided but not billed. Receivables in governmental and enterprise funds are stated net of any allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories of materials and supplies in the enterprise funds are stated at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and charged to expenses as used. Prepaids in the governmental funds are stated at cost and charged to expenditures in the period consumed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, pathways, streetlights, etc.) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental fund statements and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date of the donation.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$10,000 or more and an estimated useful life extending beyond one year. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets, including intangible assets with definite useful lives, is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-40
Improvements other than buildings	10-20
Machinery and equipment	5-15
Vehicles	5-10
Utility systems	25-50
Infrastructure	20-40
Software	5-10

One-half year of depreciation is taken in the year the assets are acquired or retired. Upon disposal of capital assets, the accounts are relieved of the related historical costs and accumulated depreciation, and if appropriate, resulting gains or losses are recognized.

Accrued Compensated Absences and Sick Pay

Accumulated vested vacation pay is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, a liability for these amounts is reported only when it has matured, for example, when an employee resigns or retires. The non-current portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund-level and government-wide presentations. Only the current portion is reported in the governmental funds, and is calculated based on historical trends. In business-type/enterprise and internal service funds, both the current and long-term liabilities are recorded.

Sick leave pay, which does not vest, is recognized in all funds when leave is taken.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

June 30, 2024

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, the fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These fund balance categories are:

- Nonspendable: Includes resources that are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories, prepaids and deposits, and assets held for resale.
- *Restricted*: Includes resources that are restricted by external creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Committed*: Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes as adopted by a resolution of the City Council. The City Council has committed through a budgetary resolution specific amounts in various operating funds for expenditures of a non-recurring nature and for cash flow purposes. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded by similar resolution.
- Assigned: Represents amounts that reflect the City's intended use of resources. Authority to classify potion of fund balance as assigned is explicitly granted to the City Council, City Manager, and the Finance Director as part of the yearly budget resolution passed and approved by the City of Wilsonville, City Council.
- Unassigned: Total fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned balance. This classification is also used to report any deficit fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

June 30, 2024

Fund balance by classification for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Fund balances	General	Transit	Urban Renewal Year 2000 Capital Projects	Urban Renewal West Side Plan Debt Service	Facilities Capital Projects	Street Capital Projects	Capital Governmental	
Nonspendable:								
Prepaids	\$ 100,447	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 100,447
Restricted:								
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	228,463	2,772,185	19,373,647	22,374,295
Debt service/Bond covenants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transit Improvement Funds	-	1,847,650	-	-	-	-	-	1,847,650
Community Enhancement Program	103,646	-	-	-	-	-	-	103,646
PEG Communication	434,015	-	-	-	-	-	-	434,015
Total Restricted	537,661	1,847,650	-	-	228,463	2,772,185	19,373,647	24,759,606
Committed:								
Future needs	3,642,200	1,650,000	-	-	-	-	1,392,700	6,684,900
Assigned:								
Computer, software, fiber	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Emergency management	200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	200,000
Facilities and park improvements	600,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	600,000
Capital projects and assets	-	1,000,000	1,454,119	-	-	-	7,480,628	9,934,747
Operational support	2,000,000	16,639,029					12,232,218	30,871,247
Total Assigned	3,800,000	17,639,029	1,454,119	-		-	19,712,846	42,605,994
Unassigned	14,709,280		-					14,709,280
	\$ 22,789,588	\$ 21,136,679	\$ 1,454,119	\$ -	\$ 228,463	\$ 2,772,185	\$ 40,479,193	\$ 88,860,227

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and addition to/deductions from OPER's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payment (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates

In preparing the City's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 294 – Local Budget Law). The process under which the budget is adopted is described in the following paragraphs.

Each April, the City Manager submits a proposed budget to the Budget Committee (consisting of the City Council and an equal number of citizens of the City). The City is required to budget all funds. The City's budget is prepared for each fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting with Proprietary Fund types adjusted for year-end accrued compensated absences. For all fund types, inter-fund loans are budgeted as sources and uses in accordance with state budget laws. Estimated receipts and expenditures are budgeted for by fund and object. Information on the past two years' actual revenues and expenditures and current-year estimates are included in the budget document.

The Budget Committee conducts public hearings for the purpose of obtaining citizens' comments and then approves a budget and submits it to the City Council for final adoption. The approved expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than 10% by Council without returning to the Budget Committee for a second approval. After the Council adopts the budget and certifies the total of ad valorem taxes to be levied, no additional tax levy may be made for that fiscal year.

The City Council legally adopts the budget by resolution before July 1, as per ORS 294.456. The legal level of budgetary control is categorized at the operating program, capital projects, debt service, and contingency levels.

June 30, 2024

The City Council may change the budget throughout the year by transferring appropriations between levels of control and by adopting supplemental budgets as authorized by Oregon Revised Statutes. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and approval by the City Council. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended except in the case of grant receipts that could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted and for debt service on new debt issued during the budget year. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, City Council approved four supplemental budget resolutions that increased expenditure appropriations. The Urban Renewal Agency Board approved one supplemental budget resolution during the fiscal year.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

According to Oregon statute, the budget is monitored at the level of adopted appropriation. A fund that has identifiable programs are adopted and monitored at the program level. Funds that do not have identifiable programs are monitored at the major category level. For the period ending June 30, 2024, there were no instances of expenditures exceeding appropriations.

Encumbrance Accounting

All year end outstanding encumbrances lapse at year-end and are re-appropriated as required to the subsequent year.

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Pooled Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash management pool for its cash and investments in which each fund participates. Interest earnings are distributed monthly based on average daily balances. Cash and investments are comprised of the following at June 30, 2024:

Petty cash		\$	1,070
Deposits with financial institutions			7,628,370
Investments:			
Municipal and US agency corporations	\$ 47,247,918		
Commercial paper and corporate bonds	50,596,622		
Local government investment pool	 53,508,756	_	
Total Investments			151,353,296
Total pooled cash and investments		\$	158,982,736

Cash and investments are reflected on the combined balance sheet and statement of net position as follows:

Cash and investments	\$ 117,652,420
Restricted assets - cash and investments	 41,330,316
	\$ 158 982 736

The City participates in the State of Oregon Local Investment Pool (LGIP) which is an open-ended, no-load diversified portfolio created under ORS 294.805 to 294.895 and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the LGIP and is responsible for all funds in the LGIP. These funds must be invested and managed, like that of a prudent investor, exercising reasonable care, skill, and caution. Investments in the fund are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-term Funds Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The Oregon Audits Division of the Secretary of State's Office audits the LGIP annually. The Division's report on the LGIP as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 was unmodified and may be obtained at the Oregon State Treasury, 350 Winter St. NE, Ste 100, Salem, OR 97310.

The City's position in the LGIP at June 30, 2024 is stated at cost which approximates fair value. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and include the Municipal and US Agency Corporations investments. Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets in inactive markets and include the Commercial Paper and Corporate Bonds. Investments in the LGIP are not required to be categorized.

June 30, 2024

I	unicipal and US Agency orporations (Level 1)	imercial Paper And porate Bonds (Level 2)	-	Local overnment estment Pool
\$	47,247,918	\$ 50,596,622	\$	53,508,756

Deposits

The City's cash is pooled with the Urban Renewal Agency's cash. Deposits in excess of federal depository insurance (currently limited to balances less than \$250,000) are part of the Public Funds Collateralization Program. ORS Chapter 295 governs the collateralization of Oregon public funds and provides the statutory requirements for the Public Funds Collateralization Program. Bank depositories are required to pledge collateral against any public funds deposits in excess of deposit insurance amounts. This provides additional protection for public funds in the event of a bank loss. ORS Chapter 295 sets the specific value of the collateral, as well as the types of collateral that are acceptable. ORS Chapter 295 creates a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories, better protecting public funds though still not guaranteeing that all funds are 100% protected. As a result, all balances over the \$250,000 FDIC limit are collateralized. At June 30, 2024, the deposits with various financial institutions had a bank value of \$6,322,152. Of these deposits, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance.

Cash and Investments

The City's investment policy specifies various goals and procedures that enhance opportunities for a prudent and systematic approach to investment-related activities. The City has delegated investment responsibilities to the Finance Director, who is primarily responsible for implementing the investment policy. The investment risk as outlined by the City's investment policy and Oregon Revised Statutes authorize the Finance Director to invest primarily in general obligations of the US Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, high ranking corporate indebtedness, and the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk

As required by the City's investment policy, which adheres to the State of Oregon statutes, at the time of purchase all investments were rated A1 through AAA by the Moody's Investor Services or Standard and Poor's reporting agencies. For the year ended June 30, 2024, there was no downgrading of investments from the time of purchase. The State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool is not rated.

At June 30, 2024, the City's investments were rated as follows:

	Municipal and US Agency Corporations	mmercial Paper And prporate Bonds	Ir	Local Government ivestment Pool
AAA	\$ 12,983,910	\$ 983,780	\$	-
AA3	-	8,400,559		-
AA2	-	13,370,910		-
A3	-	5,680,238		-
A2	-	4,398,430		-
A1	-	15,802,565		-
Not Rated	34,264,008	1,960,140		53,508,756
	\$ 47,247,918	\$ 50,596,622	\$	53,508,756

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy, as it relates to investing outside of the LGIP, does not allow for an investment in any single corporate entity and its affiliates or subsidiaries that is in excess of five percent of the City's total investments (ORS 294.035). Additionally at the time of the purchase, the policy requires the maximum investments in aggregate for all commercial paper and corporate bonds to be limited to 35% of the total investment portfolio.

June 30, 2024

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy explicitly limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates. For commercial paper and corporate bonds, the maximum maturity is 18 months. The City intends to hold all investments until maturity.

Using the segmented time distribution method, investment maturities as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Less	Less than 6 Months		-12 Months	12	2-18 Months	Total		
Municipal and US Agency Corporations	\$	24,208,629	\$	18,095,840	\$	4,943,449	\$	47,247,918	
Commercial Paper and Corporate Bonds		16,414,623		25,739,609		8,442,390		50,596,622	
Local Government Investment Pool		53,508,756		-		-		53,508,756	
	\$	94,132,008	\$	43,835,449	\$	13,385,839	\$	151,353,296	

Uncollectible Receivables

Receivables of the City's activities are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to receivables of the current period are as follows:

	 ernmental ctivities	siness-type Activities
Water sales	\$ -	\$ 75,005
Sewer sales	-	75,137
Street light fees	-	3,320
Stormwater fees	-	32,684
Road maintenance fees	 17,790	
Total allowance for uncollectibles	\$ 17,790	\$ 186,146

Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds and non-major funds in aggregate, net of applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	Interest		 Accounts		Taxes		Other		Total
General Fund	\$	165,221	\$ 870,396	\$	332,067	\$	-	\$	1,367,684
Transit Fund		151,074	1,602,913		-		-		1,753,987
Urban Renewal Year 2000 Capital Projects		47,561	-		-		-		47,561
Urban Renewal West Side Debt Service		8,060	-		10,980		-		19,040
Facilities Capital Projects Fund		8,489	-		-		-		8,489
Streets Capital Projects Fund		33,699	82,265		-		-		115,964
Other Governmental Funds		277,421	338,671		33,064		-		649,156
Water		221,074	167,766		-		2,483,780		2,872,620
Sewer		99 <i>,</i> 306	251,431		-		91,900		442,637
Stormwater		69,087	129,070		-		-		198,157
Street Lighting		9,454	22,405		-		-		31,859
Fleet Internal Service Fund		9,764	 -		-		-		9,764
Total by receivable	\$	1,100,210	\$ 3,464,917	Ş	376,111	\$	2,575,680	\$	7,516,918

Unavailable/Unearned Revenues

Governmental funds, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, accrue deferred revenue for revenue amounts unearned or unavailable. Government-wide reporting, as well as in proprietary funds, uses full accrual accounting and report only unearned revenue. Unavailable revenue (deferred inflows) results in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Unearned revenue results in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable (deferred inflow) and unearned revenue (liability) in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Un	available	U	Inearned
Delinquent property taxes receivable: General Fund Urban Renewal West Side Plan Debt Service Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$	253,980 - 27,132	\$	
Cash collected prior to meeting revenue recognition: Operations (General Fund) Other Governmental Funds Total	\$	- - 281,112	\$	136,667 16,684 153,351

Unearned revenue in the proprietary funds is for customer payments made in advance to be used for future utility bills, and also includes a lease payment to be applied for the following fiscal year. These unearned revenues totaled \$28,296 and \$173,577 respectively.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities, including the internal service Fleet Fund, for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Description	Beg	inning Balance	Ad	quisitions	Disposals	Α	djustments/ Transfers	Ending Balance
Land	\$	94,191,975	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 94,191,975
Works of art		599,838		40,500	-		-	640,338
Easements		13,695,596		546,512	-		-	14,242,108
Construction in progress		53,372,726		37,272,402	(4,579,623)		(6,643,479)	79,422,026
Total non-depreciable		161,860,135		37,859,414	 (4,579,623)		(6,643,479)	 188,496,447
Buildings & improvements		27,992,148		-	(74,282)		444,037	28,361,903
Land improvement		13,083,792		-	(244,082)		-	12,839,710
Machinery & equipment		4,793,465		267,827	(1,202,505)		-	3,858,787
Vehicles		9,664,859		691,015	(314,988)		-	10,040,886
Software		2,622,919		-	(88,011)		-	2,534,908
Infrastructure		233,635,546		1,088,853	-		6,211,145	240,935,544
Total depreciable		291,792,729		2,047,695	 (1,923,868)		6,655,182	 298,571,738
Accumulated depreciation								
Buildings & improvements		(13,242,135)		(756,963)	70,205		(8,447)	(13,937,340)
Land improvement		(6,229,261)		(412,705)	148,936		-	(6,493,030)
Machinery & equipment		(3,222,572)		(238,072)	1,062,422		-	(2,398,222)
Vehicles		(5,836,004)		(760,639)	314,988		-	(6,281,655)
Software		(688,500)		(182,639)	85,701		-	(785,438)
Infrastructure		(134,743,310)		(3,740,352)	-		-	(138,483,662)
Total accumulated depreciation		(163,961,782)		(6,091,370)	 1,682,252		(8,447)	 (168,379,347)
Governmental activities								
capital assets, net	\$	289,691,082	\$	33,815,739	\$ (4,821,239)	\$	3,256	\$ 318,688,838

Changes in capital assets per the previous table are net of transfers between functional programs. Total depreciation expense includes amortization of intangible assets. Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 446,932
Public safety	27,616
Transportation	1,019,075
Public works	3,999,836
Culture and recreation	526,464
Community development	 71,447
Total depreciation for governmental activities	\$ 6,091,370

June 30, 2024

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

			_	Adjustments/	Ending Balance		
Description	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers			
Land	\$ 1,826,245	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,826,245		
Easements	18,747,970	172,493	-	-	18,920,463		
Construction in progress	37,827,306	18,473,021	(8,893,263)	(4,391,772)	43,015,292		
Total non-depreciable	58,401,521	18,645,514	(8,893,263)	(4,391,772)	63,762,000		
Buildings & improvements	40,772,395	-	(11,703)	-	40,760,692		
Land improvement	26,857,798	-	-	-	26,857,798		
Machinery & equipment	11,050,816	398,546	-	-	11,449,362		
Vehicles	392,697	125,509	(13,366)	-	504,840		
Software	15,610	39,224	-	1,371,168	1,426,002		
Infrastructure	160,901,366	2,582,011	-	3,020,604	166,503,981		
Total depreciable	239,990,682	3,145,290	(25,069)	4,391,772	247,502,675		
Accumulated depreciation							
Buildings & improvements	(18,427,868)	(1,031,801)	8,447	-	(19,451,222)		
Land improvement	(5,037,523)	(545,524)	-	-	(5,583,047)		
Machinery & equipment	(4,394,687)	(498,568)	-	-	(4,893,255)		
Vehicles	(58,826)	(44,150)	13,366	-	(89,610)		
Software	(15,610)	(100,743)	-	-	(116,353)		
Infrastructure	(81,545,305)	(3,632,628)	-	8	(85,177,925)		
Total accumulated depreciation Business-type activities	(109,479,819)	(5,853,414)	21,813	8	(115,311,412)		
capital assets, net	\$ 188,912,384	\$ 15,937,390	\$ (8,896,519)	\$ 8	\$ 195,953,263		

Total depreciation expense includes amortization of intangible assets. Depreciation expense for business-type activities is charged to functions as follows:

Water	\$ 2,000,624
Sewer	2,372,478
Stormwater	1,292,859
Street lighting	 187,453
Total depreciation for business-type activities	\$ 5,853,414

Joint Venture

The City has entered into a joint venture with the Tualatin Valley Water District and the cities of Sherwood, Tigard, Hillsboro, and Beaverton. The Willamette Intake Facility (WIF) was established to provide treatment and distribution of water. The financial statements may be obtained from Tualatin Valley Water District, Finance Department, 1850 SW 170th Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97003.

The Willamette Intake Facilities Commission (the Commission or WIF) was organized in April 2018 under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 190 and was established by an agreement between the cities of Wilsonville, Hillsboro, Tigard, Beaverton, Sherwood, and Tualatin Valley Water District (the District). The Commission is governed by a six-member board, with one representative appointed by each member jurisdiction. The purpose of the Commission is to provide for the ownership, management, and operation of the Willamette intake facilities which are used to withdraw and transmit water to the parties. The Commission is managed by Tualatin Valley Water District.

Expenses are allocated on a unit basis by the Commission. Each joint venturer's apportioned share of the general administration expenses is determined by the following formula: 25% of the administrative costs for the fiscal year is divided evenly among the Commission's membership; the remainder is divided among the Commission membership according to their percentage share of the capacity ownership in the intake facilities.

June 30, 2024

Operations, maintenance, and repair expenses that are a result of use of the facilities are allocated based on each party's proportionate use of the WIF. Operations, maintenance, and repair expenses unrelated to usage will be allocated based on each party's proportionate ownership of the WIF. The following capacity ownership percentages were in effect at June 30, 2024:

Tualatin Valley Water District	39.4%
City of Hillsboro	24.1%
City of Wilsonville	16.7%
City of Tigard	10.0%
City of Sherwood	6.5%
City of Beaverton	3.3%

The City's investment in joint ventures is summarized as follows:

Joint Venture	Balance, Jly 1, 2023	Chan	ge in Capital	City Con	tribution	Balance, June 30, 2024		
Willamette Intake Facility	\$ 1,161,375	\$ (62,954)		\$	-	\$	1,098,421	

Leases

On March 21, 2018, the City (as lessor) entered into the Ground Lease for Raw Water Pipeline with the City of Hillsboro and the Tualatin Valley Water District (as lessees). The City is leasing to the lessee land to construct, operate, and maintain a pipeline and necessary appurtenances for the transportation of raw water from the Willamette River to a treatment facility outside the City.

The terms of the lease are retroactive to July 1, 2016 and the lease terminates on June 30, 2115, a period of 99 years. Rents agreed to under the lease are \$173,577 annually for a total of \$17,184,127 during the life of the lease. The City established a discount rate of 3.27 percent for the life of the lease which results in a present value of \$12,303,874 at lease inception. Terms of the lease require the lessees to make ten annual payments of \$173,577 from July 1, 2016 through July 1, 2025 with a balloon payment of \$15,448,357 due July 1, 2026. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 principal and interest payments of \$90,406 and \$83,171 were recognized respectively. At June 30, 2024, the lease receivable balance was \$11,598,260.

Year Ending		
June 30,	 Principal	 Interest
2025	\$ 91,049	\$ 82,528
2026	91,697	81,880
2027	 11,415,514	 4,032,843
	\$ 11,598,260	\$ 4,197,251

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are used to contribute toward the cost of capital projects and provide operational resources. The interfund transfer activity for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 is noted in the following table:

		Transfers In										
	(General	Fac	ilities Capital	St	reets Capital	Other		Enterprise			
Transfers Out	Fund		Projects Fund		Projects Fund		Governmental		Funds		Total Out	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,420,643	\$	603,626	\$	3,612,511	\$	-	\$	5,636,780
Transit Fund		6,396		55,026		-		-		-		61,422
Other Governmental		20,808		787,200		10,026,701		415,169		446,175		11,696,053
Enterprise Funds		388,616		2,116,449		61,931		-		-		2,566,996
Internal Service Fund		2,400		-		-		-		-		2,400
Total In	\$	418,220	\$	4,379,318	\$	10,692,258	\$	4,027,680	\$	446,175	\$	19,963,651

June 30, 2024

On the Statement of Activities, interfund transfers between the same activity types are eliminated leaving only transfers between activity types remaining. Statement of Activity transfers also include capital asset transfers between governmental activities and business-type activities. On the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and changes in Net Position, capital assets transfers are reported as a capital contribution.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables are used to make short-term and long-term interfund loans between funds. Due to/from amounts are short term financing, paid within one year, and advances are for longer term financing. The City had no due to/from amounts and four interfund advances as follows:

In July 2020, the General Fund loaned \$2,500,000 to the Stormwater Operating Fund per City Resolution 2831. This advance is being fully amortized over five years bearing an interest rate of 1.00% per annum. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2024 is \$510,000.

In January 2023, the General Fund loaned \$500,000 to the Urban Renewal Coffee Creek CIP Fund per City Resolution 3076. The loan was paid back from proceeds in the Urban Renewal Coffee Creek Debt Service Fund. The overnight funding strategy enabled the Urban Renewal Coffee Creek CIP Fund to access property tax revenue for construction projects.

Long-Term Obligations

In the following tables, long-term debt information is presented separately with respect to governmental and businesstype activities. The following table presents current year changes in those obligations and the current portions due for each issue. The internal service Fleet Fund predominately serves the governmental funds. Accordingly, at year end, \$85,200 of the total Fleet Fund's compensated absences is included in the table presented below. Claims and judgments, pension and OPEB liabilities, and compensated absences are liquidated within each operating fund.

Government-Type Activities

	Balance			Balance	Due In Subsequent Year		
	 July 1, 2023	 Increase	 Decrease	 June 30, 2024			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
Full Faith & Credit Bonds							
Series 2022 B Bonds	\$ 4,243,220	\$ -	\$ (261,400)	\$ 3,981,820	\$	267,250	
Tax Increment							
Urban Renewal, Coffee Creek District							
Series 2019 Bonds	3,163,217	-	(177,304)	2,985,913		183,005	
Urban Renewal, West Side District							
Series 2013 Long-Term	4,110,000	 -	 (4,110,000)	-		-	
Total Notes and Bonds	 11,516,437	 -	 (4,548,704)	6,967,733		450,255	
Compensated absences	1,121,145	1,277,963	(1,121,145)	1,277,963		1,277,963	
Total OPEB liability	548,429	20,837	-	569,266		-	
Net pension liability	 14,229,900	 1,953,720	 -	 16,183,620		-	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 27,415,911	\$ 3,252,520	\$ (5,669,849)	\$ 24,998,582	\$	1,728,218	

Full Faith & Credit Bonds

Series 2022 B

In April 2022, the City issued \$16,479,480 to finance the new Public Works Complex project. The current debt interest rate is 2.24%. Final maturity is February 1, 2037. The full faith and credit of the City is pledged, however management intends to repay the debt from a combination of road, water, sewer, and stormwater operating revenues. In the event of default, the bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity, however, the bonds shall not be subject to acceleration. Road Operating revenues are responsible for \$4,515,380 of the debt, of which \$3,981,820 is outstanding at June 30, 2024. The other \$10,550,370 in outstanding principal balance is reported in business-type activities below. The total principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2024 is \$14,532,190.

June 30, 2024

Year Ending			
June 30,	 Principal	_	Interest
2025	\$ 975,370		\$ 325,521
2026	997,220		303,673
2027	1,019,560		281,335
2028	1,042,400		258,497
2029	1,065,750		235,147
2030-2034	5,697,710		806,767
2035-2037	 3,734,180	_	168,526
	\$ 14,532,190		\$ 2,379,466

Urban Renewal Tax Increment

The Urban Renewal has pledged its tax increment revenues and earnings for repayment of the obligation. If a bond is defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments or other covenants, action to enforce the financing agreement may take place for the amount of the obligation then outstanding to its satisfaction.

Coffee Creek District, Series 2019

In April 2019, the City issued Urban Renewal revenue bonds with an interest rate of 3.19% in the total amount of \$3,800,000. The final maturity will be in June 2029. The principal balance outstanding on the bonds at June 30, 2024 is \$2,985,913.

Year Ending		
June 30,	 Principal	 nterest
2025	\$ 183,005	\$ 93,802
2026	188,890	87,918
2027	194,963	81,845
2028	201,232	75,576
2029	 2,217,823	69,105
	\$ 2,985,913	\$ 408,246

Business-Type Activities

		Balance			Balance		Due In
	J	uly 1, 2023	Increase	 Decrease	 June 30, 2024	Sub	sequent Year
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Full Faith & Credit Bonds							
Series 2022 A Bonds	\$	6,769,300	\$ -	\$ (283,500)	\$ 6,485,800	\$	290,500
Series 2022 B Bonds		11,242,980	-	(692,610)	10,550,370		708,120
Sewer Refunding Series 2021		19,695,400	 -	 (2,343,700)	17,351,700		2,373,100
Total Notes and Bonds	-	37,707,680	 -	 (3,319,810)	 34,387,870		3,371,720
Compensated absences		51,674	52,585	(51,674)	52,585		52,585
Total OPEB liability		30,573	3,612	-	34,185		-
Net pension liability		793,277	178,555	-	971,832		-
Deferred charge on refunding		270,279	 -	 (33,785)	236,494		33,785
Total Business-type Activities	\$	38,853,483	\$ 234,752	\$ (3,405,269)	\$ 35,682,966	\$	3,458,090

June 30, 2024

Year Ending			
June 30,	 Principal		Interest
2025	\$ 975,370		\$ 325,521
2026	997,220		303,673
2027	1,019,560		281,335
2028	1,042,400		258,497
2029	1,065,750		235,147
2030-2034	5,697,710		806,767
2035-2037	 3,734,180	_	168,526
	\$ 14,532,190		\$ 2,379,466

Urban Renewal Tax Increment

The Urban Renewal has pledged its tax increment revenues and earnings for repayment of the obligation. If a bond is defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments or other covenants, action to enforce the financing agreement may take place for the amount of the obligation then outstanding to its satisfaction.

Coffee Creek District, Series 2019

In April 2019, the City issued Urban Renewal revenue bonds with an interest rate of 3.19% in the total amount of \$3,800,000. The final maturity will be in June 2029. The principal balance outstanding on the bonds at June 30, 2024 is \$2,985,913.

Year Ending		
June 30,	 Principal	 nterest
2025	\$ 183,005	\$ 93,802
2026	188,890	87,918
2027	194,963	81,845
2028	201,232	75,576
2029	 2,217,823	 69,105
	\$ 2,985,913	\$ 408,246

Business-Type Activities

		Balance			Balance		Due In
	J	uly 1, 2023	Increase	 Decrease	 June 30, 2024	Sub	sequent Year
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Full Faith & Credit Bonds							
Series 2022 A Bonds	\$	6,769,300	\$ -	\$ (283,500)	\$ 6,485,800	\$	290,500
Series 2022 B Bonds		11,242,980	-	(692,610)	10,550,370		708,120
Sewer Refunding Series 2021		19,695,400	-	(2,343,700)	17,351,700		2,373,100
Total Notes and Bonds		37,707,680	 -	 (3,319,810)	 34,387,870		3,371,720
Compensated absences		51,674	52,585	(51,674)	52,585		52,585
Net OPEB liability		30,573	3,612	-	34,185		-
Net pension liability		793,277	178,555	-	971,832		-
Deferred charge on refunding		270,279	 -	 (33,785)	236,494		33,785
Total Business-type Activities	\$	38,853,483	\$ 234,752	\$ (3,405,269)	\$ 35,682,966	\$	3,458,090

June 30, 2024

Full Faith & Credit Bonds

Full Faith & Credit Series 2022 A

In February 2022, the City issued \$7,046,000 to finance the Water Treatment Plant expansion project. The current debt interest rate is 2.47%. Final maturity is February 1, 2042. The full faith and credit of the City is pledged, however management intends to repay the debt from water system development revenues. In the event of default, the bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity, however, the bonds shall not be subject to acceleration. The total principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2024 is \$6,485,800.

Year Ending				
June 30,		Principal		Interest
2025	\$	290,500	\$	160,199
2026		297,700		153,024
2027		305,000		145,671
2028		312,600		138,137
2029		320,300		130,416
2030-2034		1,724,100		529,432
2035-2039		1,947,700		305,727
2040-2042	_	1,287,900	_	64,139
	\$	6,485,800	\$	1,626,745

Full Faith & Credit Series 2022 B

In April 2022, the City issued \$16,479,480 to finance the new Public Works Complex project. The current debt interest rate is 2.24%. Final maturity is February 1, 2037. The full faith and credit of the City is pledged, however management intends to repay the debt from a combination of road, water, sewer, and stormwater operating revenues. In the event of default, the bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity, however, the bonds shall not be subject to acceleration. Water operating revenues are responsible for \$4,696,650 of the issued debt, of which \$4,141,680 remains outstanding. Sewer operating revenues are responsible for \$3,197,020 of the issued debt, of which \$2,819,240 remains outstanding. Stormwater operating revenues are responsible for \$4,070,430 of the issued debt, of which \$3,589,450 remains outstanding. The other \$3,981,820 in outstanding principal balance is reported in government-type activities above. The total principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2024 is \$14,532,190.

Year Ending			
June 30,	 Principal	_	Interest
2025	\$ 975,370		\$ 325,521
2026	997,220		303,673
2027	1,019,560		281,335
2028	1,042,400		258,497
2029	1,065,750		235,147
2030-2034	5,697,710		806,767
2035-2037	 3,734,180	_	168,526
	\$ 14,532,190	_	\$ 2,379,466

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Full Faith & Credit Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021

In March 2021 the City reissued debt of \$24,280,200 to finance the Waste Water Treatment Plant rehabilitation project. The current debt interest rate is 1.43%. Final maturity is December 1, 2031. The full faith and credit of the City is pledged, however management intends to repay the debt from a combination of sewer operating revenues and sewer system development charges. In the event of default, the bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity, however, the bonds shall not be subject to acceleration. Sewer operating revenues are responsible for \$16,870,750 of the issued debt, of which \$12,801,700 remains outstanding. Sewer system development revenues are responsible \$7,409,450 of the debt, of which \$4,550,000 remains outstanding. At June 30, 2024 the outstanding balance is \$17,351,700.

Year Ending				
June 30,	 Principal			Interest
2025	\$ 2,373,100		\$	248,130
2026	2,408,100			214,194
2027	2,443,200			179,758
2028	2,478,100			144,820
2029	2,513,000			109,384
2030-2031	 5,136,200			110,440
	\$ 17,351,700		\$	1,006,726

4. OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of CIS Employee Benefits, a public entity risk pool currently operating a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to CIS Employee Benefits for insurance coverage. Based on the experience of the City and CIS Employee Benefits, the City may be liable for an additional premium of up to approximately 20% of its initial premium or it may receive a refund. The City has never had to pay an additional premium. Predetermined limits and deductible amounts are stated in the policy.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 23, 2024, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Contingent Liabilities

The City is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. Management intends to vigorously contest these matters and does not believe their ultimate resolution will have a material effect upon the City's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Property Tax Limitation

The State of Oregon has a constitutional limit on property taxes for governmental operations. Under the limitation, tax revenue is separated into those for public schools and those for local governments other than public schools. The limitation specifies a maximum rate for all local government operations of \$10.00 per \$1,000 of real market value, while schools are similarly limited to a \$5.00 maximum rate. Local government taxes in the City currently do not exceed the \$10.00 rate limit; however, this limitation may affect the availability of future tax revenues for the City.

In May 1997, voters approved Measure 50 which rolled back assessed values to 90% of 1995-96 and limits future increases of taxable assessed values to 3% per year except for major improvements. Tax rates are now fixed and not subject to change. Voters may approve local initiatives above the fixed rate provided a majority approves at either (1) a general election in an even numbered year, or (2) at any other election in which at least 50% of registered voters cast a ballot.

June 30, 2024

Tax Abatement

The City has authorized tax exempt status for five low income apartment complexes: Autumn Park Apartments, Charleston Apartments, Creekside Woods, Rain Garden Apartments and Wiedemann Apartments. All properties are required to meet State and Federal funding requirements which include annual physical inspections and an annual audit of financial activity and programmatic compliance. The property tax exemption may be removed if the property is being used for any purpose other than the provision of low income housing, or if the property is no longer eligible under the stated provisions of ORS 307.540 to 307.548. Section E of the renewal application requires the applicant to acknowledge compliance with the requirements annually. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 the foregone property tax revenue is \$53,694.

Pension Plan

The City Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Qualified employees of the City are provided with pensions through OPERS. Employees hired before August 29, 2003 belong to the Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit Program (established pursuant to ORS Chapter 238), while employees hired on or after August 29, 2003 belong to the OPSRP Pension Program (established pursuant to ORS Chapter 238). OPSRP consists of the Pension Program (defined benefit) and the Individual Account Program (defined contribution). Beginning January 1, 2004, PERS active Tier One and Tier Two members became members of the Individual Account Program (IAP) of OPSRP. PERS members retain their existing Defined Benefit Plan accounts, but member contributions are now deposited into the member's IAP account, not into the member's Defined Benefit Plan account. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.oregon.gov/pers/.

Benefits provided under ORS Chapter 238 – Tier One/ Tier Two

Pension Benefits: The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results. Monthly payments must be a minimum of \$200 per month or the member will receive a lump-sum payment of the actuarial equivalent of benefits to which they are entitled.

Under Senate Bill 1049, passed during the 2019 legislative session, the salary included in the determination of Final Average Salary will be limited for all members beginning in 2020. The limit was equal to \$195,000 in 2020 and has been indexed for inflation in later years.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if they have had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits: Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met: the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death; the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment; the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or; the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits: A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than dutyconnected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

June 30, 2024

Benefit Changes After Retirement: Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

Benefits provided under Chapter 238A - OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP Defined Benefit)

Pension Benefits: This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and Fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for Police and Fire members is age 60, or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits: Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse, or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits: A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement: Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and \$750 plus 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans.

Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation. Effective January 1, 2020, Senate Bill 1049 required employers to pay contributions on re-employed PERS retirees' salary as if they were an active member, excluding IAP (6 percent) contributions. The City contribution rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 were 22.12% for Tier One/Two members and 18.29% for OPSRP general service members. City contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$2,594,985.

Beginning January 1, 2004, all employee contributions were placed in the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP), a defined contribution pension plan established by the Oregon Legislature. Members of PERS are required to contribute 6% of their salary covered under the plan, which is invested in the OPSRP Individual Account Program. The employer is allowed to pay any or all of the employees' contribution in addition to the required employer's contribution. The City has elected to contribute all of the 6% contribution on behalf of the employees, for a total of \$802,092.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows

At June 30, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$17,155,452 for its proportionate share of the OPERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured by OPERS as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2023. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the City's proportion was 0.0916%, up 3.6% from its proportion of 0.0981% measured as of June 30, 2022.

June 30, 2024

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension income of \$811,003. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		20.0	rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	838,954	\$	68,023
Change of assumptions		1,523,989		11,363
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		308,354		-
Changes in proportionate share		894,875		1,248,694
Differences between City's contributions and City's proportionate share of system contributions		1,166,143		1,205,199
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,573,337		-
Total	\$	7,305,652	\$	2,533,279

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$2,573,337 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as either a reduction of the net pension liability or an increase in the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30:	 Amount
2025	\$ 751,000
2026	(417,913)
2027	1,522,425
2028	364,927
2029	 (21,403)
Total	\$ 2,199,036

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2024, were set by OPERS using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years. For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being is earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Valuation Date	December 31, 2021
Experience Study Report	2020, published July 20, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization bases over a closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20 years and OPSRP pension UAL is amortized over 16 years.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves
Actuarial assumptions:	
Inflation rate	2.40 percent
Investment rate of return	6.90 percent
Projected salary increases	3.40 percent overall payroll growth
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%)
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
	PUB-2010 Healthy retiree, sex-distinct, generational with unisex, social security data scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active members:
	PUB-2010 Employees, sex-distinct, generational with unisex, social security data scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees:
	PUB-2010 Disabled retiree, sex-distinct, generational with unisex, social security data
	scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2020 Experience Study, which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2020.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.90, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.90%)	(6.90%)	(7.90%)
City's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability (asset)	\$28,337,577	\$17,155,452	\$7,797,199

June 30, 2024

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in June 2021 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Annual Arithmetic Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	30.62%	7.11%
Short-Term Bonds	25.50%	11.35%
Bank / Leveraged Loans	23.75%	2.80%
High	12.25%	6.29%
High Yield Bonds	0.75%	7.65%
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	1.50%	7.24%
Small Cap US Equities	0.63%	4.68%
Micro Cap US Equities	1.25%	5.42%
Developed Foreign Equities	0.63%	5.85%
Emerging Foreign Equities	5.62%	5.33%
Non-US Small Cap Equities	-2.50%	1.77%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.40%

OPSRP Individual Account Program

Pension Benefits: Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participated in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits: Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balances. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Money Purchase Retirement Plan

The City provides a money purchase retirement plan and trust created under Internal Revenue Code Section 414(h) for the benefit of eligible employees. Under the plan, the City contributes 3% of the employee's compensation into the trust. Eligible employees are those who have worked at least six months, are not covered by a collective bargaining agreement, and are not municipal court judges. At June 30, 2024, 73 participants were included the plan and 51 were active participants. Total assets, including non-active participants, held by the trust were \$2,627,983. Participant's interests in the plan vest ratably over a six year period. Benefits commence within a reasonable time after termination of employment. The amounts accumulated under the plan, including investment earnings, are excluded from the financial statements of the City.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City has a deferred compensation trust plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The trust hold assets for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Participation in the plan is voluntary. The amounts accumulated under the plan, including investment earnings, are excluded from the financial statements of the City.

Roth IRA

The City has a Roth IRA plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 408. The trust hold assets for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Participation in the plan is voluntary. The amounts accumulated under the plan, including investment earnings, are excluded from the financial statements of the City.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The other postemployment benefits (OPEB) asset, deferred outflows of resources, liability, and deferred inflows of resources as reported on the government wide statement of net position is a combination of two separate OPEB plans. The City provides an implicit rate subsidy for retiree health insurance premiums, and contributes to the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Systems' (OPERS) Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined health insurance benefit plan. The amounts reported on the financial statements relate to the plans as follows:

	Implicit Rate Subsidy Plan	0	PERS RHIA Plan	I	al OPEB on Financial atements
Net OPEB Asset	\$-	\$	315,527	\$	315,527
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Change in Proportionate Share Change in Assumptions Contributions After the Measurement Date Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Change in Experience	- 4,425 54,520 - 82,228		5,308 - 71 895 -		5,308 4,425 54,591 895 82,228
Total OPEB Liability	603,451		-		603,451
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Change in Proportionate Share Change in Assumptions Change in Experience	- (95,111) -		(27,899) (3,402) (7,921)		(27,899) (98,513) (7,921)
OPEB Expense (Income) (Included in program expense on Statement of Activities)	24,494		(44,189)		(19,695)

General Information about the Implicit Rate Subsidy OPEB Plan

Plan description. The City participates in a defined benefit OPEB plan that provides OPEB for all employees that retire from active service with a pension benefit payable immediately from Oregon PERS. This is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is sponsored and administered by City County Insurance Services (CIS). CIS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://www.cisoregon.org.

Benefits provided. Retirees and their dependents under age 65 are allowed to continue the health care coverages received prior to retirement. Premiums for retirees are tiered and based upon the premium rates available to active employees. The retiree is responsible for any portion of the premiums not paid by the Employer. The implicit employer subsidy is measured as the expected health care cost per retiree and dependent, less the gross premiums charged by the insurance carrier for that coverage. The subsidy is only measured for retirees and their spouses younger than age 65, at which point such retirees and spouses typically become eligible for Medicare.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At June 30, 2023, a total of 155 active employees and 6 retired employees or beneficiaries were covered.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability actuarial valuation, measured as of June 30, 2023, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date Measurement date	July 1, 2022 June 30, 2023
Discount rate	3.65 percent, based on a 20 year general bond obligation yield index
Discoulterate	published by the Bond Buyer.
Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	3.40 percent, including inflation
Health care cost trends	4.25 percent for 2022, fluctuating between 3.75 percent and 6.75 percent through 2072+
Mortality rates	PUB-2010 General and Safety Employee and Healthy Retiree tables, sex distinct for members and dependents, with a one-year setback for male general service employees and female safety employees.
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB
	Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$579,002
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	63,863
Interest on total OPEB liability	21,768
Effect of changes to benefit terms	-
Effect of economic / demographic gains or losses	-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(4,804)
Benefit payments	(56,378)
Balance as of June 30, 2024	\$603,451

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.54% in 2023 to 3.65% in 2024.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the OPEB liability of the City as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.65%)	(3.65%)	(4.65%)
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$648,200	\$603,451	\$561,532

June 30, 2024

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the City as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost	
		Trend Rate	
	1% Decrease	Current (Blended)	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$539,889	\$603,451	\$678,398

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$79,014. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		red Inflows	Οι	Deferred utflows of
	OT H	lesources	R	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	82,228
Change of assumptions		95,111		4,425
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		54,520
Total	\$	95,111	\$	141,173

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$54,520 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30:	 Amount
2025	\$ (1,035)
2026	(643)
2027	(1,539)
2028	(1,516)
2029	(1,727)
Thereafter	 (1,998)
Total	\$ (8,458)

General Information about the OPERS RHIA OPEB Plan

Plan description. The City contributes to the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Systems' (OPERS) Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board (OPERB). RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. ORS 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants hired after August 29, 2003. An annual comprehensive financial report of the funds administered by the OPERB may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700 or by accessing the PERS web site at www.oregon.gov/PERS/.

June 30, 2024

Benefits provided. Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost, the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if they (1) are receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Contributions. OPERS funding policy provides for employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates for the period were based on the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2023. The City contributed 0.06% of PERS-covered salaries for Tier One/Tier Two members to fund the normal cost portion of RHIA benefits and 0.00% of all PERS-covered salaries to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years. The City's contributions to OPERS RHIA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 were approximately \$71. Employees are not required to contribute to the RHIA plan.

OPEB Assets, Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the City reported an asset of \$315,527 for its proportionate share of the collective OPEB asset. The collective net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the collective net asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2023. The City's proportion of the collective net OPEB asset was based on a projection of the City's long-term contributions to the RHIA plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating municipalities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the City's proportion was 0.0862%, which was a decrease of 0.016% from its proportion of 0.0702% measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB income from this plan of \$36,519. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	7,921
Change of assumptions		-		3,402
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		895		-
Changes in proportionate share		5,308		27,899
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		71		-
Total	\$	6,274	\$	39,222

June 30, 2024

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$71 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as either a reduction of the net OPEB liability or an increase in the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30:	 Amount
2025	\$ (30,559)
2026	(18,303)
2027	11,661
2028	4,182
Total	\$ (33,019)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date	December 31, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2023
Experience study	2020, published July 20, 2021
Actuarial assumptions:	
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation rate	2.40 percent
Long-term expected rate of return	6.90 percent
Discount rate	6.90 percent
Projected salary increases	3.40 percent
Retiree healthcare participation	Healthy retirees: 27.5%
	Disabled retirees: 15%
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable
Mortality rates	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
	PUB-2010 Healthy retiree, sex-distinct, generational with unisex,
	social security data scale, with job category adjustments and set-
	backs as described in the valuation.
	Active members:
	PUB-2010 Employees, sex-distinct, generational with unisex,
	social security data scale, with job category adjustments and set-
	backs as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees:
	PUB-2010 Disabled retiree, sex-distinct, generational with unisex,
	social security data scale, with job category adjustments and set-
	backs as described in the valuation.

June 30, 2024

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.90%)	(6.90%)	(7.90%)
City's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$(286 <i>,</i> 816)	\$(315,527)	\$(340,163)

Changes in assumptions reflected no change in the discount rate from 6.90% in 2023 to 6.90% in 2024.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This page intentionally left blank.

Required Supplemental Other Postemployment Benefit Plans Information

City's total

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Schedule of the City's Total OPEB Liability (Asset)

Other Postemployment Benefit Plans Last Ten Fiscal Years*

											OPEB Liability
		Interest	Effect of	Effect of	Effect of		City's net	City's total	City's total	City's	as a percentage
Fiscal Year		on total	changes to	economic/	assumption	Effect of	change in	OPEB	OPEB	covered	of covered
Ended	Service	OPEB	benefit	demographic	changes	benefit	total OPEB	Liability	Liability	employee	employee
June 30	cost	Liability	terms	gains or losses	or inputs**	payments	Liability	Beginning	Ending	payroll***	payroll
2017	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 552,220	\$ 8,775,960	6.3%
2018	41,320	16,389	-	-	(31,589)	(37,264)	(11,144)	552,220	541,076	9,634,817	5.6%
2019	38,994	20,121	-	38,290	(67,228)	(36,390)	(6,213)	541,076	534,863	10,148,985	5.3%
2020	35,844	21,007	-	-	15,128	(56,323)	15,656	534,863	550,519	10,863,959	5.1%
2021	40,019	19,822	-	63,468	(64,554)	(48,783)	9,972	550,519	560,491	11,443,566	4.9%
2022	54,699	12,864	-	-	2,023	(66,575)	3,011	560,491	563,502	10,924,043	5.2%
2023	56,278	12,904	-	72,970	(81,637)	(45,015)	15,500	563,502	579,002	12,809,472	4.5%
2024	63,863	21,768	-	-	(4,804)	(56,378)	24,449	579,002	603,451	13,486,780	4.5%

*10-year trend information required by GASB Statement 75 will be presented prospectively as it becomes available.

**Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate.

***Contributions are not based on a measure of pay, therefore the covered employee payroll is used in the percentages above.

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System - RHIA

Last Ten Fiscal Y	'ears*				City's proportionate	Plan fiduciary	
			City's		share of the net OPEB	net position	
Fiscal Year	City's proportion	propo	ortionate share	City's	(asset)/liability	as a percentage	
Ended	of the net OPEB	of t	he net OPEB	covered	as a percentage	of total OPEB	
June 30	(asset)/liability	(as	set)/liability	payroll**	of covered payroll	(asset)/liability	_
2017	0.09696579	\$	26,332	\$ 9,227,258	0.3%	94.2%	
2018	0.08523494		(35,572)	8,775,960	-0.4%	108.9%	
2019	0.09074587		(101,297)	9,634,817	-1.1%	124.0%	
2020	0.09365014		(180,966)	10,148,985	-1.8%	144.4%	
2021	0.08739437		(178,075)	10,863,959	-1.6%	150.1%	
2022	0.08068048		(277,057)	11,443,566	-2.4%	183.9%	
2023	0.07022503		(249,534)	10,924,043	-2.3%	194.6%	
2024	0.08617085		(315,528)	12,809,472	-2.5%	201.6%	

*10-year trend information required by GASB Statement 75 will be presented prospectively as it becomes available.

**Measurement date is one year in arrears

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

Required Supplemental Pension Information

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					City's proportionate	Plan fiduciary
			City's		share of the net pension	net position
Fiscal Year	City's proportion	propo	ortionate share	City's	(asset)/liability	as a percentage
Ended	of the net pension	of th	e net pension	covered	as a percentage	of total pension
June 30	(asset)/liability	(as	set)/liability	 payroll*	of covered payroll	(asset)/liability
2015	0.11398347	\$	(2,583,680)	\$ 8,598,801	-30.0%	103.6%
2016	0.12604368		7,236,749	8,784,354	82.4%	91.9%
2017	0.11160605		16,754,659	9,227,258	181.6%	91.5%
2018	0.10356109		13,960,074	8,775,960	159.1%	81.6%
2019	0.09268392		14,040,393	9,634,817	145.7%	83.7%
2020	0.10089309		17,452,088	10,148,985	172.0%	82.3%
2021	0.08822277		19,253,243	10,863,959	177.2%	75.8%
2022	0.09470623		11,333,001	11,443,566	99.0%	87.6%
2023	0.09811370		15,023,177	10,924,043	137.5%	84.5%
2024	0.09159009		17,155,452	12,809,472	133.9%	81.7%

*Measurement date is one year in arrears

Schedule of the City's Contributions

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Contractually required contributions		Actual contributions ¹		de	tribution ficiency xcess)	City's covered payroll	Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2015	\$	967,083	\$	(967,083)	\$	-	\$ 8,784,354	11.0%
2016		1,207,398		(1,207,398)		-	9,227,258	13.1%
2017		1,141,080		(1,141,080)		-	8,775,960	13.0%
2018		1,495,817		(1,495,817)		-	9,634,817	15.5%
2019		1,604,670		(1,604,670)		-	10,148,985	15.8%
2020		2,220,442		(6,503,358)	(4	1,282,916)	10,863,959	20.4%
2021		2,053,544		(2,053,544)		-	11,443,566	17.9%
2022		2,078,531		(2,078,531)		-	10,924,043	19.0%
2023		2,277,543		(2,277,543)		-	12,809,472	17.8%
2024		2,573,337		(2,573,337)		-	13,486,780	19.1%

¹ Contributions in FYE2020 includes a one time payment, with an additional 25% match, totaling \$4,282,916.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts	Variance With		
	Origi		Amou	Final		Budgetary Basis	Final Budget		
REVENUES				Tinai		Dasis		lai Duuget	
Taxes	\$ 15,0	90,000	\$	15,090,000	\$	15,871,543	\$	781,543	
Intergovernmental		, 15,173	•	4,102,373	•	4,421,599	·	319,226	
Licenses and permits		42,800		242,800		146,467		(96,333)	
Charges for services	2	13,164		413,164		483,165		70,001	
Fines and forfeitures	2	250,000		250,000		164,038		(85,962)	
Investment revenue	3	804,600		304,600		1,271,807		967,207	
Other revenues	1	.81,450		181,450		498,086		316,636	
Total revenues	19,2	197,187		20,584,387		22,856,705		2,272,318	
EXPENDITURES									
Administration	2,2	226,115		2,226,115		1,948,145		277,970	
Finance	1,8	373,530		1,873,530		1,722,957		150,573	
Information systems	1,7	785,245		1,800,068		1,496,902		303,166	
Legal	7	82,122		782,122		725,437		56,685	
Human resources	1,2	179,950		1,179,950		1,096,252		83,698	
Law enforcement	6,5	57,308		6,557,308		6,052,874		504,434	
Municipal court	2	256,060		256,060		206,336		49,724	
Public works administration	9	988,470		1,038,470		822,277		216,193	
Building maintenance	1,9	984,287		1,984,287		1,687,399		296,888	
Parks maintenance	2,6	56,990		2,731,167		2,502,898		228,269	
Parks and recreation	2,0)20,258		2,020,258		1,891,909		128,349	
Library	2,4	193,968		2,493,968		2,476,014		17,954	
Debt service:									
Principal	1,1	28,080		1,128,080		1,128,080		-	
Interest		6,204		6,204		1,551		4,653	
Contingency	6,5	588,499		4,741,345		-		4,741,345	
Total expenditures	32,5	527,086		30,818,932		23,759,031		7,059,901	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(13,3	329,899)		(10,234,545)		(902,326)		9,332,219	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds of interfund loan	1,0)15,100		1,015,100		1,015,100		-	
Payment of interfund loan	(5	600,000)		(500,000)		(500,000)		-	
Transfers in	4,8	322,641		5,092,176		5,284,896		192,720	
Transfers out	(7,0)23,981)		(10,388,870)		(5,636,780)		4,752,090	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,6	586,240)		(4,781,594)		163,216		4,944,810	
Net change in fund balances	(15,0)16,139)		(15,016,139)		(739,110)		14,277,029	
Fund balances - beginning	18,6	58,339		18,658,339		23,018,697		4,360,358	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,6	542,200	\$	3,642,200	\$	22,279,587	\$	18,637,387	

See notes to required supplementary information.

Transit Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amou	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Va	ariance With		
	 Original		Final	Basis	Final Budget		
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 6,000,000	\$	6,000,000	\$ 5,989,921	\$	(10,079)	
Intergovernmental	4,174,500		4,174,500	4,697,197		522,697	
Charges for services	40,000		40,000	15,876		(24,124)	
Investment revenue	430,100		430,100	886,776		456,676	
Other revenues	 16,000		16,000	 19,568		3,568	
Total revenues	10,660,600		10,660,600	11,609,338		948,738	
EXPENDITURES Transit	10,357,630		10,357,630	7,453,352		2,904,278	
Contingency	13,445,013		13,445,013	-		13,445,013	
Total expenditures	 23,802,643		23,802,643	 7,453,352		16,349,291	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (13,142,043)		(13,142,043)	4,155,986		17,298,029	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	 (1,043,990)		(1,043,990)	 (733,674)		310,316	
Net change in fund balances	(14,186,033)		(14,186,033)	3,422,312		17,608,345	
Fund balances - beginning	 15,836,033		15,836,033	 17,714,367		1,878,334	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,650,000	\$	1,650,000	\$ 21,136,679	\$	19,486,679	

See notes to required supplementary information.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Notes to Required Supplemental Information

For the year ended June 30, 2024

1. Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

Sections of Oregon Revised Statutes (Oregon Budget Law) require most transactions be budgeted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. However, there are certain transactions where statutory budget requirements conflict with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The following discusses the differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis of accounting for the General Fund and the Transit Fund.

	Ge	eneral Fund	T	ransit Fund
Net change in fund balance - budget basis	\$	(739,110)	\$	3,422,312
Budgeted resources not qualifying as revenues or other				
financing sources under GAAP:				
Repayment of interfund loans are treated as transfers on a budgetary basis				
and as receivable on a GAAP basis.		(504,950)		-
Indirect and other cost reimbursements received are reported as revenues or other financing sources on a budget basis. Such receipts are reclassified as a				
reduction of expenditures on a GAAP basis.		(4,866,676)		672,252
Budgeted expenditures not qualifying as expenditures or other				
financing uses under GAAP:				
Interfund loans are treated as transfers on a budgetary basis and as payable on a GAAP basis.		1,128,080		-
Indirect and other costs reimbursed are reported as expenditures on a budget basis. Such disbursements are reclassified as a reduction of revenues and				
other financing sources on a GAAP basis.		4,866,676		(672,252)
Net change in fund balance - GAAP basis	\$	(115,980)	\$	3,422,312

This page intentionally left blank.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
- Other Financial Schedules

COMBINING STATEMENTS

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Building Inspections

Accounts for the administrative and enforcement of building codes.

Community Development

Accounts for activities related to civil engineering, planning, urban renewal management, stormwater management and natural resources.

Road Operating

Accounts for revenues from gasoline tax apportionments from the State of Oregon that are used for the repair and maintenance associated with streets.

Road Maintenance Regulatory

Accounts for a special fee on commercial and residential dwellings to be used for major road repairs and reconstruction.

Urban Renewal - Wilsonville Investment Now Program

Accounts for the income and distribution of funds related to the Wilsonville Investment Now Program.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the debt sold to finance designated street and utility improvements and/or major projects. Urban Renewal - Coffee Creek Plan Debt Service

Accounts for the collection of tax increment (property tax) revenues and the payment of principal and interest on outstanding debt associated with the Coffee Creek Plan Urban Renewal District.

Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Parks Capital Projects

Accounts for acquisition and development of parks and open spaces that are paid from system development charges, donations, grants, and transfers from operating funds.

Streets Development Charges

Accounts for collection of system development charges from new residential and commercial construction. Proceeds are used to pay for infrastructure expansion.

Washington County Transportation Development Tax

Accounts for collection of Washingtong County development tax from new residential and commercial construction. Proceeds are used to pay for development within Washington County portion of Wilsonville.

Frog Pond West

Accounts for collection of system development charges from new residential and commercial construction. Proceeds are used to pay for infrastructure expansion.

Parks Development Charges

Accounts for collection of system development charges from new residential and commercial construction. Proceeds are used to pay for parks infrastructure expansion.

Urban Renewal - Year 2000 Plan Program Income

Accounts for the less restricted, non bond proceed, income related to the Year 2000 Urban Renewal District. Includes revenue such as reimbursements, loan repayments, and land sales.

Urban Renewal - West Side Plan Capital Projects

Accouts for the construction or reconstruction of capital projects witin the boundaries of the West Side Urban Renewal District. These improvements are paid from the issuance of debt and revenues from property taxes and interest earnings.

Urban Renewal - West Side Plan Program Income

Accounts for the less restricted, non bond proceed, income related to the West Side Urban Renewal District. Includes revenue such as reimbursements, loan repayments, and land sales.

Urban Renewal - Coffee Creek Plan Capital Projects

Accounts for acquisition, construction, and improvements within the district that are financed from the issuance of debt and interest earnings.

This page intentionally left blank.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2024

	Combined Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			Urban Renewal ffee Creek bt Service	Combined Nonmajor pital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	13,568,500	\$	-	\$ 7,465,272	\$	21,033,772	
Restricted cash and investments		1,518,120		241,102	19,000,761		20,759,983	
Receivables:								
Interest receivable		96,049		1,782	179,590		277,421	
Accounts receivable		338,671		-	-		338,671	
Taxes receivable		18,421		14,643	 -		33,064	
Total assets	\$	15,539,761	\$	257,527	\$ 26,645,623	\$	42,442,911	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	1,004,780	\$	-	\$ 32,278	\$	1,037,058	
Other accrued liabilities		206,569		-	3,023		209,592	
Deposits		673,252		-	-		673,252	
Unearned revenue		16,684		-	-		16,684	
Total liabilities		1,901,285		-	 35,301		1,936,586	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		13,558		13,574	 -		27,132	
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		-		243,953	19,129,694		19,373,647	
Committed		1,392,700		-	-		1,392,700	
Assigned		12,232,218		-	7,480,628		19,712,846	
Total fund balances		13,624,918		243,953	 26,610,322		40,479,193	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances	\$	15,539,761	\$	257,527	\$ 26,645,623	\$	42,442,911	

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

	Building nspection	ommunity evelopment	(Road Operating	 Road aintenance legulatory	W Inve	Urban Renewal Wilsonville Investment Now Program		Renewal Wilsonville Investment Now		Total Nonmajor ccial Revenue Funds
ASSETS	 										
Cash and investments	\$ 4,376,281	\$ 2,389,153	\$	2,545,002	\$ 4,258,064	\$	-	\$	13,568,500		
Restricted cash and investments	-	673,252		-	-		844,868		1,518,120		
Receivables:											
Interest receivable	29,586	20,359		17,210	28,894		-		96,049		
Accounts receivable	-	-		198,758	139,913		-		338,671		
Taxes receivable	 -	-		-	 -		18,421		18,421		
Total assets	\$ 4,405,867	\$ 3,082,764	\$	2,760,970	\$ 4,426,871	\$	863,289	\$	15,539,761		
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$ 71,169	\$ 77,038	\$	9,119	\$ -	\$	847,454	\$	1,004,780		
Other accrued liabilities	139,928	59,091		7,550	-		-		206,569		
Deposits	-	673,252		-	-		-		673,252		
Unearned revenue	16,684	-		-	-		-		16,684		
Total liabilities	 227,781	 809,381		16,669	 -		847,454		1,901,285		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 -	 -		-	-		13,558		13,558		
FUND BALANCES											
Committed	266,500	897,700		228,500	-		-		1,392,700		
Assigned	3,911,586	1,375,683		2,515,801	4,426,871		2,277		12,232,218		
Total fund balances	 4,178,086	 2,273,383		2,744,301	 4,426,871		2,277		13,624,918		
Total liabilities and	 <u> </u>	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>				<u> </u>		
fund balances	\$ 4,405,867	\$ 3,082,764	\$	2,760,970	\$ 4,426,871	\$	863,289	\$	15,539,761		

This page intentionally left blank.

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2024

					W	/ashington County			
		Parks		Streets	Tra	insportation			Parks
		Capital	D	evelopment	De	evelopment	Frog Pond	De	evelopment
	I	Projects		Charges		Тах	West		Charges
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	374,193	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Restricted cash and investments		-		10,274,514		2,061,366	4,224,926		2,439,955
Receivables:									
Interest receivable		2,539		69,719		13,988	 28,669		16,557
Total assets	\$	376,732	\$	10,344,233	\$	2,075,354	\$ 4,253,595	\$	2,456,512
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	32,278	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Other accrued liabilities		3,023		-		-	-		-
Total liabilities		35,301		-		-	 -		-
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted		-		10,344,233		2,075,354	4,253,595		2,456,512
Assigned		341,431		-		-	-		-
Total fund balances		341,431		10,344,233		2,075,354	4,253,595		2,456,512
Total liabilities and									
fund balances	\$	376,732	\$	10,344,233	\$	2,075,354	\$ 4,253,595	\$	2,456,512

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Combining Balance Sheet (continued)

June 30, 2024

Re Yea Pr	Irban newal ar 2000 ogram icome		Urban Renewal West Side Capital Projects		Urban Renewal /est Side Program Income	Co	Urban Renewal ffee Creek Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds		
\$	-	\$	6,454,600 -	\$	144,567 -	\$	491,912 -	\$	7,465,272 19,000,761	
	-		43,799		981		3,338		179,590	
\$	-	\$	6,498,399	\$	145,548	\$	495,250	\$	26,645,623	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,278	
	-		-		-		-		3,023	
	-		-		-		-		35,301	
	-		-		-		-		19,129,694	
	-	_	6,498,399	_	145,548		495,250	_	7,480,628	
	-		6,498,399		145,548		495,250		26,610,322	
\$	-	\$	6,498,399	\$	145,548	\$	495,250	\$	26,645,623	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

		Combined Urban Nonmajor Renewal Special Revenue Coffee Creek Funds Debt Service		Combined Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	G	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES	4	0.40,000	<u> </u>	670.046	<u>,</u>	<u>,</u>	4 633 888
Taxes	\$	943,893	\$	679,916	\$-	\$	1,623,809
Intergovernmental		2,164,256		-	-		2,164,256
Licenses and permits		2,800,738		-	2,788,547		5,589,285
Charges for services		3,292,703		-	-		3,292,703
System development charges		-		-	3,714,883		3,714,883
Investment revenue		645,694		22,990	1,391,909		2,060,593
Other revenues		14,991		-	5,000		19,991
Total revenues		9,862,275		702,906	7,900,339		18,465,520
EXPENDITURES							
Current operating:							
General government		1,789,022		-	57,527		1,846,549
Public works		1,534,033		-	-		1,534,033
Community development		2,894,435		-	404,055		3,298,490
Debt service:							
Principal		261,400		677,304	-		938,704
Interest		95,130		101,231	-		196,361
Capital outlay		-		-	3,171,726		3,171,726
Total expenditures		6,574,020		778,535	3,633,308		10,985,863
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		3,288,255		(75,629)	4,267,031		7,479,657
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Interagency loan proceeds		-		-	500,000		500,000
Interagency transfer out		-		-	(25,000)		(25,000)
Transfers in		750,000		-	3,277,680		4,027,680
Transfers out		(4,757,179)		-	(6,938,874)		(11,696,053)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,007,179)		-	(3,186,194)		(7,193,373)
Net change in fund balances		(718,924)		(75,629)	1,080,837		286,284
Fund balances - beginning		14,343,842		319,582	25,529,485		40,192,909
Fund balances - ending	\$	13,624,918	\$	243,953	\$ 26,610,322	\$	40,479,193

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

	Building Inspections	Community Development	Road Operating	Road Maintenance Regulatory	Urban Renewal Wilsonville Investment Now Program	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
REVENUES Taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ 943,893	\$ 943,893	
Intergovernmental	Ş -	Ş -	۔ 2,164,256	Ş -	ə 945,695	5 945,895 2,164,256	
Licenses and permits	1,721,776	1,078,962	2,104,230	-	-	2,800,738	
Charges for services	1,721,770	589,675	-	2,703,028	-	3,292,703	
Investment revenue	- 195,577	116,192	152,110	181,815	-	645,694	
Other revenues	193,377	87	14,904	101,015	-	14,991	
Total revenues	1,917,353	1,784,916	2,331,270	2,884,843	943,893	9,862,275	
EXPENDITURES							
Current operating:							
General government	207,962	462,156	177,288	-	941,616	1,789,022	
Public works	32,758	131,376	1,369,899	-		1,534,033	
Community development	1,164,843	1,729,592	-	-	-	2,894,435	
Debt service:		, ,			-		
Principal	-	-	261,400	-	-	261,400	
Interest	-	-	95,130	-	-	95,130	
Total expenditures	1,405,563	2,323,124	1,903,717	-	941,616	6,574,020	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
over (under) expenditures	511,790	(538,208)	427,553	2,884,843	2,277	3,288,255	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	-	750,000	-	-	-	750,000	
Transfers out	(3,204)	(14,400)	(1,969,875)	(2,769,700)		(4,757,179)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,204)	735,600	(1,969,875)	(2,769,700)		(4,007,179)	
Net change in fund balances	508,586	197,392	(1,542,322)	115,143	2,277	(718,924)	
Fund balances - beginning	3,669,500	2,075,991	4,286,623	4,311,728		14,343,842	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,178,086	\$ 2,273,383	\$ 2,744,301	\$ 4,426,871	\$ 2,277	\$ 13,624,918	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

	Parks Capital Projects	D	Streets evelopment Charges	Tra	ashington County nsportation velopment Tax	Frog Pond West	De	Parks velopment Charges
REVENUES								
Licenses and permits	\$ 36,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,752,047	\$	-
System development charges	-		2,782,453		335,821	-		596,609
Investment revenue	14,524		604,139		84,315	244,610		111,937
Other revenues	 -		-		-	 -		-
Total revenues	 51,024		3,386,592		420,136	 2,996,657		708,546
EXPENDITURES								
Current operating:								
General government	57,527		-		-	-		-
Community development	101,154		16,561		-	14,504		3,382
Capital outlay	 3,171,564		-		-	 -		-
Total expenditures	 3,330,245		16,561		-	 14,504		3,382
Excess (deficiencies)								
of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	 (3,279,221)		3,370,031		420,136	 2,982,153		705,164
OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)								
Interagency loan proceeds	-		-		-	-		-
Interagency transfer out	-		-		-	-		-
Transfers in	3,277,680		-		-	-		-
Transfers out	 -		(3,997,690)		-	 (2,745,597)		(195,587)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	 3,277,680		(3,997,690)		-	 (2,745,597)		(195,587)
Net change in fund balances	(1,541)		(627,659)		420,136	236,556		509,577
Fund balances - beginning	 342,972		10,971,892		1,655,218	 4,017,039		1,946,935
Fund balances - ending	\$ 341,431	\$	10,344,233	\$	2,075,354	\$ 4,253,595	\$	2,456,512

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (continued)

Urban Renewal Year 2000 Program Income	Urban Renewal West Side Capital Projects	Urban Renewal West Side Program Income	Urban Renewal Coffee Creek Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds		
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,788,547		
-	-	-	-	3,714,883		
447	311,731	6,900	13,306	1,391,909		
5,000				5,000		
5,447	311,731	6,900	13,306	7,900,339		
- 1,183 	- 133,271 162	-	- 134,000 -	57,527 404,055 3,171,726		
1,183	133,433	-	134,000	3,633,308		
4,264	178,298	6,900	(120,694)	4,267,031		
-	-	-	500,000	500,000		
(25,000)	-	-	-	(25,000)		
-	-	-	-	3,277,680		
-	-	-	-	(6,938,874)		
(25,000)			500,000	(3,186,194)		
(20,736)	178,298	6,900	379,306	1,080,837		
20,736	6,320,101	138,648	115,944	25,529,485		
<u>\$ </u>	\$ 6,498,399	\$ 145,548	\$ 495,250	\$ 26,610,322		

This page intentionally left blank.

SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

- Building Inspection
- Community Development
- Road Operating
- Road Maintenance Regulatory
- Urban Renewal Wilsonville Investment Now Program Income

Debt Service Funds

- Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan Debt Service
- Urban Renewal Coffee Creek Plan Debt Service

Capital Project Funds

- Parks Capital Projects
- Streets Development Charges
- Washington County Transportation Development Tax
- Frog Pond West
- Parks Development Charges
- Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan Program Income
- Urban Renewal West Side Plan Capital Projects
- Urban Renewal West Side Plan Program Income
- Urban Renewal Coffee Creek Plan Capital Projects

This page intentionally left blank.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Building Inspection Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Amou	-	Actual Amounts udgetary	Variance With		
	(Driginal		Final		Basis	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES								
Licenses and permits	\$	1,204,000	\$	1,204,000	\$	1,721,776	\$	517,776
Investment revenue		71,700		71,700		195,577		123,877
Total revenues		1,275,700		1,275,700		1,917,353		641,653
EXPENDITURES								
Building inspection		1,275,714		1,275,714		1,062,711		213,003
Contingency		2,385,269		2,385,269		-		2,385,269
Total expenditures		3,660,983		3,660,983		1,062,711		2,598,272
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(2,385,283)		(2,385,283)		854,642		3,239,925
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(346,058)		(346,058)		(346,056)		2
Total other financing sources (uses)		(346,058)		(346,058)		(346,056)		2
Net change in fund balances		(2,731,341)		(2,731,341)		508,586		3,239,927
Fund balances - beginning		2,997,841		2,997,841		3,669,500		671,659
Fund balances - ending	\$	266,500	\$	266,500	\$	4,178,086	\$	3,911,586

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Community Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With		
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$-	\$ 21,713	\$-	\$ (21,713)		
Licenses and permits	848,302	848,302	1,078,962	230,660		
Charges for services	727,900	747,714	589,675	(158,039)		
Investment revenue	44,400	44,400	116,192	71,792		
Other revenues	-	-	87	87		
Total revenues	1,620,602	1,662,129	1,784,916	122,787		
EXPENDITURES						
Community development administration	656,240	656,240	610,221	46,019		
Engineering	2,477,824	2,477,824	2,163,241	314,583		
Planning	1,354,580	1,354,580	1,181,484	173,096		
Contingency	108,730	490,456	-	490,456		
Total expenditures	4,597,374	4,979,100	3,954,946	1,024,154		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(2,976,772)	(3,316,971)	(2,170,030)	1,146,941		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	3,027,023	3,488,935	2,975,354	(513,581)		
Transfers out	(607,926)	(729,639)	(607,932)	121,707		
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,419,097	2,759,296	2,367,422	(391,874)		
				(00-)01-1/		
Net change in fund balances	(557,675)	(557,675)	197,392	755,067		
Fund balances - beginning	1,455,375	1,455,375	2,075,991	620,616		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 897,700	\$ 897,700	\$ 2,273,383	\$ 1,375,683		

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Road Operating Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With		
	Original	Final		 Basis	Fi	nal Budget	
REVENUES			_				
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,240,600	\$	2,240,600	\$ 2,164,256	\$	(76,344)	
Investment revenue	52,200		52,200	152,110		99,910	
Other revenues			-	 14,904		14,904	
Total revenues	 2,292,800		2,292,800	 2,331,270		38,470	
EXPENDITURES							
Road operating	1,440,582		1,540,582	1,099,370		441,212	
Debt service:							
Principal	262,000		262,000	261,400		600	
Interest	96,000		96,000	95,130		870	
Contingency	 1,513,685		739,417	 -		739,417	
Total expenditures	3,312,267		2,637,999	 1,455,900		1,182,099	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 (1,019,467)		(345,199)	 875,370		1,220,569	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	 (2,161,694)		(2,835,962)	 (2,417,692)		418,270	
Net change in fund balances	(3,181,161)		(3,181,161)	(1,542,322)		1,638,839	
Fund balances - beginning	 3,409,661		3,409,661	 4,286,623		876,962	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 228,500	\$	228,500	\$ 2,744,301	\$	2,515,801	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Road Maintenance Regulatory Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgete	d Amoı	ınts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Va	riance With
	 Original		Final	 Basis	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 2,249,000	\$	2,249,000	\$ 2,703,028	\$	454,028
Investment revenue	 87,100		87,100	 181,815		94,715
Total revenues	 2,336,100		2,336,100	 2,884,843		548,743
EXPENDITURES Contingency	2,142,932		2,141,212			2,141,212
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 193,168		194,888	 2,884,843		2,689,955
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	 (4,235,000)		(4,236,720)	 (2,769,700)		1,467,020
Net change in fund balances	(4,041,832)		(4,041,832)	115,143		4,156,975
Fund balances - beginning	 4,041,832		4,041,832	 4,311,728		269,896
Fund balances - ending	\$ 	\$	-	\$ 4,426,871	\$	4,426,871

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON

Urban Renewal - Wilsonville Investment Now Program Income Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	 Budgeted	Amou		A	Actual mounts udgetary		ance With
REVENUES	 Original		Final		Basis	FIN	al Budget
Taxes Investment revenue	\$ 750,000 10,300	\$	1,005,000 10,300	\$	943,893 -	\$	(61,107) (10,300)
Total revenues	 760,300		1,015,300		943,893		(71,407)
EXPENDITURES Materials and services Contingency	750,000 10,300		1,005,000 10,300		941,616 -		63,384 10,300
Total expenditures	 760,300		1,015,300		941,616		73,684
Net change in fund balances	 -		-		2,277		2,277
Fund balances - beginning	 -				-		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 	\$		\$	2,277	\$	2,277

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Urban Renewal - West Side Plan Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual Amounts Sudgetary	Variance With		
	 Original	Final		Basis		Final Budget		
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 1,672,200	\$	1,672,200	\$	534,438	\$	(1,137,762)	
Investment revenue	 20,630		20,630		109,354		88,724	
Total revenues	 1,692,830		1,692,830		643,792		(1,049,038)	
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service:								
Principal	4,110,000		4,110,000		4,110,000		-	
Interest	592,025		592,025		77,519		514,506	
Total expenditures	 4,702,025		4,702,025		4,187,519		514,506	
Net change in fund balances	(3,009,195)		(3,009,195)		(3,543,727)		(534,532)	
Fund balances - beginning	 3,480,979		3,480,979		3,543,727		62,748	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 471,784	\$	471,784	\$	-	\$	(471,784)	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Urban Renewal - Coffee Creek Plan Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	 Budgeted	Amour	A	Actual mounts udgetary	Variance With		
	 Original		Final		Basis	Final Budget	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 566,800	\$	566,800	\$	679,916	\$	113,116
Investment revenue	 8,510		8,510		22,990		14,480
Total revenues	 575,310		575,310		702,906		127,596
EXPENDITURES							
Debt service:							
Principal	680,000		680,000		677,304		2,696
Interest	102,000		102,000		101,231		769
Total expenditures	 782,000		782,000		778,535		3,465
Net change in fund balances	(206,690)		(206,690)		(75,629)		131,061
Fund balances - beginning	 309,352		309,352		319,582		10,230
Fund balances - ending	\$ 102,662	\$	102,662	\$	243,953	\$	141,291

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Facilities Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	l Amoı	ints		Actual Amounts udgetary	Va	riance With		
	Original			Final		Basis		Final Budget		
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	-	\$	(200,000)		
Investment revenue		45,000		45,000		123,903		78,903		
Other revenues		-		-		2,832		2,832		
Total revenues		245,000		245,000		126,735		(118,265)		
EXPENDITURES										
Capital outlay		10,270,557		12,731,661		10,025,100		2,706,561		
Contingency		293,598		293,598		-		293,598		
Total expenditures		10,564,155		13,025,259		10,025,100		3,000,159		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(10,319,155)		(12,780,259)		(9,898,365)		2,881,894		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		4,761,221		7,222,325		4,379,318		(2,843,007)		
Transfers out		(63,464)		(63,464)		(50,524)		12,940		
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,697,757		7,158,861		4,328,794		(2,830,067)		
Net change in fund balances		(5,621,398)		(5,621,398)		(5,569,571)		51,827		
Fund balances - beginning		5,621,398		5,621,398		5,798,034		176,636		
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	228,463	\$	228,463		

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Streets Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	 Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual Amounts Sudgetary	Variance With		
	Original	Final		Basis		Final Budget		
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$ 528,077	\$	528,077	\$	504,429	\$	(23,648)	
Investment revenue	60,000		60,000		122,228		62,228	
Other revenues	 -		-		70,000		70,000	
Total revenues	 588,077		588,077		696,657		108,580	
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay	24,428,011		26,012,472		9,147,662		16,864,810	
Contingency	504,734		504,734		-		504,734	
Total expenditures	24,932,745		26,517,206		9,147,662		17,369,544	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	 (24,344,668)		(25,929,129)		(8,451,005)		17,478,124	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Interagency transfers in	25,000		25,000		25,000		-	
Transfers in	21,815,593		23,796,753		10,692,258		(13,104,495)	
Transfers out	(1,021,691)		(1,418,390)		(1,007,253)		411,137	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 20,818,902		22,403,363		9,710,005		(12,693,358)	
Net change in fund balances	(3,525,766)		(3,525,766)		1,259,000		4,784,766	
Fund balances - beginning	 3,525,766		3,525,766		1,513,185		(2,012,581)	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 	\$	_	\$	2,772,185	\$	2,772,185	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Parks Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Licenses and permits	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 36,500	\$ 31,500
Investment revenue	9,200	9,200	14,524	5,324
Total revenues	14,200	14,200	51,024	36,824
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	3,560,000	6,575,069	3,171,564	3,403,505
Contingency	526,294	526,294	-	526,294
Total expenditures	4,086,294	7,101,363	3,171,564	3,929,799
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(4,072,094)	(7,087,163)	(3,120,540)	3,966,623
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	3,978,400	7,080,681	3,277,680	(3,803,001)
Transfers out	(241,700)	(328,912)	(158,681)	170,231
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,736,700	6,751,769	3,118,999	(3,632,770)
Net change in fund balances	(335,394)	(335,394)	(1,541)	333,853
Fund balances - beginning	335,394	335,394	342,972	7,578
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 341,431	\$ 341,431

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Streets Development Charges Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amou	unts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With			
	Original		Final	 Basis	Final Budget			
REVENUES								
System development charges	\$ 1,800,000	\$	1,800,000	\$ 2,782,453	\$	982,453		
Investment revenue	 40,000		40,000	 604,139		564,139		
Total revenues	 1,840,000		1,840,000	 3,386,592		1,546,592		
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and services	43,130		43,130	16,561		26,569		
Contingency	 336,558		399,967	 -		399,967		
Total expenditures	 379,688		443,097	 16,561		426,536		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,460,312		1,396,903	3,370,031		1,973,128		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	 (10,712,968)		(11,449,559)	 (3,997,690)		7,451,869		
Net change in fund balances	(9,252,656)		(10,052,656)	(627,659)		9,424,997		
Fund balances - beginning	 9,252,656		10,052,656	 10,971,892		919,236		
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 10,344,233	\$	10,344,233		

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Washington County Transportation Development Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	 Budgeted	Amou		-	Actual Amounts udgetary	Variance With		
	 Original		Final		Basis	Fi	nal Budget	
REVENUES System Development Charges Investment revenue	\$ 250,000 44,700	\$	250,000 44,700	\$	335,821 84,315	\$	85,821 39,615	
Total revenues	 294,700		294,700		420,136		125,436	
EXPENDITURES Contingency	 1,919,280		1,919,280		_		1,919,280	
Net change in fund balances	(1,624,580)		(1,624,580)		420,136		2,044,716	
Fund balances - beginning	 1,624,580		1,624,580		1,655,218		30,638	
Fund balances - ending	\$ _	\$		\$	2,075,354	\$	2,075,354	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Frog Pond West Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual Amounts udgetary	Va	riance With	
	 Original		Final		Basis		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Licenses and permits	\$ 2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,752,047	\$	752,047	
Investment revenue	28,300		28,300		244,610		216,310	
Total revenues	 2,028,300		2,028,300		2,996,657		968,357	
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and services	36,180		36,180		14,504		21,676	
Contingency	 808,697		1,451,705		-		1,451,705	
Total expenditures	844,877		1,487,885		14,504		1,473,381	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	 (3,199,297)		(4,557,454)		(2,745,597)		1,811,857	
Net change in fund balances	(2,015,874)		(4,017,039)		236,556		4,253,595	
Fund balances - beginning	 2,015,874		4,017,039		4,017,039			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 	\$	-	\$	4,253,595	\$	4,253,595	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Parks Development Charges Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With	
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
System development charges	\$ 550,000	\$ 550,000	\$ 596,609	\$ 46,609	
Investment revenue	12,000	12,000	111,937	99,937	
Total revenues	562,000	562,000	708,546	146,546	
EXPENDITURES					
Materials and services	17,570	17,570	3,382	14,188	
Contingency	528,882	133,925	-	133,925	
Total expenditures	546,452	151,495	3,382	148,113	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	15,548	410,505	705,164	294,659	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	(1,111,946)	(1,506,903)	(195,587)	1,311,316	
Net change in fund balances	(1,096,398)	(1,096,398)	509,577	1,605,975	
Fund balances - beginning	1,096,398	1,096,398	1,946,935	850,537	
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,456,512	\$ 2,456,512	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Urban Renewal - Year 2000 Plan Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amou	ints		Actual Amounts Budgetary	Vai	riance With
	 Original		Final	Basis		Final Budget	
REVENUES							
Investment revenue	\$ 262,000	\$	476,000	\$	602,006	\$	126,006
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services	262,900		295,572		216,218		79,354
Capital outlay	9,273,000		14,410,972		13,162,214		1,248,758
Total expenditures	9,535,900		14,706,544		13,378,432		1,328,112
Net change in fund balances	(9,273,900)		(14,230,544)		(12,776,426)		1,454,118
Fund balances - beginning	9,273,900		14,230,544		14,230,545		1
	 2,220,000		, 0,0		,		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 	\$		\$	1,454,119	\$	1,454,119

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Urban Renewal - Year 2000 Plan Program Income Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts	A	Actual mounts dgetary	Varia	nce With	
	Or	iginal		Final		Basis		Final Budget	
REVENUES									
Investment revenue	\$	800	\$	800	\$	447	\$	(353)	
Other revenues		-		-		5,000		5,000	
Total revenues		800		800		5,447		4,647	
EXPENDITURES Materials and services		5,000		5,000		1,183		3,817	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,200)		(4,200)		4,264		8,464	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interagency transfer out		(25,000)		(25,000)		(25,000)			
Net change in fund balances		(29,200)		(29,200)		(20,736)		8,464	
Fund balances - beginning		29,200		29,200		20,736		(8,464)	
Fund balances - ending	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	_	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Urban Renewal - West Side Plan Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	 Budgeted	l Amou	nts	Actual Amounts udgetary	Va	riance With
	Original		Final	Basis	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES Investment revenue	\$ 165,000	\$	165,000	\$ 311,731	\$	146,731
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and services	257,364		277,178	133,271		143,907
Capital outlay	710,000		710,000	162		709,838
Contingency	 5,382,292		5,382,292	 -		5,382,292
Total expenditures	 6,349,656		6,369,470	 133,433		6,236,037
Net change in fund balances	(6,184,656)		(6,204,470)	178,298		6,382,768
Fund balances - beginning	 6,184,656		6,204,470	 6,320,101		115,631
Fund balances - ending	\$ 	\$		\$ 6,498,399	\$	6,498,399

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Urban Renewal - West Side Plan Program Income Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Amour	nts	Α	Actual mounts dgetary	Vari	ance With
	(Original		Final	Basis		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Investment revenue	\$	3,715	\$	3,715	\$	6,900	\$	3,185
EXPENDITURES								
Contingency		139,802		139,802				139,802
						_		
Net change in fund balances		(136,087)		(136,087)		6,900		142,987
Fund balances - beginning		136,087		136,087		138,648		2,561
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$		\$	145,548	\$	145,548

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Urban Renewal - Coffee Creek Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budge	ed Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With	
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Investment revenue	\$ 3,095	\$ 3,095	\$ 13,306	\$ 10,211	
EXPENDITURES					
Materials and services	136,500	136,500	134,000	2,500	
Contingency	479,130	479,130	-	479,130	
Total expenditures	615,630	615,630	134,000	481,630	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(612,535) (612,535)	(120,694)	491,841	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt	500,000	500,000	500,000		
Net change in fund balances	(112,535) (112,535)	379,306	491,841	
Fund balances - beginning	112,535	112,535	115,944	3,409	
Fund balances - ending	\$	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 495,250	\$ 495,250	

This page intentionally left blank.

SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

- Water Operating
- Water Capital Projects
- Water Development Charges
- Water Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues
 and Expenditures to GAAP
- Sewer Operating
- Sewer Capital Projects
- Sewer Development Charges
- Sewer Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP
- Stormwater Operating
- Stormwater Capital Projects
- Stormwater Development Charges
- Stormwater Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP
- Street Lighting
- Street Lighting Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP
- Reconciliation of Budgetary Fund Balances to GAAP Basis Net Position

Internal Service Fund

• Fleet Fund

This page intentionally left blank.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Water Operating Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With	
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 10,104,780	\$ 10,104,780	\$ 10,560,506	\$ 455,726	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	17,815	17,815	
Investment revenue	324,500	324,500	1,225,288	900,788	
Other revenues	40,000	40,000	47,662	7,662	
Total revenues	10,469,280	10,469,280	11,851,271	1,381,991	
EXPENDITURES					
Water operating	1,687,774	1,687,774	1,480,861	206,913	
Water treatment	4,705,889	4,745,889	3,628,105	1,117,784	
Debt service:					
Principal	272,000	272,000	271,890	110	
Interest	99,000	99,000	98,649	351	
Contingency	10,961,360	8,884,493	-	8,884,493	
Total expenditures	17,726,023	15,689,156	5,479,505	10,209,651	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(7,256,743)	(5,219,876)	6,371,766	11,591,642	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from interfund loan	1,128,080	1,128,080	1,129,631	1,551	
Transfers out	(11,003,045)	(13,039,912)	(6,367,587)	6,672,325	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,874,965)	(11,911,832)	(5,237,956)	6,673,876	
Net change in fund balances	(17,131,708)	(17,131,708)	1,133,810	18,265,518	
Fund balances - beginning	18,279,708	18,279,708	22,286,670	4,006,962	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,148,000	\$ 1,148,000	\$ 23,420,480	\$ 22,272,480	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Water Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With	
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,899,610	\$ 5,418,987	\$ 4,129,503	\$ (1,289,484)	
Investment revenue	40,000	40,000	54,945	14,945	
Lease revenue	173,577	173,577	173,577	-	
Total revenues	5,113,187	5,632,564	4,358,025	(1,274,539)	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay	22,513,541	25,173,232	12,281,295	12,891,937	
Contingency	1,605,779	1,605,779	-	1,605,779	
Total expenditures	24,119,320	26,779,011	12,281,295	14,497,716	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			· /	<u> </u>	
over (under) expenditures	(19,006,133)	(21,146,447)	(7,923,270)	13,223,177	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	18,732,933	20,950,906	8,822,732	(12,128,174)	
Transfers out	(1,060,018)	(1,137,677)	(1,088,150)	49,527	
Total other financing sources (uses)	17,672,915	19,813,229	7,734,582	(12,078,647)	
Net change in fund balances	(1,333,218)	(1,333,218)	(188,688)	1,144,530	
Fund balances - beginning	1,333,218	1,333,218	667,313	(665,905)	
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 478,625	\$ 478,625	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Water Development Charges Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual Amounts Budgetary	Va	riance With	
	 Original		Final		Basis		Final Budget	
REVENUES			_					
System development charges	\$ 1,515,000	\$	1,515,000	\$	1,802,591	\$	287,591	
Investment revenue	 50,000		50,000		504,833		454,833	
Total revenues	 1,565,000		1,565,000		2,307,424		742,424	
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and services	26,980		26,980		9,859		17,121	
Debt service:	,		,		,		,	
Principal	284,000		284,000		283,500		500	
Interest	168,000		168,000		167,202		798	
Contingency	1,899,135		1,187,739		-		1,187,739	
Total expenditures	 2,378,115		1,666,719		460,561		1,206,158	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	 (813,115)		(101,719)		1,846,863		1,948,582	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	 (8,803,824)		(9,515,220)		(4,263,920)		5,251,300	
Net change in fund balances	(9,616,939)		(9,616,939)		(2,417,057)		7,199,882	
Fund balances - beginning	 9,616,939		9,616,939		10,953,898		1,336,959	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	8,536,841	\$	8,536,841	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Water Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Revenues			Expenditures		
Budgetary Basis:						
Water Operating Fund	\$	11,851,271	\$	5,479,505		
Water Capital Projects Fund		4,358,025		12,281,295		
Water Development Charges Fund		2,307,424		460,561		
Total - Budgetary Basis		18,516,720		18,221,361		
Adjustments:						
Interest from interfund loan		1,551		-		
Change in notes receivable		(622)		-		
Change in interest payable		-		(3,349)		
Payment of bond principal		-		(555,390)		
Capital acquisition		-		(12,719,065)		
Capital contributions		921,163		-		
Support services		-		1,041,355		
Depreciation expense		-		2,000,624		
Pension expense		-		22,764		
Change in OPEB		-		(293)		
Equity change in joint venture		-		62,954		
Disposition of capital assets		-		967,558		
Revenues and expenses	\$	19,438,812	\$	9,038,519		
GAAP Basis:						
Operating	\$	10,627,534	\$	7,745,505		
Nonoperating		1,958,643		1,293,014		
Capital contributions		6,852,635		-		
Total - GAAP Basis	\$	19,438,812	\$	9,038,519		

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Sewer Operating Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

		lgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With	
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 8,477		\$ 8,098,815	\$ (379,085)	
Investment revenue	114	,	749,896	634,996	
Other revenues		500 31,500	44,396	12,896	
Total revenues	8,624	300 8,624,300	8,893,107	268,807	
EXPENDITURES					
Sewer operating	1,205	015 1,205,015	944,081	260,934	
Sewer pretreatment	159,	632 159,632	142,603	17,029	
Sewer treatment	3,332,	276 3,332,276	3,035,878	296,398	
Debt service:					
Principal	2,530	000 2,530,000	2,528,780	1,220	
Interest	350,	000 350,000	348,999	1,001	
Contingency	2,678	577 296,529	-	296,529	
Total expenditures	10,255	500 7,873,452	7,000,341	873,111	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(1,631)	200) 750,848	1,892,766	1,141,918	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	600	000 600,000	600,000	-	
Transfers out	(11,357	299) (13,739,347)	(4,464,036)	9,275,311	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(10,757)			9,275,311	
Net change in fund balances	(12,388)	499) (12,388,499)	(1,971,270)	10,417,229	
Fund balances - beginning	13,303	499 13,303,499	14,141,584	838,085	
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 915</u> ,	000 \$ 915,000	\$ 12,170,314	\$ 11,255,314	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Sewer Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With	
	Original Final		Basis	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Investment revenue	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 7,239	\$ 5,739	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay	9,303,662	12,069,747	3,484,500	8,585,247	
Contingency	317,143	317,143	-	317,143	
Total expenditures	9,620,805	12,386,890	3,484,500	8,902,390	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(9,619,305)	(12,385,390)	(3,477,261)	8,908,129	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	10,091,086	13,025,414	3,918,637	(9,106,777)	
Transfers out	(528,104)	(696,347)	(482,244)	214,103	
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,562,982	12,329,067	3,436,393	(8,892,674)	
Net change in fund balances	(56,323)	(56,323)	(40,868)	15,455	
Fund balances - beginning	56,323	56,323	58,321	1,998	
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 17,453	\$ 17,453	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Sewer Development Charges Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Basis		
REVENUES	A 707.000	A		A	
System development charges	\$ 725,000	\$ 725,000	\$ 806,643	\$ 81,643	
Investment revenue	9,900	9,900	61,832	51,932	
Total revenues	734,900	734,900	868,475	133,575	
EXPENDITURES					
Materials and services	22,930	22,930	4,301	18,629	
Contingency	102,990	99,397	-	99,397	
Total expenditures	125,920	122,327	4,301	118,026	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	608,980	612,573	864,174	251,601	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	(1,605,323)	(1,908,858)	(915,113)	993,745	
Net change in fund balances	(996,343)	(1,296,285)	(50,939)	1,245,346	
Fund balances - beginning	996,343	1,296,285	1,424,665	128,380	
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 1,373,726	\$ 1,373,726	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Sewer Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Revenues		Expenditures	
Budgetary Basis:				
Sewer Operating Fund	\$	8,893,107	\$	7,000,341
Sewer Capital Projects Fund		7,239		3,484,500
Sewer Development Charges Fund		868,475		4,301
Total - Budgetary Basis		9,768,821		10,489,142
Adjustments:				
Principal payment on credit facility		-		(2,528,780)
Capital acquisition		-		(3,610,009)
Capital contributions		552,345		-
Support services		-		773,387
Depreciation expense		-		2,372,478
Pension expense		-		2,158
Change in OPEB		-		(714)
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding		-		(33,785)
Change in interest payable		-		(3,484)
Disposition of capital assets		-		1,293,087
Revenues and expenses	\$	10,321,166	\$	8,753,480
GAAP Basis:				
Operating	\$	8,143,211	\$	7,148,663
Nonoperating		818,967		1,604,817
Capital contributions		1,358,988		-
Total - GAAP Basis	\$	10,321,166	\$	8,753,480

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Stormwater Operating Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual Amounts Budgetary	Va	riance With
	 Original Final		Basis		Final Budget		
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 3,678,840	\$	3,678,840	\$	3,556,427	\$	(122,413)
Investment revenue	 55,100		55,100		316,929		261,829
Total revenues	 3,733,940		3,733,940		3,873,356		139,416
EXPENDITURES							
Stormwater Maintenance	1,155,160		1,155,160		986,174		168,986
Debt service:							
Principal	741,000		741,000		740,590		410
Interest	97,000		97,000		95,906		1,094
Contingency	1,651,784		602,587		-		602,587
Total expenditures	3,644,944		2,595,747		1,822,670		773,077
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	88,996		1,138,193		2,050,686		912,493
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	 (6,224,965)		(7,274,162)		(2,358,712)		4,915,450
Net change in fund balances	(6,135,969)		(6,135,969)		(308,026)		5,827,943
Fund balances - beginning	 6,367,969		6,367,969		6,687,135		319,166
Fund balances - ending	\$ 232,000	\$	232,000	\$	6,379,109	\$	6,147,109

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Stormwater Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

		d Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With	
	Original Final		Basis	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Investment revenue	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 6,498	\$ 6,198	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay	5,100,839	6,433,220	1,487,771	4,945,449	
Contingency	318,091	318,091	-	318,091	
Total expenditures	5,418,930	6,751,311	1,487,771	5,263,540	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(5,418,630)	(6,751,011)	(1,481,273)	5,269,738	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	5,742,100	7,141,115	1,622,922	(5,518,193)	
Transfers out	(333,201)	(399,835)	(143,406)	256,429	
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,408,899	6,741,280	1,479,516	(5,261,764)	
Net change in fund balances	(9,731)	(9,731)	(1,757)	7,974	
Fund balances - beginning	9,731	9,731	138,235	128,504	
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 136,478	\$ 136,478	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Stormwater Development Charges Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With	
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
System development charges	\$ 690,000	\$ 690,000	\$ 448,591	\$ (241,409)	
Investment revenue	109,700	109,700	180,807	71,107	
Total revenues	799,700	799,700	629,398	(170,302)	
EXPENDITURES					
Materials and services	5,980	5,980	2,650	3,330	
Contingency	4,001,249	3,180,180	-	3,180,180	
Total expenditures	4,007,229	3,186,160	2,650	3,183,510	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,207,529)	(2,386,460)	626,748	3,013,208	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	(360,603)	(1,181,672)	(759,132)	422,540	
Net change in fund balances	(3,568,132)	(3,568,132)	(132,384)	3,435,748	
Fund balances - beginning	3,568,132	3,568,132	3,731,531	163,399	
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 3,599,147	\$ 3,599,147	

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Stormwater Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP For the year ended June 30, 2024

	I	Revenues	E>	penditures
Budgetary Basis:				
Stormwater Operating Fund	\$	3,873,356	\$	1,822,670
Stormwater Capital Projects Fund		6,498		1,487,771
Stormwater Development Charges Fund		629,398		2,650
Total - Budgetary Basis		4,509,252		3,313,091
Adjustments:				
Payment of bond principal		-		(235,640)
Interfund loan payment		-		(504,950)
Capital acquisition		-		(1,487,771)
Capital contributions		1,206,999		-
Support services		-		784,919
Depreciation expense		-		1,292,859
Pension expense		-		65,516
OPEB expense		-		1,023
Change in interest payable		-		(879)
Disposition of fixed assets		-		6,635,874
Revenues and expenses	\$	5,716,251	\$	9,864,042
GAAP Basis:				
Operating	\$	3,556,427	\$	3,133,141
Nonoperating		504,234		6,730,901
Capital contributions		1,655,590		-
Total - GAAP Basis	\$	5,716,251	\$	9,864,042

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Street Lighting Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	l Amoui			Actual Amounts udgetary		riance With
		Driginal		Final		Basis	Fii	nal Budget
REVENUES	<u>,</u>	- 40 - 40	Å	F 40 F 40	~	565 744	ć	25 474
Charges for services	\$	540,540	\$	540,540	\$	565,714	\$	25,174
Investment revenue		17,000		17,000		65,371		48,371
Total revenues		557,540		557,540		631,085		73,545
EXPENDITURES								
Street lighting		366,450		366,450		303,306		63,144
Contingency		534,644		395,190		-		395,190
Total expenditures		901,094		761,640		303,306		458,334
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(343,554)		(204,100)		327,779		531,879
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		<i></i>						
Transfers out		(522,500)		(661,954)		(61,931)		600,023
Net change in fund balances		(866,054)		(866,054)		265,848		1,131,902
Fund balances - beginning		939,354		939,354		1,119,567		180,213
Fund balances - ending	\$	73,300	\$	73,300	\$	1,385,415	\$	1,312,115

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Street Lighting Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Revenues	Ex	penditures
Budgetary Basis: Street Lighting Fund	\$	631,085	\$	303,306
Adjustments:	<u> </u>			
Capital contributions		74,000		-
Depreciation expense		-		187,453
Revenues and expenses	\$	705,085	\$	490,759
GAAP Basis:				
Operating	\$	565,714	\$	490,759
Nonoperating		65,371		-
Capital contributions		74,000		-
Total - GAAP Basis	\$	705,085	\$	490,759

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Reconciliation of Budgetary Fund Balances to GAAP Basis - Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Total Water	Total Sewer	5	Total Stormwater	Total Street Lighting
Fund balances - budget basis:						
Operating Fund	\$	23,420,480	\$ 12,170,314	\$	6,379,109	\$ 1,385,415
Capital Projects Fund		478,625	17,453		136,478	-
Development Charges Fund		8,536,841	 1,373,726		3,599,147	 -
Total fund balances - budget basis		32,435,946	 13,561,493		10,114,734	 1,385,415
Adjustments:						
Notes receivable		386	-		-	-
Investment in joint venture		1,098,421	-		-	-
Pension		(267,506)	(236,064)		(197,915)	-
OPEB		(5,936)	(5,239)		(4,393)	-
Capital assets, net		78,867,465	71,153,959		40,149,420	5,782,419
Debt payable		(10,696,342)	(20,202,142)		(3,602,851)	-
Deferred charge on refunding		-	(236,494)		-	-
Advances from other funds		-	 -		(510,000)	 -
Total net position - GAAP basis	<u>\$</u>	101,432,434	\$ 64,035,513	\$	45,948,995	\$ 7,167,834

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Fleet Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2024

	0	Budgeted	Amour	nts Final	-	Actual Amounts udgetary Basis	 iance With
REVENUES		.8					
Charges for services	\$	1,722,180	\$	1,722,180	\$	1,722,180	\$ -
Investment revenue	·	8,200	·	8,200		65,527	57,327
Total revenues		1,730,380		1,730,380		1,787,707	 57,327
EXPENDITURES							
Fleet		2,090,687		2,090,687		1,770,957	319,730
Contingency		746,804		746,804			746,804
Total expenditures		2,837,491		2,837,491		1,770,957	 1,066,534
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,107,111)		(1,107,111)		16,750	 1,123,861
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						10.070	40.070
Sale of capital assets		-		-		13,072	13,072
Transfers out		(2,400)		(2,400)		(2,400)	 -
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,400)		(2,400)		10,672	 13,072
Net change in fund balances		(1,109,511)		(1,109,511)		27,422	1,136,933
Fund balances - beginning		1,109,511		1,109,511		1,300,569	 191,058
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$			1,327,991	\$ 1,327,991

Adjustment from budgetary basis to generally accepted accounting basis:	
Deferred pension asset / liability	(733,585)
Deferred pensions outflows / inflows	204,071
Deferred OPEB asset / liability	(12,312)
Deferred OPEB outflows / inflows	561
Capital assets, net	 786,254
Fund balances - generally accepted accounting principles basis	\$ 1,572,980

STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Wilsonville's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted the information in these schedules is derived from the City's annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component

		Fisca	l Year		
	 2024	 2023		2022	 2021
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 302,739,355	\$ 269,570,445	\$	247,281,515	\$ 231,736,156
Restricted	25,057,259	31,796,624		28,641,239	41,519,701
Unrestricted	61,237,419	71,853,810		60,344,872	42,126,438
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 389,034,033	\$ 373,220,879	\$	336,267,626	\$ 315,382,295
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 169,093,163	\$ 166,515,137	\$	142,228,906	\$ 136,814,562
Restricted	14,160,144	16,987,139		20,205,752	14,980,662
Unrestricted	35,331,469	29,168,807		36,572,429	43,227,871
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 218,584,776	\$ 212,671,083	\$	199,007,087	\$ 195,023,095
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 471,832,518	\$ 436,085,582	\$	389,510,421	\$ 368,550,718
Restricted	39,217,403	48,783,763		48,846,991	56,500,363
Unrestricted	96,568,888	101,022,617		96,917,301	85,354,309
Total primary government net position	\$ 607,618,809	\$ 585,891,962	\$	535,274,713	\$ 510,405,390

Net Position by Component (continued)

			Fisca	l Year				
 2020	_	2019	 2018		2017		2016	 2015
\$ 217,577,088	\$	212,082,891	\$ 208,625,892	\$	198,234,157	\$	191,785,289	\$ 190,498,824
40,680,740		41,220,630	33,857,820		34,559,642		24,178,890	18,600,322
39,816,796		38,184,930	29,615,737		32,704,660		30,593,354	27,891,356
\$ 298,074,624	\$	291,488,451	\$ 272,099,449	\$	265,498,459	\$	246,557,533	\$ 236,990,502
\$ 123,302,746	\$	114,347,148	\$ 105,124,573	\$	98,590,872	\$	95,953,234	\$ 90,879,589
17,038,302		17,853,271	17,465,070		17,427,504		14,116,057	11,297,463
41,304,936		38,933,078	33,549,879		27,181,950		24,217,849	20,519,909
\$ 181,645,984	\$	171,133,497	\$ 156,139,522	\$	143,200,326	\$	134,287,140	\$ 122,696,961
\$ 340,879,834	\$	326,430,039	\$ 313,750,465	\$	296,825,029	\$	287,738,523	\$ 281,378,413
57,719,042		59,073,901	51,322,890		51,987,146		38,294,947	29,897,785
81,121,732		77,118,008	63,165,616		59,886,610		54,811,203	48,411,265
\$ 479,720,608	\$	462,621,948	\$ 428,238,971	\$	408,698,785	\$	380,844,673	\$ 359,687,463
						_		

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fisca	l Year		
		2024	 2023		2022	 2021
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services:						
General government	\$	849,602	\$ 962,957	\$	1,118,994	\$ 1,187,298
Public safety	·	262,660	283,461		240,046	173,997
Transportation		15,876	61,702		52,523	16,525
Public works		2,703,028	2,365,267		2,321,304	2,153,726
Culture and recreation		337,806	319,818		262,135	112,352
Community development		2,415,501	2,565,904		3,032,875	2,493,968
Operating grants and contributions		10,212,572	10,626,149		9,392,331	5,752,080
Capital grants and contributions		9,812,989	13,803,108		9,250,176	9,805,486
Total governmental activities program revenues		26,610,034	 30,988,366		25,670,384	 21,695,432
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services:						
Water		10,560,506	9,348,404		9,035,116	9,497,881
Sewer		8,098,815	7,406,954		8,006,372	7,868,137
Stormwater		3,556,427	3,239,153		3,515,955	3,388,013
Streetlights		565,714	516,265		556,411	542,050
Operating grants and contributions		-	-		-	-
Capital grants and contributions		9,941,213	 19,886,185		4,617,016	 9,406,841
Total business-type activities program revenues		32,722,675	 40,396,961		25,730,870	30,702,922
Total primary government program revenues	\$	59,332,709	\$ 71,385,327	\$	51,401,254	\$ 52,398,354
Expenses						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$	8,095,352	\$ 6,154,025	\$	5,938,130	\$ 5,463,155
Public safety		6,290,469	5,966,269		5,243,327	5,286,973
Transportation		9,567,272	7,629,351		5,366,962	4,726,200
Public works		7,718,512	6,453,320		6,431,037	9,434,563
Culture and recreation		7,884,560	6,621,106		5,809,891	5,347,855
Community development		3,412,990	3,744,485		7,945,816	3,528,921
Interest on long-term debt		261,996	 448,428		1,232,818	 1,132,044
Total governmental activities expenses		43,231,151	 37,016,984		37,967,981	 34,919,711
Business-type activities:						
Water		9,038,519	7,753,870		6,969,869	6,988,888
Sewer		8,753,480	7,277,730		6,684,616	6,975,347
Stormwater		9,864,042	2,953,795		2,702,682	2,447,251
Streetlights		490,759	 416,997		435,478	 487,000
Total business-type activities		28,146,800	 18,402,392		16,792,645	 16,898,486
Total primary government expenses	\$	71,377,951	\$ 55,419,376	\$	54,760,626	\$ 51,818,197

Continued on next page

Changes in Net Position (continued)

					Fisca	l Year					
	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
\$	1,089,658	\$	1,084,982	\$	981,778	\$	907,951	\$	860,828	\$	781,845
	342,201		404,614		372,895		315,465		264,370		325,135
	161,904		222,564		313,060		322,769		206,506		605,178
	2,008,041		1,873,540		1,612,232		883,416		703,448		685,471
	237,550		377,414		340,306		307,572		316,880		223,759
	1,873,376		2,612,104		2,389,728		3,225,297		3,444,984		3,149,667
	6,838,285		4,800,690		3,231,386		3,008,721		3,069,041		2,724,209
	8,100,552		13,134,469		5,964,896		15,804,150		12,794,101		10,294,361
	20,651,567		24,510,377		15,206,281		24,775,341		21,660,158		18,789,625
	8,428,926		9,352,077		9,278,151		8,288,220		8,380,163		7,743,119
	8,011,136		8,233,513		8,091,969		8,113,623		7,846,877		7,752,314
	3,193,878		2,981,288		2,802,125		2,534,577		2,186,329		1,557,938
	526,541		522,352		519,886		498,652		476,299		447,388
	-		-		-		-		-		31,203
	5,551,854		8,699,499		7,098,794		6,214,042		8,803,299		9,361,910
	25,712,335		29,788,729		27,790,925		25,649,114		27,692,967		26,893,872
\$	46,363,902	\$	54,299,106	\$	42,997,206	\$	50,424,455	\$	49,353,125	\$	45,683,497
\$	7,653,981	\$	5,683,457	\$	4,158,416	\$	3,994,533	\$	4,643,949	\$	2,092,293
	5,210,857		4,710,962		4,172,469		4,349,339		4,124,760		3,766,895
	6,148,956		5,353,533		5,944,015		5,556,409		6,377,195		4,579,693
	11,380,430		6,875,624		9,253,043		8,791,797		9,607,460		7,796,401
	5,799,693		5,027,207		5,281,097		4,830,866		5,454,466		3,697,116
	5,946,808		4,631,446		4,786,608		5,146,814		6,219,709		4,066,015
	1,238,934		1,190,812		1,271,504		1,347,667		1,439,098		1,363,650
	43,379,659		33,473,041		34,867,152		34,017,425		37,866,637		27,362,063
			6 640 700		7 122 500		6 609 033		6 014 020		6 469 044
	6,807,892		6,543,722		7,123,560		6,608,032		6,814,839 6 052 212		6,468,041
	7,040,999		7,117,470		6,913,352		6,870,481		6,952,213 2 286 788		6,924,783
	2,491,819		2,340,829		2,088,836		2,013,681		2,286,788		1,928,310
	472,379		506,053		447,464		424,171		381,140		388,565
\$	16,813,089	\$	16,508,074	ć	16,573,212 51,440,364	\$	15,916,365 49 933 790	\$	16,434,980 54 301 617	\$	15,709,699 43 071 762
Ş	60,192,748	Ş	49,981,115	\$	51,440,304	Ş	49,933,790	Ş	54,301,617	Ş	43,071,762

Changes in Net Position (continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca		
	 2024	 2023	 2022	 2021
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental activities	\$ (16,621,117)	\$ (6,028,618)	\$ (12,297,597)	\$ (13,224,279)
Business-type activities	4,575,875	21,994,569	8,938,225	13,804,436
Total primary government	\$ (12,045,242)	\$ 15,965,951	\$ (3,359,372)	\$ 580,157
General Revenues and				
Other Changes in Net Position				
Governmental activities:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$ 11,357,678	\$ 9,324,535	\$ 8,948,400	\$ 8,381,838
Property taxes, levied for debt service	2,119,370	8,461,348	9,391,670	9,386,131
Franchise, transit and hotel taxes	10,650,984	10,814,769	10,583,564	9,165,083
Interest and investment earnings	5,242,194	2,998,146	(1,012,129)	1,067,401
Other revenues	943,224	896,970	894,574	997,488
Transfers in (out)	2,120,821	10,486,103	4,376,849	1,534,009
Gain (loss) on disposition of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	 32,434,271	 42,981,871	 33,182,928	 30,531,950
Business-type activities:				
Investment revenue	3,173,638	1,857,491	(845,100)	789,513
Other revenues	285,001	298,039	267,716	317,171
Transfers in (out)	(2,120,821)	(10,486,103)	(4,376,849)	(1,534,009)
Gain (loss) on disposition of capital assets	 -	 -	 -	-
Total business-type activities	 1,337,818	 (8,330,573)	 (4,954,233)	 (427,325)
Total primary government	\$ 33,772,089	\$ 34,651,298	\$ 28,228,695	\$ 30,104,625
Change in Net Position				
Governmental activities	\$ 15,813,154	\$ 36,953,253	\$ 20,885,331	\$ 17,307,671
Business-type activities	 5,913,693	 13,663,996	 3,983,992	 13,377,111
Total primary government	\$ 21,726,847	\$ 50,617,249	\$ 24,869,323	\$ 30,684,782

Continued on next page

Changes in Net Position (continued)

		Fisca	Year			
 2020	2019	 2018		2017	 2016	 2015
\$ (22,728,092) 8,898,946	\$ (8,962,664) 13,280,655	\$ (19,660,871) 11,217,713	\$	(9,242,084) 9,732,749	\$ (9,242,084) 9,733,576	\$ (16,206,479) 11,257,987
\$ (13,829,146)	\$ 4,317,991	\$ (8,443,158)	\$	490,665	\$ 491,492	\$ (4,948,492)
\$ 7,756,880	\$ 7,417,252	\$ 7,103,352	\$	6,545,482	\$ 6,235,290	\$ 5,819,519
9,632,245	9,309,166	9,125,819		9,790,844	9,259,675	8,903,324
8,624,595	8,549,697	8,838,506		9,357,994	8,269,638	7,918,080
2,341,781 750,420	2,346,903 630,947	988,791 603,441		651,078 591,159	444,296 647,292	269,137 970,257
208,344	97,701	36,873		1,246,453	80,062	(243,120)
-	-	33,873		-	837,257	-
 29,314,265	 28,351,666	 26,730,655		28,183,010	 25,773,510	23,637,197
1,502,866	1,492,247	632,311		337,245	291,896	103,623
319,019	277,302	514,893		89,645	120,358	91,255
(208,344)	(97,701)	(36,873)		(1,246,453)	(80,062)	243,120
 -	 41,472	 641,211		-	 -	 -
 1,613,541	 1,713,320	 1,751,542		(819,563)	 332,192	 437,998
\$ 30,927,806	\$ 30,064,986	\$ 28,482,197	\$	27,363,447	\$ 26,105,702	\$ 24,075,195
\$ 6,586,173	\$ 19,389,002	\$ 7,069,784	\$	18,940,926	\$ 16,531,426	\$ 7,430,718
 10,512,487	 14,993,975	 12,969,255		8,913,186	 10,065,768	 11,695,985
\$ 17,098,660	\$ 34,382,977	\$ 20,039,039	\$	27,854,112	\$ 26,597,194	\$ 19,126,703

Fund Balance, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	l Year		
	 2024	 2023		2022	 2021
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 100,447	\$ 105,663	\$	416,383	\$ 248,228
Restricted	537,661	418,789		370,002	317,447
Committed	3,642,200	3,642,200		3,000,000	2,947,900
Assigned	3,800,000	6,550,000		7,580,000	5,580,000
Unassigned	14,709,280	12,188,916		8,170,217	9,021,801
Total general fund	 22,789,588	 22,905,568		19,536,602	 18,115,376
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	-	-		-	-
Restricted	24,221,945	31,141,478		28,271,237	41,202,254
Committed	3,042,700	3,617,146		2,927,500	7,798,458
Assigned	38,805,994	48,336,805		53,012,377	26,421,870
Unassigned	-	-		-	-
Total all other governmental funds	 66,070,639	 83,095,429		84,211,114	 75,422,582
Total governmental funds	\$ 88,860,227	\$ 106,000,997	\$	103,747,716	\$ 93,537,958

Continued on next page

Fund Balance, Governmental Funds (continued)

			Fisca	l Year				
	2020	 2019	 2018		2017		2016	 2015
\$	340,602	\$ 320,584	\$ 252,878	\$	208,756	\$	568,959	\$ 90,266
	193,109	193,109	211,699		176,671		182,000	180,464
	2,868,800	2,669,000	2,523,900		2,371,400		2,206,000	4,119,000
	7,581,700	7,045,462	7,240,462		6,940,362		6,557,262	8,304,112
	7,090,913	9,319,397	8,626,646		7,556,831		6,782,665	2,587,696
	18,075,124	19,547,552	18,855,585		17,254,020		16,296,886	15,281,538
	-	-	-		4,522		660	20,709
	40,487,631	41,027,521	33,857,820		34,559,642		24,178,890	18,125,118
	2,492,900	3,110,400	2,120,700		2,034,500		1,924,000	1,304,000
	28,792,020	21,615,849	20,359,233		22,236,762		21,993,167	13,424,953
	-	-	(812,556)		-		-	(68,904)
	71,772,551	65,753,770	55,525,197		58,835,426		48,096,717	32,805,876
Ş	89,847,675	\$ 85,301,322	\$ 74,380,782	Ş	76,089,446	Ş	64,393,603	\$ 48,087,414

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	l Year		
	 2024	 2023		2022	2021
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 24,019,711	\$ 28,966,190	\$	28,772,280	\$ 26,959,988
Intergovernmental	11,787,481	16,315,006		14,953,258	9,970,710
Licenses and permits	5,735,752	4,524,180		4,766,709	4,487,852
Charges for services	3,791,744	3,501,484		3,738,083	3,298,692
System development charges	3,714,883	3,441,585		1,968,129	3,104,823
Fines and forfeitures	164,038	195,061		155,046	173,997
Investment revenue	5,176,667	2,962,665		(998,164)	1,052,605
Other revenues	 620,627	 551,786		522,055	452,730
Total Revenues	 55,010,903	 60,457,957		53,877,396	 49,501,397
Expenditures					
Current operating:					
General government	6,045,208	4,446,466		4,290,639	4,089,416
Public safety	6,259,210	5,907,559		5,184,040	5,243,045
Transportation	6,531,548	6,225,596		6,101,582	5,538,634
Public works	2,873,034	2,747,748		2,064,519	1,929,280
Culture and recreation	6,734,741	5,900,491		5,192,882	4,785,591
Community development	4,262,643	4,334,764		4,871,579	4,657,110
Debt service:					
Principal	5,048,704	13,423,941		11,123,832	3,010,559
Interest	275,431	465,124		1,263,771	1,134,190
Capital outlay	36,641,713	29,344,152		12,469,421	17,540,658
Total expenditures	 74,672,232	72,795,841		52,562,265	 47,928,483
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	 <u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>
over (under) expenditures	 (19,661,329)	 (12,337,884)		1,315,131	 1,572,914
Other financing sources (uses)					
Sale of capital assets	-	-		-	-
Issuance of debt	-	-		4,515,380	500,000
Proceeds of interfund loan	500,000	4,000,000		-	-
Transfers in	19,542,476	24,346,284		14,066,957	12,746,428
Transfers out	(17,419,255)	(13,857,781)		(9,687,708)	(11,129,059)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 2,623,221	14,488,503		8,894,629	 2,117,369
Net change in fund balance	\$ (17,038,108)	\$ 2,150,619	\$	10,209,760	\$ 3,690,283
Debt service as a percentage					
of noncapital expenditures	14.00%	31.96%		30.90%	13.64%

Continued on next page

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (continued)

		Fisca	l Year			
2020	 2019	 2018		2017	2016	 2015
\$ 26,016,199	\$ 25,801,351	\$ 25,000,425	\$	25,653,427	\$ 23,693,885	\$ 22,602,987
9,200,062	7,797,561	4,207,837		5,536,923	4,465,312	5,079,524
2,126,073	2,511,126	1,733,392		2,588,458	2,968,225	2,611,263
3,437,557	3,731,940	3,405,737		2,553,068	2,196,831	2,253,473
1,641,909	2,811,839	3,134,124		5,604,943	4,383,098	3,509,264
250,453	316,475	292,405		237,009	187,448	244,535
2,295,482	2,301,512	961,158		639,103	433,401	261,716
 470,797	374,059	 375,229		332,185	400,764	 763,420
 45,438,532	 45,645,863	 39,110,307		43,145,116	 38,728,964	 37,326,182
6,040,302	3,754,896	3,777,589		3,512,075	3,560,827	3,298,854
5,133,073	4,659,457	4,150,844		4,327,101	4,064,863	3,800,732
6,153,083	5,117,015	4,947,569		4,577,860	4,696,751	4,583,528
2,260,900	1,889,517	1,794,035		1,624,270	1,555,703	1,694,904
4,816,335	4,737,420	4,504,246		4,048,067	3,901,408	3,652,486
5,464,471	4,797,818	4,956,024		5,002,126	5,108,684	5,023,609
2,475,294	2,259,985	2,179,776		2,098,994	2,387,532	3,015,000
1,248,056	1,195,013	1,278,515		1,359,752	1,438,344	1,445,624
7,511,409	 10,214,303	13,417,274		6,214,049	5,780,331	10,398,686
 41,102,923	 38,625,424	 41,005,872		32,764,294	 32,494,443	 36,913,423
 4,335,609	 7,020,439	 (1,895,565)		10,380,822	 6,234,521	 412,759
-	-	-		-	4,941,165	7,430
-	3,800,000	-		-	5,000,000	-
- 16,360,163	- 7,368,035	- 12,577,150		- 5,645,468	- 5,585,275	- 10,669,422
(16,149,419)	(7,267,934)	(12,390,249)		(4,330,447)	(5,454,772)	(10,194,149)
 210,744	 3,900,101	 186,901		1,315,021	 10,071,668	 482,703
\$ 4,546,353	\$ 10,920,540	\$ (1,708,664)	\$	11,695,843	\$ 16,306,189	\$ 895,462
 	 	 		. , -	 	 <u> </u>
11.08%	12.16%	12.54%		13.03%	14.32%	16.82%

Program Revenues by Function

		Fisca	l Year		
	 2024	 2023		2022	 2021
Program Revenues					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 974,839	\$ 5,822,531	\$	4,015,502	\$ 1,438,882
Public safety	262,660	283,461		240,046	173,997
Transportation	5,048,894	6,345,855		6,754,760	2,112,560
Public works	14,982,013	13,310,918		9,329,407	13,090,162
Culture and recreation	2,926,127	2,556,197		2,297,794	2,385,863
Community development	2,415,501	2,669,404		3,032,875	2,493,968
Subtotal governmental activities	 26,610,034	 30,988,366		25,670,384	 21,695,432
Business-type activities:					
Water	17,413,141	17,422,099		11,711,080	12,597,459
Sewer	9,457,803	9,382,916		8,831,220	9,269,517
Stormwater	5,212,017	11,865,601		4,499,287	7,599,746
Streetlights	639,714	1,726,345		689,283	1,236,200
Subtotal business-type activities	32,722,675	40,396,961		25,730,870	30,702,922
Total primary government	\$ 59,332,709	\$ 71,385,327	\$	51,401,254	\$ 52,398,354

Program Revenues by Function (continued)

		Fisca	l Year			
 2020	 2019	 2018		2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 2,161,796	\$ 1,151,280	\$ 1,068,871	\$	1,000,986	\$ 860,828	\$ 791,935
342,201	404,614	372,895		315,465	264,370	325,135
3,625,354	3,603,744	551,945		1,311,216	1,124,864	2,234,120
10,142,869	14,360,730	7,938,656		14,738,840	12,616,868	9,355,847
2,505,971	2,377,905	2,862,003		4,183,537	3,348,244	2,931,921
1,873,376	2,612,104	2,411,911		3,225,297	3,444,984	3,150,667
 20,651,567	 24,510,377	 15,206,281		24,775,341	 21,660,158	 18,789,625
9,921,214	12,396,820	12,127,996		10,874,464	11,502,425	11,464,685
8,727,206	10,532,266	10,005,607		10,038,798	10,498,307	10,694,262
6,434,574	5,871,153	4,767,368		3,873,007	4,496,671	3,791,354
 629,041	 988,490	 889,954		862,845	 1,195,564	 943,571
25,712,035	 29,788,729	 27,790,925		25,649,114	 27,692,967	 26,893,872
\$ 46,363,602	\$ 54,299,106	\$ 42,997,206	\$	50,424,455	\$ 49,353,125	\$ 45,683,497

General Governmental Revenues

Taxes, Licenses and Permits Breakdown

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Taxes				I	Licen	ses and Perm	nits	
			Hotel/									
Fiscal	Propert	ÿ	Motel	Transit	Franchise		I	Business	Co	onstruction		
Year	Тах		Тах	Тах	Тах	Total		Licenses		Permits		Total
14-15	\$ 14,684	,907	\$ 258,374	\$ 4,597,118	\$ 3,062,588	\$ 22,602,987	\$	187,655	\$	2,611,344	\$	2,798,999
15-16	15,424	,246	469,972	4,638,597	3,161,069	23,693,884		167,124		2,801,101		2,968,225
16-17	16,295	,433	476,687	5,552,582	3,328,725	25,653,427		186,811		2,401,647		2,588,458
17-18	16,161	,919	450,412	5,040,713	3,347,381	25,000,425		173,723		1,559,669		1,733,392
18-19	17,251	,654	307,564	5,026,869	3,215,264	25,801,351		193,981		2,317,145		2,511,126
19-20	17,391	,604	336,869	4,902,080	3,385,646	26,016,199		130,594		1,995,479		2,126,073
20-21	17,794	,905	367,506	5,298,039	3,499,538	26,959,988		188,723		4,299,129		4,487,852
21-22	18,188	8,716	540,789	6,253,924	3,788,851	28,772,280		173,654		4,593,055		4,766,709
22-23	18,151	,421	610,766	6,204,048	3,999,955	28,966,190		196,600		4,327,580		4,524,180
23-24	13,368	3,727	627,988	5,989,921	4,033,075	24,019,711		146,467		5,589,285		5,735,752

Source: City Financial Database

Assessed Value of Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

								Assesed
					Total Taxable	Total	Estimated	value as a
Fiscal	Real	Manufactured	Personal	Public	Assessed	Direct	Real Market	percentage
Year	Property	Structures	Property	Utility	Value	Tax Rate	Value (RMV)	of RMV
14-15	\$ 2,751,369,393	\$ 1,453,131	\$ 155,535,544	\$ 64,039,448	\$ 2,972,397,516	\$ 5.5056	\$ 3,487,874,937	85.2%
15-16	2,924,835,960	1,522,105	178,004,859	68,411,660	3,172,774,584	5.4071	3,886,914,557	81.6%
16-17	3,135,553,612	1,653,415	199,338,607	66,466,388	3,403,012,022	5.3121	4,392,659,037	77.5%
17-18	3,343,712,129	1,972,171	209,336,606	67,650,130	3,622,671,036	4.8858	4,942,413,960	73.3%
18-19	3,512,275,329	2,196,739	212,535,513	62,218,000	3,789,225,581	4.8454	5,432,280,899	69.8%
19-20	3,694,844,244	2,341,090	238,934,563	65,483,806	4,001,603,703	4.7141	5,859,248,202	68.3%
20-21	3,848,016,782	2,468,899	242,813,577	73,849,600	4,167,148,858	4.7141	6,116,277,507	68.1%
21-22	4,019,210,715	2,636,740	299,168,423	77,029,600	4,398,045,478	4.4847	6,628,741,103	66.3%
22-23	4,199,972,251	2,772,598	268,588,131	85,094,725	4,556,427,705	4.3244	7,659,024,336	59.5%
23-24	4,429,102,973	2,974,208	272,894,187	96,471,214	4,801,442,582	3.0332	8,267,177,838	58.1%

Source: Assessment and Taxation Rolls, Clackamas and Washington Counties

Consolidated Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		City	Direct Rate	s ¹		
Fiscal Year	Basic Rate		Exempt Bond Rate	R	Urban enewal Agency	Total Direct Rate
14-15	\$ 2.0126	\$	0.1211	\$	3.3719	\$ 5.5056
15-16	1.9930		0.1050		3.3091	5.4071
16-17	1.9717		-		3.3404	5.3121
17-18	2.0194		-		2.8664	4.8858
18-19	2.0255		-		2.8199	4.8454
19-20	2.0507		-		2.6634	4.7141
20-21	2.0673		-		2.5376	4.6049
21-22	2.0919		-		2.3928	4.4847
22-23	2.1211		-		2.2033	4.3244
23-24	2.3889		-		0.6443	3.0332
23-24*	2.5206		-		-	2.5206

*without urban renewal restatement of rates

						(Overla	apping Rate	es							
			(ackamas County Urban		ualatin /alley			-	ackamas County						Total
Fiscal	Clac	kamas		enewal		ire and	:	School		mmunity	Cla	ackamas			D	irect and
Year	Co	ounty		Agency	F	Rescue	C	Districts	(College		ESD	(Other ¹	Ov	erlapping
14-15	\$	2.5029	\$	0.0073	\$	1.5838	\$	7.6623	\$	0.5476	\$	0.2881	\$	0.5065	\$	18.6041
15-16		2.4791		0.0078		1.7887		7.7532		0.5798		0.2849		0.4502		18.7508
16-17		2.4546		0.0092		1.7657		7.7558		0.5714		0.2817		0.4569		18.6074
17-18		2.5278		0.0099		1.7741		7.8900		0.5921		0.2905		0.4755		18.4271
18-19		2.5389		0.0107		1.7832		8.0275		0.5936		0.2918		0.5395		18.6306
19-20		2.6678		0.0109		1.7871		8.2349		0.5925		0.2959		0.7315		19.0347
20-21		2.6916		0.0103		1.8412		8.6469		0.6260		0.2986		0.6597		19.3792

8.0568

8.3908

9.0667

0.6162

0.7079

0.7763

0.3022

0.3074

0.3500

0.6414

0.6391

0.6661

18.5303

19.1283

19.1547

1.8555

1.8681

2.0263

Rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

2.7228

2.8780

3.2225

Urban renewal rates are seperately stated. City and overlapping rates are reduced for

0.0110

0.0126

0.0136

for the effect of the separately stated urban renewal rates.

¹ Other includes: Port of Portland, Metro, and Vector Control

Sources:

21-22

22-23

23-24

City of Wilsonville, Adopted Budget

Taxation Rolls, Clackamas and Washington Counties

Rates are for tax code 003-023 within Clackamas County

Rates are net of reallocation due to urban renewal

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Principal Taxpayers

Current year and nine years ago

			20	23-24	
Taxpayer	Type of Business	 Assessed Taxes		Assessed Value	Percent of City AV*
Twist Bioscience	Synthetic biology company	\$ 1,430,446	\$	82,807,167	1.7%
Mentor Graphics Corporation	CAD software systems	1,264,918		66,108,415	1.4%
Siemens Industry Software Inc	Computer software company	1,046,327		61,705,428	1.3%
Jackson Square Properties LLC	Real estate investment	1,094,002		57,175,819	1.2%
JLLX Diversified VIII DST	Income property trust	1,078,164		56,340,206	1.2%
Swire Pacific Holdings Inc (Coca-Cola)	Bottling & distribution center	921,204		54,141,081	1.1%
Portland General Electric Company	Electric company	822,954		48,247,000	1.0%
Senior Partners Portfolio LLC	Commercial property	674,641		41,513,805	0.9%
Sysco/Continental Food Service	Warehouse & distribution center	735,214		38,737,298	0.8%
Akum-Canyon Creek Apartments LLC	Real estate investment	 707,102		36,955,286	0.8%
		\$ 8,344,526	\$	460,924,338	9.6%

			20	14-15	
Taxpayer	Type of Business	 Assessed Taxes		Assessed Value	Percent of City AV**
Xerox Corporation	Color printers	\$ 1,351,349	\$	76,045,740	2.6%
Mentor Graphics Corporation	CAD software systems	1,181,587		64,886,837	2.2%
Argyle Capital LLC	Shopping Center	891,671		50,324,430	1.7%
Truamerica Multifamily LLC	Commercial Property	800,038		44,847,139	1.5%
Jory Trail at The Grove SPE LLC	Apartments	777,011		41,765,582	1.4%
Jackson Square Properties LLC	Commercial Property	747,965		40,203,517	1.4%
Swire Pacific Holdings Inc (Coca-Cola)	Bottling & distribution center	593,820		33,417,020	1.1%
Fred Meyer Stores Inc.	Grocery retail	571,354		31,094,762	1.0%
Sysco/Continental Food Service	Warehouse & distribution center	570,294		32,007,469	1.1%
BIT Holdings	Hollywood entertainment properties	570,248		31,455,116	1.1%
		\$ 8,055,337	\$	446,047,612	15.0%

**Total City assessed valuation base for 2023-24 was \$4,801,442,582

**Total City assessed valuation base for 2014-15 was \$2,972,397,516

Sources: Clackamas and Washington Counties Assessor's Offices

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected the Fiscal of the L	Year	Co	ollected in	Total Collections to Date				
Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	 Amount	Percentage of Levy	Su	ıbsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy		
14-15	\$ 15,144,759	\$ 14,347,394	94.74%	Ś	315,589	\$	14,662,983	96.82%		
15-16	15,931,672	15,120,068	94.91%	•	274,771	•	15,394,839	96.63%		
16-17	16,815,942	16,233,453	96.54%		242,654		16,476,107	97.98%		
17-18	16,724,648	15,894,916	95.04%		260,428		16,155,344	96.59%		
18-19	17,406,157	16,612,284	95.44%		215,573		16,827,857	96.68%		
19-20	17,939,293	17,087,035	95.25%		250,196		17,337,231	96.64%		
20-21	18,323,485	17,791,769	97.10%		215,747		18,007,516	98.28%		
21-22	18,880,758	17,966,213	95.16%		256,427		18,222,640	96.51%		
22-23	19,074,283	18,608,607	97.56%		122,074		18,730,681	98.20%		
23-24	14,761,140	14,267,847	96.66%		-		14,267,847	96.66%		

Sources: Tax Turnover reports from Washington and Clackamas Counties

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities				es		Bus	ines	ss-Type Activit	ies					
				Ur	ban Renewal										
		General	Full Faith		Revenue				Full Faith	U	namortized		Total	Percentage	
Fiscal	0	bligation	& Credit		Bonds and		Revenue		& Credit		Bond		Primary	of Personal	Per
Year	Bonds B		Bonds	Notes Payable		Bonds			Bonds		Premium	Government		Income*	Capita*
14-15	\$	355,000	\$-	\$	32,225,000	\$	4,936,955	\$	40,946,986	\$	1,103,940	\$	79,567,881	6.94%	\$ 3,479
15-16		-	-		35,192,467		4,059,000		36,900,000		1,038,853		77,190,320	6.30%	3,251
16-17		-	-		33,093,473		3,080,000		34,525,000		973,766		71,672,239	5.48%	2,948
17-18		-	-		30,913,708		2,073,000		32,075,000		908,679		65,970,387	5.05%	2,713
18-19		-	-		32,453,723		1,047,000		29,530,000		843,592		63,874,315	4.71%	2,530
19-20		-	-		29,978,429		-		26,130,000		778,505		56,886,934	3.66%	2,195
20-21		-	-		27,548,830		-		24,280,200		-		51,829,030	3.07%	1,919
21-22		-	4,515,380		16,424,998		-		41,015,500		-		61,955,878	3.66%	2,290
22-23		-	4,243,220		7,273,217		-		37,707,680		-		49,224,117	2.54%	1,760
23-24		-	3,981,820		2,985,913		-		34,378,870		-		41,346,603	1.98%	1,481

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements

*Personal income and population data can be found on the demographic statistics page 178.

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt

To Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				L	ess Debt		Ratio of Net Bonded	E	Net Bonded
			Gross		Service	Net	Debt to		Debt
Fiscal		*Assessed	Bonded		Money	Bonded	Assessed		Per
Year	Population ¹	 Value ²	 Debt	Α	vailable ³	 Debt	Value		Capita
14-15	22,870	\$ 2,972,397,516	\$ 355,000	\$	105,969	\$ 249,031	0.01%	\$	10.89
15-16	23,740	3,172,774,584	-		-	-	0.00%		-
16-17	24,315	3,403,012,022	-		-	-	0.00%		-
17-18	25,250	3,622,671,036	-		-	-	0.00%		-
18-19	25,635	3,789,225,581	-		-	-	0.00%		-
19-20	26,724	4,001,603,703	-		-	-	0.00%		-
20-21	27,156	4,167,148,858	-		-	-	0.00%		-
21-22	27,414	4,398,045,478	-		-	-	0.00%		-
22-23	27,688	4,556,427,705	-		-	-	0.00%		-
23-24	27,965	4,801,442,582	-		-	-	0.00%		-

* Includes Urban Renewal Increment

¹ From table *Demographic Statistics*

² From table Assessed Value of Property

³ Ending fund balances

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt

to Total General Governmental Expenditures

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	F	Principal	Ir	nterest ¹	 Debt Governmer Service Expenditur		Total General overnmental xpenditures ²	Ratio of Debt Service to Governmental Expenditures
14-15	\$	355,000	\$	17,040	\$ 372,040	\$	36,913,423	1.01%
15-16		-		-	-		32,494,443	0.00%
16-17		-		-	-		32,764,294	0.00%
17-18		-		-	-		44,005,875	0.00%
18-19		-		-	-		38,625,424	0.00%
19-20		-		-	-		41,102,923	0.00%
20-21		-		-	-		47,928,483	0.00%
21-22		-		-	-		52,562,265	0.00%
22-23		-		-	-		72,795,841	0.00%
23-24		-		-	-		74,672,232	0.00%

¹ Excludes bond issuance and other costs

² Totals from *Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds* table

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Last ten fiscal years

		Fisca	al Year	
	2024	2023	2022	2021
Total real market value Legal debt margin: Debt limitation:	\$ 8,267,177,838	\$ 7,659,024,336	\$ 6,628,741,103	\$ 6,116,277,507
3 percent of total real market value	\$ 248,015,335	\$ 229,770,730	\$ 198,862,233	\$ 183,488,325
Debt applicable to limitation: General obligation debt Less: Amount available for repayment of general obligation bond principal	-	-		-
Total debt applicable to limitation Legal debt margin	\$ 248,015,335	\$ 229,770,730	\$ 198,862,233	\$ 183,488,325
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 287A.050(2) states: "Unless the city charter provides a lesser limitation, a city may not issue or have outstanding at the time of issuance general obligation bonds in a principal amount that exceeds three percent of the real market value of the taxable property within its boundaries, calculated as provided in ORS 308.207."

Computation of Legal Debt Margin (continued)

Last ten fiscal years

		Fisca	l Year			
2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015
\$ 5,859,248,202	\$ 5,432,280,899	\$ 4,942,413,960	\$	4,392,659,037	\$ 3,886,914,557	\$ 2,972,397,516
\$ 175,777,446	\$ 162,968,427	\$ 148,272,419	\$	131,779,771	\$ 116,607,437	\$ 89,171,925
-	-	-		-	-	355,000
 -	 -	 			 	 (105,969)
\$ - 175,777,446	\$ - 162,968,427	\$ - 148,272,419	\$	- 131,779,771	\$ - 116,607,437	\$ 249,031 88,922,894
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.28%

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

Governmental Activities June 30, 2024

lurisdiction Direct:	 Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Government ¹	Amount Applicable to Government		
Direct:					
City of Wilsonville	\$ 6,967,733	100.00%	\$	6,967,733	
Overlapping:					
Clackamas Community College	131,296,792	8.77%		11,520,112	
Clackamas County	100,575,000	6.42%		6,458,926	
Clackamas County ESD	26,603,764	6.93%		1,843,215	
Clackamas County School District No. 3J	463,502,321	38.41%		178,053,953	
Clackamas County School District No. 86	94,805,000	11.80%		11,191,351	
Clackamas Soil & Water Conservation	5,035,000	6.42%		323,348	
Metro	774,190,443	1.89%		14,651,554	
Northwest Regional ESD	13,268,338	0.23%		30,690	
Port of Portland	32,210,000	1.72%		554,882	
Portland Community College	652,810,000	0.21%		1,378,082	
Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue	53,760,000	5.84%		3,142,164	
Washington County	134,636,465	0.48%		647,871	
Washington County School District No. 88J	280,920,421	5.66%		15,909,366	
Wilsonville Urban Renewal Agency	2,985,913	100.00%		2,985,835	
Total Overlapping	2,766,599,457	8.99%		248,691,349	
Total Debt	\$ 2,773,567,190	9.22%	\$	255,659,082	

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

¹The percentage applicable to government is determined on the assessed value of the overlapping districts. The numerator is the City's assessed value and the denominator is the assessed value of the overlapping district.

Source: Oregon State Treasury, Debt Management Division

Revenue Bond Coverage

Sewer Fund

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Net Reven Availat	-						
Fiscal	Gross	Operating	for De	ot	Debt	t Serv	ice Requirem	ents ³		Coverage
Year	Revenues ¹	Expenses ²	Service		Principal		Interest		Total	Ratio
14-15	\$ 7,834,506	\$ 3,749,250	\$ 4,085	,256 \$	2,250,000	\$	1,333,321	\$	3,583,321	1.14
15-16	8,064,204	3,401,123	4,663	,081	2,310,000		1,272,521		3,582,521	1.30
16-17	8,306,491	3,933,277	4,373	,214	1,725,000		1,210,900		2,935,900	1.49
17-18	8,521,214	3,597,924	4,923	,290	1,780,000		1,157,529		2,937,529	1.68
18-19	8,966,331	3,968,634	4,997	,697	1,805,000		1,086,096		2,891,096	1.73
19-20	8,761,323	3,825,323	4,936	,000	1,925,000		1,013,451		2,938,451	1.68
20-21	8,308,445	4,341,953	3,966	,492	1,980,000		575,803		2,555,803	1.55
21-22	7,816,363	6,066,652	1,749	,711	2,274,800		289,339		2,564,139	0.68
22-23	7,961,529	7,073,023	888	,506	2,502,700		374,355		2,877,055	0.31
23-24	8,962,178	4,996,748	3,965	,430	2,528,780		348,999		2,877,779	1.38

¹ Gross revenues include all revenues from operations and interest. It excludes system development charges, bond proceeds, and taxes.

² Operating expenses include costs of operating and maintaining the sewer system.

It excludes depreciation, capital expenditures, debt service payments, and franchise fees.

³ Includes principal and interest of revenue bonds and note payable, excludes refunded bonds.

Note: There is no pledged revenue coverage requirement for the bonds outstanding as of April 2006.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Revenue Bond Coverage Water Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

Senior Lien Covenant	
1.10 Coverage Requirement	

Fiscal Year	F	Gross Revenues ¹	Operating Expenses ²	Net Revenues	Debt Service	Coverage Ratio
14-15	\$	7,837,271	\$ 4,203,953	\$ 3,633,318	\$ 1,109,170	3.28
15-16		8,622,562	3,976,168	4,646,394	1,087,170	4.27
16-17		8,458,119	4,531,308	3,926,811	1,068,521	3.67
17-18		9,997,498	4,379,292	5,618,206	1,068,831	5.26
18-19		10,625,174	4,535,847	6,089,327	1,067,616	5.70
19-20		9,598,542	4,703,971	4,894,571	1,057,538	4.63
20-21		10,895,958	5,471,175	5,424,783	-	N/A
21-22		10,641,376	6,978,655	3,662,721	-	N/A
22-23		14,073,116	8,076,241	5,996,875	-	N/A
23-24		16,714,079	6,834,058	9,880,021	-	N/A

¹ Gross revenues include all revenues from operations and interest. It excludes system development charges, bond proceeds, and taxes.

² Operating expenses include costs of operating and maintaining the water system.

It excludes depreciation, capital expenditures, debt service payments, and franchise fees.

³ System Development Charges are amounts used for debt and funding rate stabilization account.

⁴ Debt service reported on a cash basis.

⁵ There is no pledged revenue coverage requirement for Junior Lien Debt outstanding as of December 2007.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Revenue Bond Coverage (continued) Water Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Junior Lien	Covenant				
		1.	-						
System Development Charges ³ (SDCs)		Stabi Ac	late ilization count r (to) from	,	Net Revenues w/ SDC & abilization	Coverage Ratio		Debt Service ⁴	Combined Coverage (1.25 ratio) ⁵
\$	350,000	\$	-	\$	3,983,318	3.59	\$	769,785	-
	350,000		-		4,996,394	4.60		766,300	-
	350,000		-		4,276,811	4.00		771,853	-
	350,000		-		5,968,206	5.58		766,443	-
	350,000		-		6,439,327	6.03		765,166	-
	350,000		-		5,244,571	4.96		1,528,309	-
	350,000		-		5,774,783	N/A		-	-
	350,000		-		4,012,721	N/A		-	-
	350,000		-		6,346,875	N/A		-	-
	350,000		-		10,230,021	N/A		-	-

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Demographic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population ¹	Personal Income ² (in thousands)		<u>· </u>		Но	Median busehold ncome⁴	Median Age⁴	School Enrollment ⁵	*Unemployment Rate ⁶
14-15	22,870	\$	1,039,105	\$	47,275	\$	58,757	35.5	9,111	5.55%
15-16	23,740		1,145,718		50,097		60,672	31.9	9,531	4.76%
16-17	24,315		1,224,414		51,576		63 <i>,</i> 097	38.2	9,679	4.11%
17-18	25,250		1,306,956		52,118		67,694	36.3	9,802	3.82%
18-19	25,635		1,357,213		54,339		67,694	35.6	9,808	3.74%
19-20	26,724		1,448,121		57 <i>,</i> 903		69 <i>,</i> 043	37.7	9,757	5.53%
20-21	27,156		1,552,853		62,550		72,312	39.5	9,228	6.84%
21-22	27,414		1,701,925		68,356		72,541	37.1	9,039	3.95%
22-23	27,634		1,922,526		69 <i>,</i> 435		78,508	35.3	9,046	3.88%
23-24	27,910		2,093,052		74,992		83,210	38.3	9,019	3.98%

Sources:

¹ Center for Population Research and Census, PSU; www.pdx.edu/population-research/population-estimate-reports

² Estimation; Calculated, Population multiplied by Per Capita Personal Income.

³ Bureau of Economic Analysis; http://www.bea.gov; for Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, OR MSA

⁴ United States Census Bureau; https://data.census.gov/cedsci/

⁵ Total combined enrollment for West Linn/Wilsonville School District.

⁶ Bureau of Labor Statistics; http://data.bls.gov; for Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, OR MSA

*Portland Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Top Fifteen Water System Customers

by units of consumption as of June 30, 2024

	Percentage of
Account	Total
Туре	Consumption
Industrial	7.13%
Public	2.09%
Multifamily	2.04%
Multifamily	1.72%
Multifamily	1.69%
Multifamily	1.56%
Multifamily	1.53%
Industrial	1.35%
Multifamily	1.26%
Multifamily	1.16%
Industrial	1.12%
Industrial	1.08%
Multifamily	0.96%
Multifamily	0.95%
Multifamily	0.94%
	TypeIndustrialPublicMultifamilyMultifamilyMultifamilyMultifamilyMultifamilyIndustrialMultifamilyMultifamilyIndustrialIndustrialIndustrialIndustrialIndustrialMultifamilyMultifamilyMultifamilyMultifamilyMultifamilyMultifamilyMultifamilyMultifamilyMultifamilyMultifamily

Source: City Utility Database

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Principal Employers

Current year and nine years ago

		20	023-24		
Employer	Type of Business	Number of Employees	Percentage of total City employment*		
Siemens Mentor Graphics Corporation	CAD software systems	1,014	5.9%		
Coca Cola Bottling Company	Bottling & distribution center	613	3.6%		
Collins Aerospace	Aerospace technology	527	3.1%		
Sysco Food Services of Portland Inc.	Warehouse & distribution center	499	2.9%		
Columbia Distributing	Warehouse & distribution center	400	2.3%		
Costco Wholesale	Wholesale retail	329	1.9%		
TE Connectivity	Consumer electronics company	299	1.7%		
Twist Bioscience Corporation	Synthetic biology company	282	1.6%		
Fred Meyer	Grocer	247	1.4%		
Energy Storage Systems Inc.	Energy storage technology	247	1.4%		
		4,457	26.1%		

		2	2014-15			
Employer	Type of Business	Number of Employees	Percentage of total City employment**			
Siemens Mentor Graphics Corporation	CAD software systems	960	6.0%			
Stream International Inc	CAD software systems	881	5.5%			
Xerox Corporation	Copiers and printers	706	4.4%			
Collins Aerospace	Aerospace technology	516	3.2%			
Sysco Food Services of Portland Inc.	Warehouse & distribution center	502	3.2%			
TE Connectivity	Consumer electronics company	344	2.2%			
Southern Wine & Spirits	Beverage distribution	299	1.9%			
Coca Cola Bottling Company	Beverage distribution	286	1.8%			
Costco Wholesale	Wholesale retail	286	1.8%			
Flir Surveillance Inc.	Image equipment manufacturer	230	1.4%			
		5,010	31.5%			

* Total city employment for 2023-24 was 17,102

** Total city employment for 2014-15 was 15,895

Source: City Business License Database

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program

Last ten fiscal years

			Full-time	equivaler	Full-time equivalent employees based on adopted budget									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015				
Function/Program	-													
General Government														
Administration	6.58	5.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	5.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00				
Finance	10.70	10.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.31	9.31	9.20	9.40				
Information Systems ²	6.50	6.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	3.00	3.00				
Geographic Information Systems ³	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.50	1.50				
Legal	4.20	3.70	3.70	3.70	3.70	3.70	3.70	3.70	3.00	3.00				
Human Resources/Risk Management	4.35	4.35	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.35	3.35	2.85				
	32.33	30.55	28.80	28.80	28.80	27.30	28.11	26.86	25.05	24.75				
Community Development														
Administration	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	4.00	4.00	3.50	4.50	4.50				
Engineering	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.50	11.50	10.50	9.50	9.50	9.00				
Planning	7.60	7.60	7.60	7.60	7.60	8.60	7.60	7.60	7.60	7.60				
Building Inspections	6.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	5.60	5.60	5.60				
Stormwater/Natural Resources ³	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.00	3.00	2.00				
	29.90	31.90	31.90	31.90	31.90	32.90	30.90	29.20	30.20	28.70				
Public Works														
Administration	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50				
Buildings Maintenance	11.75	10.75	9.75	8.75	8.75	8.75	5.00	5.75	5.75	5.50				
Roads	4.20	4.60	4.60	3.85	3.85	4.05	3.80	4.05	4.05	4.05				
Water Distribution and Sales	5.53	5.53	5.53	5.53	5.53	5.38	5.38	5.67	5.38	4.88				
Wastewater Collection	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.13	2.13				
Industrial Pretreatment	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00				
Stormwater Maintenance	3.14	2.74	2.74	2.74	2.74	2.69	2.69	2.69	1.94	1.94				
	32.75	31.75	30.75	29.00	29.00	29.00	24.00	25.29	23.75	23.00				
Transportation														
SMART Transit	45.38	46.38	44.13	43.13	43.13	38.13	37.00	37.50	37.00	36.07				
Fleet	9.00	9.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.60	6.60	6.60	6.60				
	54.38	55.38	52.13	51.13	51.13	46.13	44.60	44.10	43.60	42.67				
Parks and Recreation														
General Services ¹	9.45	9.45	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.20	4.10	4.05				
Senior Programs ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.10	4.05				
Parks Maintenance	13.63	12.25	11.25	10.25	10.25	8.25	7.00	8.25	8.25	8.25				
	23.08	21.70	20.45	19.45	19.45	17.45	16.20	17.45	16.45	16.35				
Library	17.66	16.76	16.36	16.36	16.36	16.36	16.56	16.46	16.46	16.46				
	17.66	16.76	16.36	16.36	16.36	16.36	16.56	16.46	16.46	16.46				
Public Safety														
Code Enforcement	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Municipal Court	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.70	1.50				
	2.65	2.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.70	1.50				
Total Full-time equivalents	192.75	189.69	182.04	178.29	178.29	170.79	162.02	161.01	157.21	153.43				
•	_									-				

¹ In FY2016-17, Senior Programs was Community Services was combined into General Services. ² In FY2016-17, Information Systems and GIS were combined.

[°] In FY2017-18, Stormwater/Natural Resources was reallocated within Community Development.

Source: City's Adopted Budget for relevant year.

Operating Indicators by Function

Last ten fiscal years

		2024	 2023	 2022	 2021
Function/Program	_				
Governmental activities:					
General					
Total Employment		17,102	16,260	15,224	16,110
Reported Wages	\$	1,197,984,200	\$ 1,240,809,600	\$ 1,250,784,800	\$ 1,059,607,800
Transportation					
Ridership		197,606	184,314	156,771	110,066
Cost Per Passenger	\$	33.09	\$ 34.99	\$ 31.91	\$ 56.07
Culture and Recreation					
Library physical item circulation		340,078	313,670	297,128	226,957
Library e-book/downloadable circulation		75,650	61,468	52,544	51,291
Library volunteer hours		7,378	7,429	5,822	1,648
Library program attendance		18,117	17,087	6,207	2,250
Meals served on site for seniors		7,555	6,370	313	-
Home-delivered meals for seniors		17,232	16,493	21,167	21,544
Community Development					
Number of commercial permits		225	205	274	285
Value of commercial permits	\$	59,051,338	\$ 40,377,673	\$ 136,894,781	\$ 51,447,711
Number of residential permits		209	204	109	202
Value of residential permits	\$	36,843,534	\$ 53,711,993	\$ 19,754,997	\$ 39,300,087
Business-type activities:					
Water					
Annual Water Usage (Gallons)		1,150,659,620	1,087,523,932	1,101,383,624	1,061,852,572
Average Daily Water Usage (Gallons)		3,152,492	2,979,518	3,017,489	2,909,185
Source: Various City Departments					

Source: Various City Departments

Operating Indicators by Function (continued)

Last ten fiscal years

				Fisca	l Yea	r		
2020		2019		2018		2017	 2016	 2015
15,925		15,925		15,966		17,387	16,755	14,358
\$ 980,416,000	\$	1,005,373,800	\$	1,008,142,574	\$	1,110,516,400	\$ 927,719,494	\$ 904,800,000
241,673		309,950		290,910		304,976	343,793	362,891
\$ 27.89	\$	18.26	\$	18.76	\$	16.69	\$ 12.30	\$ 11.30
290,713		409,323		400,499		439,474	452,232	490,000
66,793		67,550		34,391		26,770	24,346	21,793
8,143		12,371		11,551			12,750	12,725
17,602		28,599		25,373			32,044	33,165
4,428		6,135		5,779		5,055	5,537	8,000
12,274		7,958		7,899		6,950	6,175	5,550
214		122		256		313	313	257
\$ 32,146,155	\$	34,015,136	\$	40,275,136	\$		\$ 26,994,232	\$ 10,451,251
113	-	180	-	260	-	334	181	343
\$ 22,416,188	\$	38,366,764	\$	45,432,937	\$	73,465,000	\$ 42,901,061	\$ 76,208,732
1,003,982,804		1,068,185,140		1,042,139,032	11,795 25,969 5,055 6,950 313 \$ 51,468,385 334		1,061,466,604	1,005,932,092
2,750,638		2,926,535		2,855,175			2,908,128	2,755,978

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Function/Program										
Governmental activities:										
General Government										
Acreage in city limits	5,042	5,037	4,956	4,946	4,946	5,046	5,046	4,858	4,755	4,746
Public Works										
Number of city maintained parks	19	19	18	18	16	15	12	12	12	13
Number of partially city maintained parks	1		2	2	4	-5	8			1
Park acreage	225	225	225	225	225	225	225	187	187	187
Open space acreage	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
Number of soccer fields	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of baseball fields	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Number of playgrounds	18	18	17	17	17	17	17	10	10	10
Miles of trails (in undeveloped areas of parks)	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Miles of paths (in developed areas of parks)	13	13	11	11	11	11	11	5	5	5
Number of bridges	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	8	8	8
Number of tennis courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of basketball courts	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5
Number of skate parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Number of dog exercise areas	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Number of water features	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of river docks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Standate										
Streets	00		96	0.0	05	02	70	70	70	70
Miles of streets	88	88	86	86	85	83	78	78	78	73
Signal lighted intersections	24	24	24	24	23	23	23	27	27	27
Freeway interchanges	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of bridges	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of foot bridges	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Business-type activities:										
Water										
Water storage capacity (millions of gallons)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Miles of public water lines	137	137	137	137	136	121	121	119	110	107
Number of reservoirs	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of wells	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Sewer										
Miles of public sanitary sewer lines	89	89	88	88	88	85	85	84	80	76
Number of lift stations	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8
Stormwater										
Miles of public stormwater lines	90	87	85	81	81	78	77	75	68	67
Public stomwater catchbasins	3,345	3,257	3,170	2,476	2,325	2,256	2,230	2,200	1,862	1,862
Public manholes	2,745	2,638	2,549	2,527	2,336	2,173	2,238	2,109	1,863	1,731
Number of detention ponds	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Streetlights										
Number of streetlights (estimate)	3,198	3,189	3,093	3,088	3,645	3,517	3,591	2,740	2,630	2,379
Number of streetlight poles	3,000	2,900	2,805	2,800	2,714	2,586	2,573	2,383	2,383	2,214
transer of streeting it poics	5,000	2,500	2,000	2,000	-,, 17	2,500	2,373	2,305	2,000	-,

Source: Various City Departments/Capital Assets

COMPLIANCE SECTION

• Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and the City Manager City of Wilsonville Wilsonville, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the City of Wilsonville, Oregon (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2024.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials no money was collected or received by elected officials.

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the council members and management of the City of Wilsonville, Oregon and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Ryan T. Pasquarella, Principal For REDW LLC Salem, Oregon December 23, 2024